



Tentative Specification
Preliminary Specification
Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: G104ACE SUFFIX: LH1

Customer:	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
Name / Title Note	
Please return 1 copy for you signature and comments.	ur confirmation with your

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
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### **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page	Description
Ver 0.0	03 Jan 2023	AII	Tentative Specification was first issued.



#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

G104ACE-LH1 is a 10.4" TFT Liquid Crystal Display IAV module with LED Backlight units and 30 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 800 x 600 SVGA mode and can display 16.7M/262k colors.

The PSWG is to establish a set of displays with standard mechanical dimensions and select electrical interface requirements for an industry standard 10.4" SVGA LCD panel and the LED driving device for Backlight is built in PCBA.

#### **1.2 FEATURE**

- Wide viewing angle
- High contrast ratio
- Fast response time
- SVGA (800 x 600 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS Interface with 1pixel/clock
- PSWG (Panel Standardization Working Group)
- Wide operating temperature.
- RoHS compliance

#### 1.3 APPLICATION

- -TFT LCD Monitor
- Factory Application
- Amusement

#### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	211.2 (H) x 158.4(V) (10.4" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	800 x R.G.B x 600	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.264(H) x 0.264(W)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical Stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M / 262K	color	-
Display Mode	Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating (2H), Anti-Glare	-	-
Module Power Consumption	(6)	W	Тур.



### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal(H)	242.5	243	243.5	mm	
	Vertical(V)	183.5	184	184.5	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	7.5	8	8.5	mm	
Bezel Area	Horizontal	213.9	214.2	214.5	mm	1
Bezei Alea	Vertical	161.3	161.6	161.9	mm	
Active Area	Horizontal		211.2		mm	
Active Area	Vertical		158.4		mm	
We	ight		TBC		g	

Note (1)Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

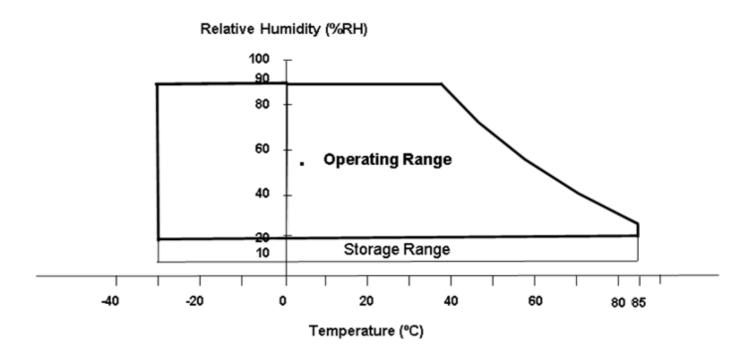
#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

ltom	Cumbal	Va	lue	Lloit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-30	+85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(4)(2)	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-30	+85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(1)(2)	

Note (1)

- (a) 90 %RH Max.
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) Panel surface temperature should be  $0^{\circ}$ C min. and  $65^{\circ}$ C max under Vcc=5.0V, fr =60Hz, typical LED string current,  $25^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature, and no humidity control . Any condition of ambient operating temperature ,the surface of active area should be keeping not higher than  $85^{\circ}$ C (Panel sureface temperature).





### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Cymbol	Value		Unit	Noto	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	5.5	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	3.6	V	(1)	

#### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Val	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Converter Voltage	Vi	-0.3	18	V	(1), (2)	
Enable Voltage	EN		5.5	V		
Backlight Adjust	Dimming		5.5	V		

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for LED (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



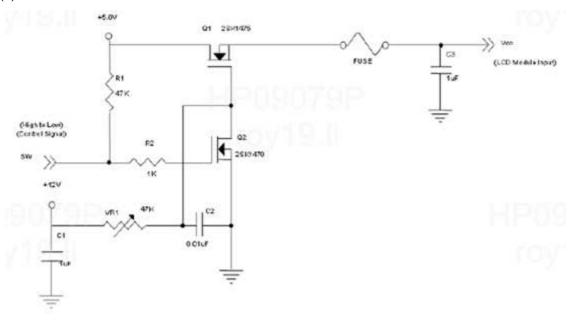
### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

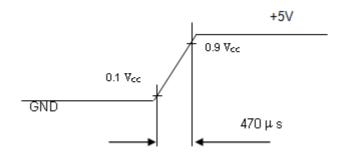
Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Power Supply Vo	ltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.5	5	5.5	V	-
Ripple Voltag	e	$V_{RP}$	1		(300)	mVp-p	
Inrush Currer	I <sub>INRUSH</sub>	-	-	(2.5)	Α	(2)	
Dawar Cumply Current	White	lcc	-	(120)	(135)	mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black		-	(115)	(130)	mA	(3)b
LVDS differential inpu	ıt voltage	$V_{id}$	200	-	600	mV	(5)
LVDS common input voltage		V <sub>ic</sub>	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	(5)
Differential Input Voltage for	"H" Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	-	100	mV	-
LVDS Receiver Threshold	"L" Level	$V_{IL}$	-100	-	-	mV	-
Terminating Res	istor	R <sub>T</sub>	-	100	-	Ohm	-

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:

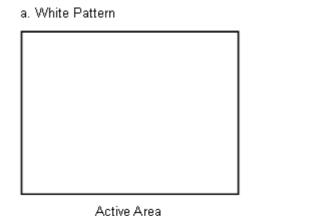


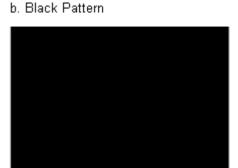
### VCC rising time is 470 $\mu\,\mathrm{s}$





Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at  $V_{DD}$  =5V, Ta = 25 ± 2  $^{\circ}$ C, DC Current and  $f_v$  = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

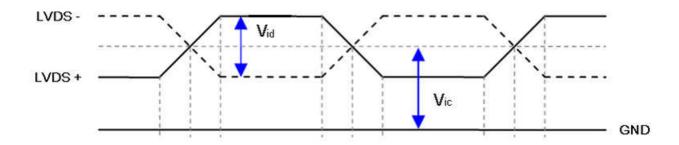




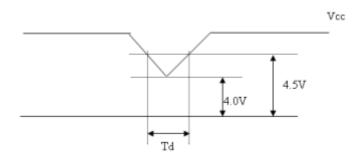
Active Area

Note (4) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.

Note (5) VID waveform condition



Note (6) Dip condition:  $4.0V \le Vcc \le 4.5V$ ,  $Td \le 20ms$ 

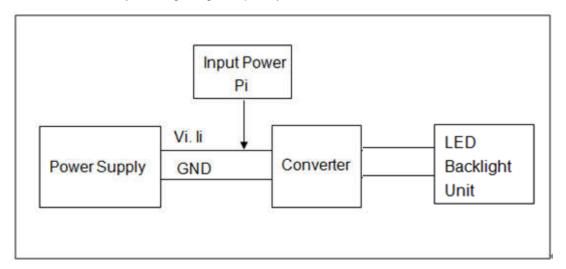




#### 3 2 BACKLIGHT LINIT

Parameter		Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
Parame	r arameter			Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Converter Inp	ut Voltage	V <sub>i</sub>	10.8	12.0	13.2	$V_{DC}$	(Duty 100%)
Converter Input F	Ripple Voltage	$V_{iRP}$	-	-	350	mV	
Converter Inp	ut Current	l <sub>i</sub>	-	(0.45)	(0.53)	A <sub>DC</sub>	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)
Converter Inru	I <sub>iRUSH</sub>	-	-	3.0	А	@ Vi rising time=20ms (Vi=12V)	
Input Power Co	Input Power Consumption			5.4		W	(1)
EN Control Level	Backlight on	ENLED	2.5	3.3	5.0	V	
EN Control Level	Backlight off	(BLON)	0	•	0.3	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	Dimming	2.5	-	5.0	V	
P VV IVI COI III OI Level	PWM Low Level	(E_PWM)	0	1	0.15	V	
PWN Noise	Range	VNoise	-	-	0.1	V	
PWM Control	Frequency	f <sub>PWM</sub>	190	200	20k	Hz	(2)
DIAMA Discouries of Co.	. ,			-	100	%	(2), @ 190Hz <f<sub>PWM&lt;1kHz</f<sub>
PWM Dimming Co	introi duty Ratio	-	20	-	100	%	(2), @ 1kHz≦f <sub>PWM</sub> <20kHz
LED Life	Time	L <sub>LED</sub>	50,000		-	Hrs	(3)

Note (1)LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



Note (2) At 190 ~1kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 5% to 100%.

1K ~20kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 20% to 100%.

If PWM control frequency is applied in the range from 1KHz to 20KHZ, The "non-linear" phenomenon

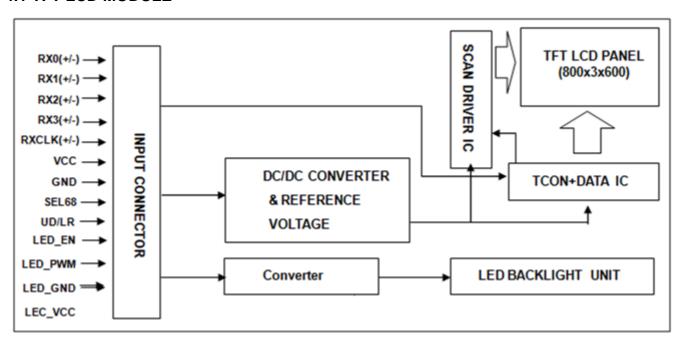
on the Backlight Unit may be found. So It's a **suggestion** that PWM control frequency should be **less** than **1KHz**.

Note (3) The lifetime of LED is estimated data and defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta =  $25 \pm 2$  °C and Duty 100% until the brightness becomes  $\leq 50\%$  of its original value. Operating LED at high temperature condition will reduce life time and lead to color shift.



### 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

### **4.1 TFT LCD MODULE**





#### 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

#### **5.1 TFT LCD MODULE**

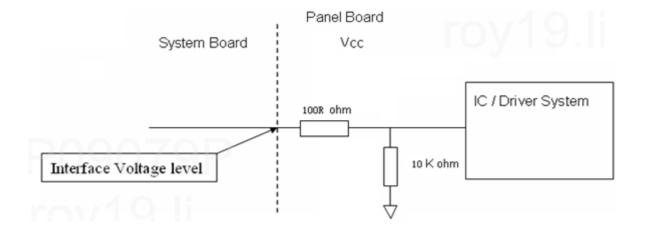
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Polarity	Note
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0	Negative	
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0	Positive	
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1	Negative	
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1	Positive	
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2	Negative	
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2	Positive	
7	GND	Ground		
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input.	Negative	
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input.	Positive	
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3	Negative	
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3	Positive	
12	GND	Ground		
13	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open		
14	LED_PWM	Backlight Adjust (PWM Dimming 190-210Hz,H: 3.3VDC, L: 0VDC)		
15	LED_EN	Enable pin 3.3V		
16	LED_GND	Converter ground		
17	LED_GND	Converter ground		
18	LED_GND	Converter ground		
19	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open		
20	LED_VCC	Converter input voltage 12V		
21	LED_VCC	Converter input voltage 12V		
22	LED_VCC	Converter input voltage 12V		
23	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open		
24	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open		
25	SEL68	LVDS 6/8 bit select function control, Low → 6 bit Input Mode. High → 8bit Input Mode		(3)(4)
26	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open		
27	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open		
28	UD/LR	Reverse Scan Control, Low → Normal Mode. High → Reverse Scan		(3)(4)
29	VCC	Power supply 5V		
30	VCC	Power supply 5V		

- Note (1) Connector Part No.: STM MSAK24025P30MB(Exterior silver) or I-PEX 20455-030E-76(Exterior gold) or equivalent.
- Note (2) User's connector Part No.: I-PE X20453-030T-03 or equivalent.
- Note (3) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V.
- Note (4)Interface optional pin has internal scheme as following diagram, Customer should keep the interface voltage level requirement which including panel board loading as below.



Note (5) Pin1 location is RXO0- to comply with mechanical characterics







#### **5.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												D		Sig	nal										
	Color				Re									een							Bl				
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2		G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
Į.	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Į.	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Į.	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Į.	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Ō	Ō	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	١.	:	:	:	l :	:	:	:	:		:	:	:
Of	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Į.	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	Ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō	Ō	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:		:
Scale	:	:			:				:		:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:			:		
Of	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Blue	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	Ö	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



### 6. INTERFACE TIMING

### **6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

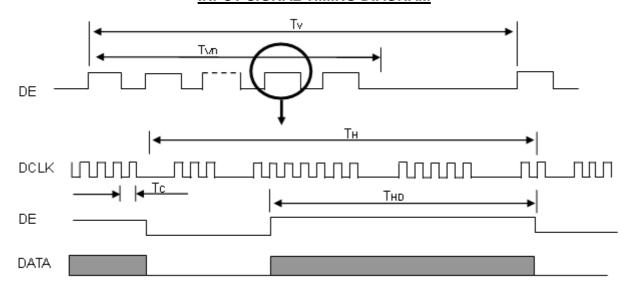
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	F <sub>r</sub>	(35)	40	(48)	MHz	-
	Period	T <sub>c</sub>	(20.8)	25	(28.6)	ns	
11/00 01: 1	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-	-	0.25	UI	(a)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	F <sub>clkin_mod</sub>	-1.5		1.5	%	(b)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F <sub>SSM</sub>	25	-	90	KHz	(b)
	Frame Rate	$F_{r}$	60	60	60	Hz	ı
Vertical Display	Total	T <sub>v</sub>	(610)	628	(790)	T <sub>h</sub>	$Tv=T_{vd}+T_{vb}$
Term	Active Display	$T_{vd}$	600	600	600	MHz ns UI % KHz Hz Th Th	-
	Blank	$T_{vb}$	$T_v$ - $T_{vd}$	28	$T_v$ - $T_{vd}$	T <sub>h</sub>	-
Hard and Blank	Total	T <sub>h</sub>	(960)	1056	(1060)	T <sub>c</sub>	$T_h = T_{hd} + T_{hb}$
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	$T_{hd}$	800	800	800	T <sub>c</sub>	-
101111	Blank	$T_{hb}$	$T_h\text{-}T_hd$	256	$T_h\text{-}T_hd$	T <sub>c</sub>	-

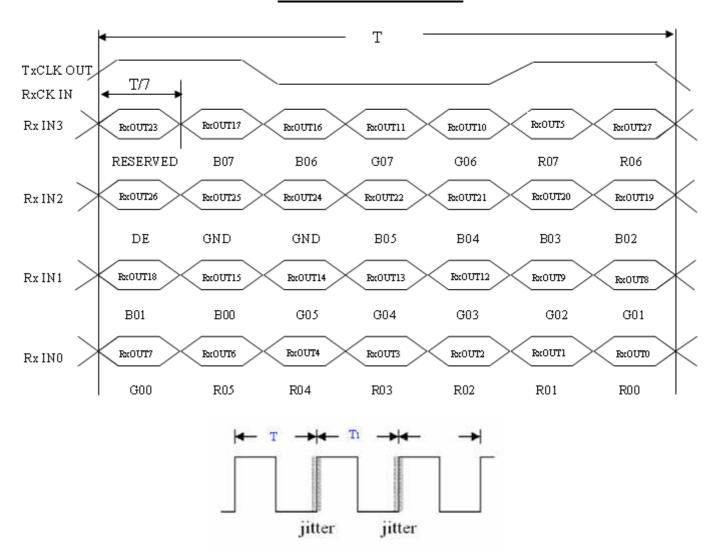
Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

Note (2) The Tv(Tvd+Tvb) must be integer, otherwise, the module would operate abnormally.

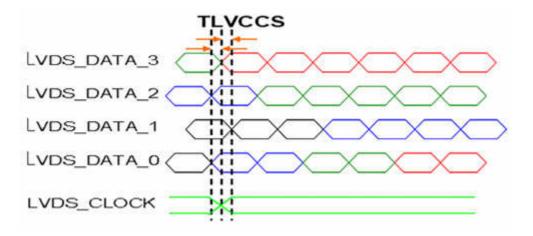
#### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**



### **TIMING DIAGRAM of LVDS**

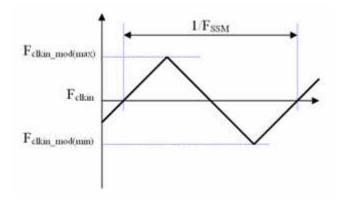


Note (a) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.



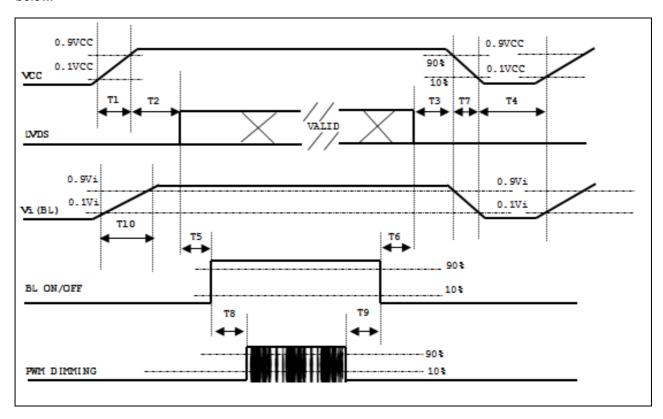


Note (b) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



### **6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE**

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.





Doromotor		Lloito				
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
T1	0.5	-	10	ms		
T2	0	-	50	ms		
Т3	0	-	50	ms		
T4	500	-	-	ms		
T5	450	-	-	ms		
T6	200	-	-	ms		
T7	10	-	100	ms		
Т8	10	-	-	ms		
Т9	10	-	-	ms		
T10	20	-	50	ms		

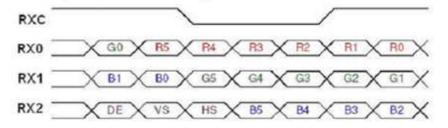
#### Note:

- (1)The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2)When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3)In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4)T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5)Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6)INX won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7)There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "T7 spec".

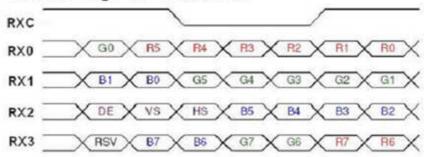


#### 6.3 The INPUT DATA FORMAT

### SEL 6/8="Low" for 6 Bits LVDS



### SEL 6/8="High" for 8 Bits LVDS



Note (1) R/G/B data 7: MSB, R/G/B data 0: LSB

Note (2) Please follow PSWG

Signal Name	Description	Remark
R7	Red Data 7 (MSB)	Red-pixel Data
R6	Red Data 6	Each red pixel's brightness data consists of these
R5	Red Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
R4	Red Data 4	
R3	Red Data 3	
R2	Red Data 2	
R1	Red Data 1	
R0	Red Data 0 (LSB)	
G7	Green Data 7 (MSB)	Green-pixel Data
G6	GreenData 6	Each green pixel's brightness data consists of these
G5	GreenData 5	8 bits pixel data.
G4	GreenData 4	
G3	GreenData 3	
G2	GreenData 2	
G1	GreenData 1	
G0	GreenData 0 (LSB)	
B7	Blue Data 7 (MSB)	Blue-pixel Data
B6	Blue Data 6	Each blue pixel's brightness data consists of these
B5	Blue Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
B4	Blue Data 4	
B3	Blue Data 3	
B2	Blue Data 2	
B1	Blue Data 1	
B0	Blue Data 0 (LSB)	
RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock Input	
RXCLKIN-	5	
DE	Display Enable	
VS	Vertical Sync	
HS	Horizontal Sync	



### **6.4 SCANNING DIRECTION**

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.

Fig.1 Normal Scan



Fig.2 Reverse Scan



PCBA on the Top side

PCBA on the Top side

- Fig. 1 Normal scan (pin 28, UD/LR = Low)
- Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 28, UD/LR = Hight)



### 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit					
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	оС					
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH					
Supply Voltage	According to typical value and tolerance in							
Input Signal	"ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"							
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%					

#### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown here and all items are measured at the center point of screen unless otherwise noted. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described above and stable conditions shown in Note (5).

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Red	Rx		(0.603)	(0.653)	(0.703)			
	Neu	Ry		(0.286)	(0.336)	(0.386)			
	Green	Gx		(0.272)	(0.322)	(0.372)			
Color	Green	Gy		(0.555)	(0.605)	(0.655)		(1) (5)	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	θX=0°, θY =0°	(0.102)	(0.152)	(0.202)	-	(1), (5)	
	blue	Ву	Grayscale Maximum	(0.000)	(0.050)	(0.100)			
	White	Wx		0.263	0.313	0.363			
	vviile	Wy		0.279	0.329	0.379			
Center Lumina	Center Luminance of White			320	400			(4), (5)	
Contrast	Ratio	CR		800	1000			(2), (5)	
Pospons	o Timo	TR	0V_0° 0V _0°	-	13	18	-	(2)	
Respons	e iiiie	TF	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	-	12	17	•	(3)	
White Va	riation	δW	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	72	80	ı	%	(5), (6)	
	Horizontal	θ <b>X</b> +		80	88	-			
Viewing Angle	Honzoniai	θΧ-	CR≧10	80	88	-	Dog	(1) (5)	
viewing Angle	Vertical	θΥ+	ON≦ IU	80	88	ı	Deg.	(1), (5)	
	vertical	θΥ-		80	88	-			

### Definition:

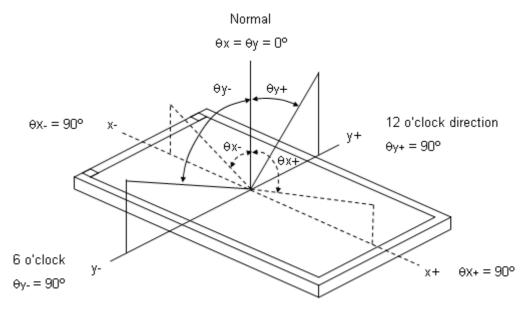
Grayscale Maximum : Grayscale 255 (10 bits: grayscale 1023 ; 8 bits : grayscale 255 ; 6 bits: grayscale 63)

White: Luminance of Grayscale Maximum (All R,G,B)

Black: Luminance of grayscale 0 (All R,G,B)



Note (1)Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ ,  $\theta y$ ):

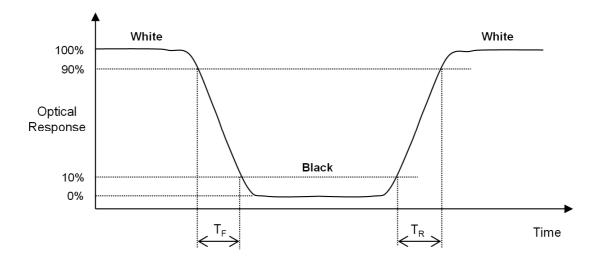


Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression at center point.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = White / Black

Note (3)Definition of Response Time  $(T_R, T_F)$ :



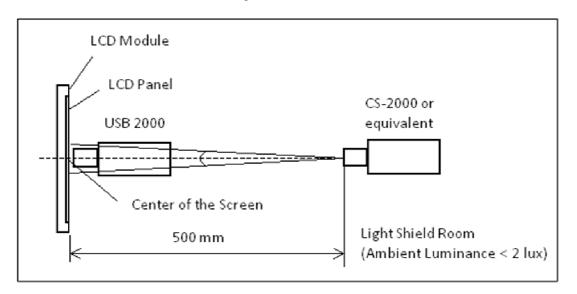


#### Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of White at center point.

#### Note (5) Measurement Setup:

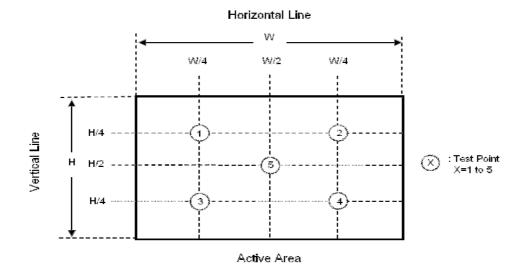
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room. The measurement placement of module should be in accordance with module drawing.



### Note (6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of White at 5 points.

Luminance of White: L(X), where X is from 1 to 5.





#### 8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

Test Item	Test Condition	Note				
High Temperature Storage Test	85℃, 240 hours					
Low Temperature Storage Test	-30°C, 240 hours					
Thermal Shock Storage Test	$-30^{\circ}$ C, 0.5 hour $\longleftrightarrow$ 70 $^{\circ}$ C, 0.5 hour; 100cycles, 1 hour/cycle)	(1) (2)				
High Temperature Operation Test	85℃, 240 hours	(1),(2) (4),(5)				
Low Temperature Operation Test	-30°ℂ , 240 hours					
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	60°ℂ, RH 90%, 240 hours					
·	150pF, 330 Ω , 1 sec/cycle					
ESD Test (Operation)	Condition 1 : panel contact, ±8 KV	(1), (4)				
	Condition 2 : panel non-contact ±15 KV					
Shock (Non-Operating)	50G, 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z direction					
Vibration (Non-Operating)	I.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz sine wave, 10 min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z direction					

- Note (1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test,
- Note (2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 85°C Max.
- Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note (4) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.
- Note (5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.



### 9. PACKAGE

### 9.1 PACKAGE SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 16pcs LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 435 (L) X 350 (W) X 275 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 9.2Kg (16 modules per box)

### 9.2 PACKAGE METHOD

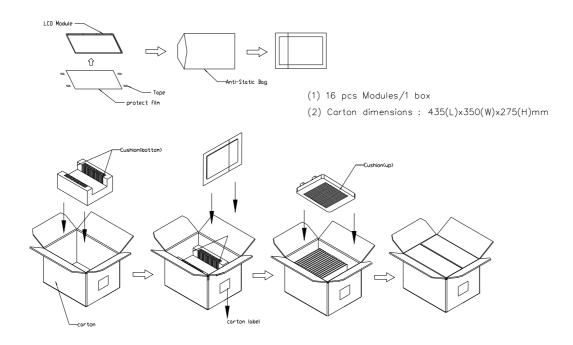


Figure. 9-1 Packing method



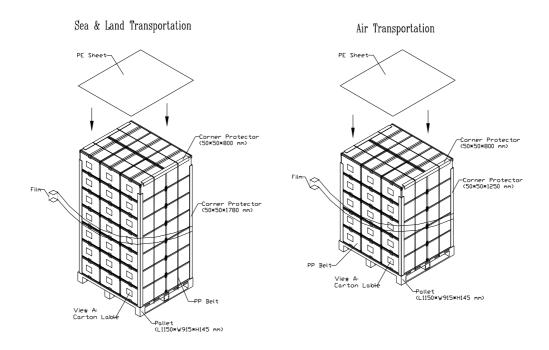


Figure. 9-2 Packing method

### 9.3 UN- PACKAGE METHOD

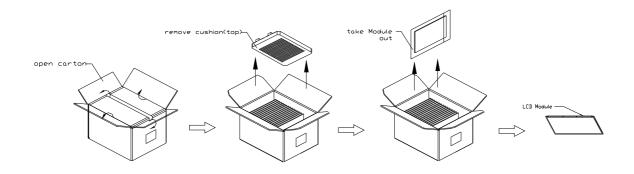


Figure. 9-3 UN-Packing method

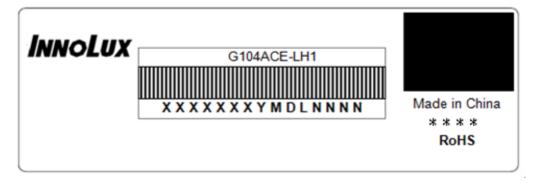


### 10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

#### **10.1 INX MODULE LABEL**

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.

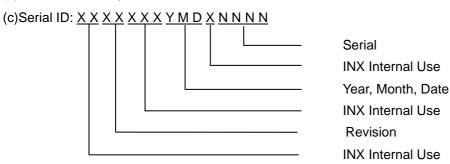




Note (1) Safety Compliance(UL logo) will open after C1 version.

(a)Model Name: G104ACE-LH1

(b)\* \* \* \* : Factory ID



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2021~2029

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

## INNOLUX 群創光電

### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 11. PRECAUTIONS

#### 11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

#### 11.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1)When storing for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.
  - (a) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 30°C at humidity 50+-10%RH.
  - (b) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
  - (c) It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
  - (d) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
  - (e)The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition
- (2) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (3)It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (4)It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

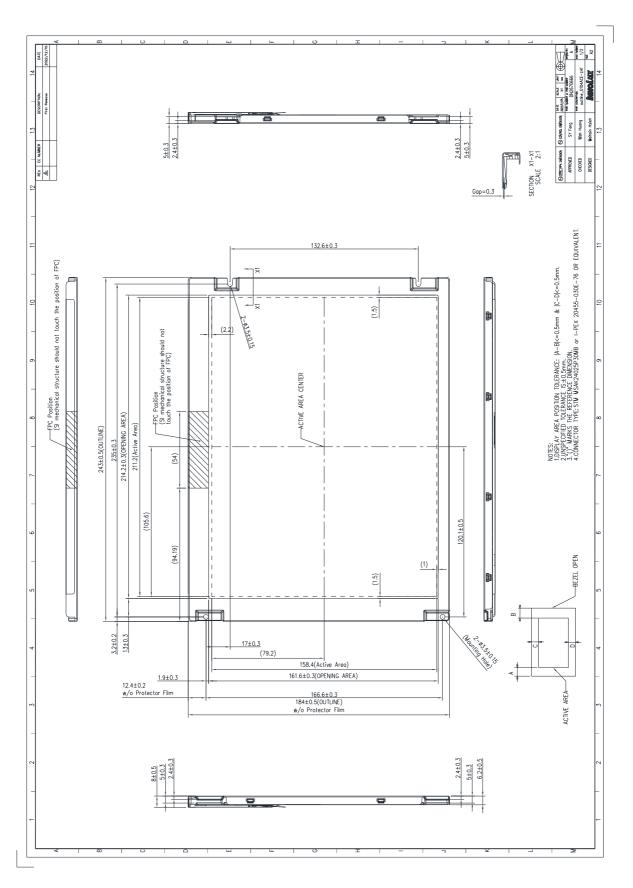


### 11.3 OTHER PRECAUTIONS

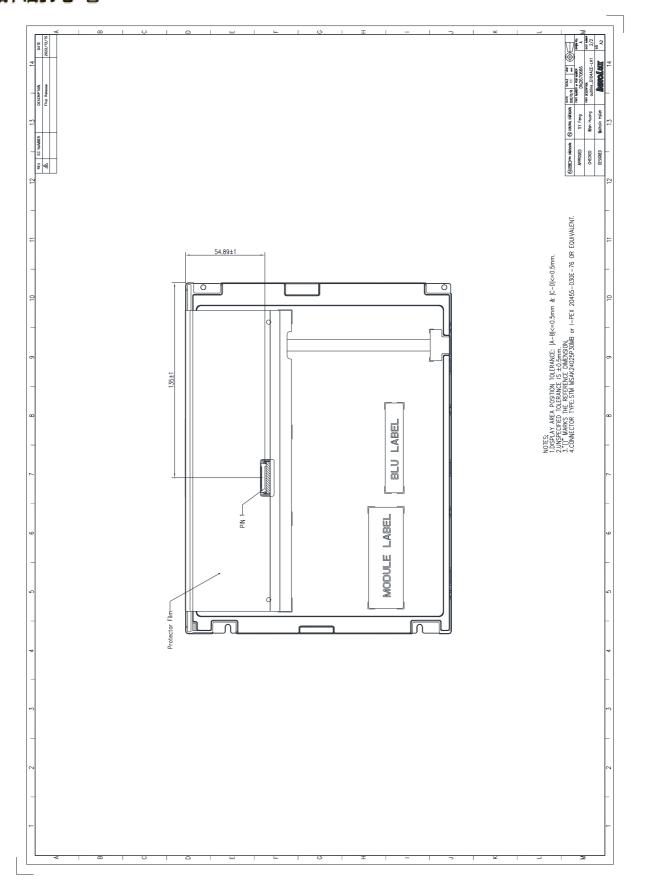
- (1) Normal operating condition
  - (a) Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)(Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- (2) Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
  - (a) Suitable operating time: under 16 hours a day.
  - (b) Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
  - (c)Cycling display between 5 minutes' information(static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- (3) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.



### 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS









### Appendix. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE

