

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NLB070WV01L-01

18cm (7.0 Type) WVGA LVDS interface



This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-1908(2).

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INTRODUCTION

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The **Standard:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products are free from any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and not related the safety of the public (Social Issues), like general electric devices.

Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

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Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NLB070WV01L-01 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing circuit, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

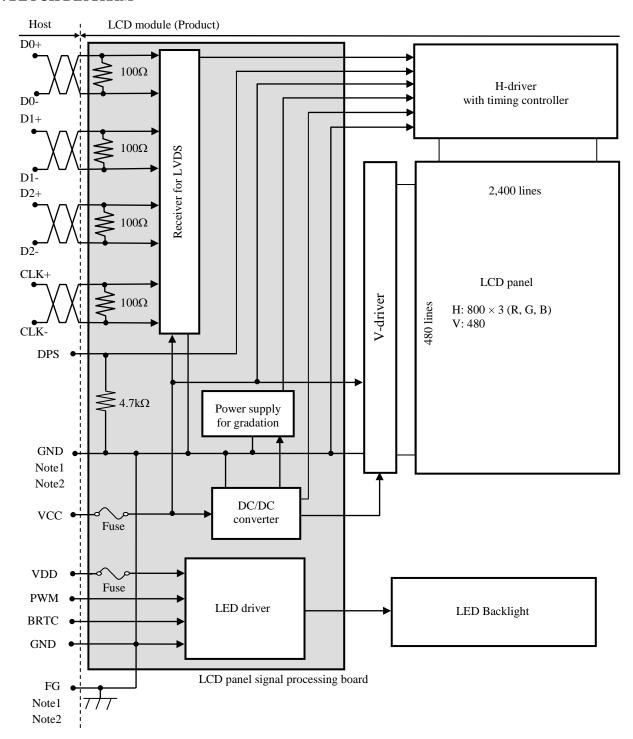
- High contrast
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- LED backlight
- Built in LED driver
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliant with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU)

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	152.4 (H) × 91.44 (V) mm						
Diagonal size of display	18cm (7.0 inches)						
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix						
Display color	262,144 colors						
Pixel	800 (H) × 480 (V) pixels						
Pixel arrangement	BGR (Blue dot, Green dot, Red dot) vertical stripe						
Dot pitch	$0.0635 \text{ (H)} \times 0.1905 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$						
Pixel pitch	0.1905 (H) × 0.1905 (V) mm						
Module size	170.0 (W) × 111.0 (H) × 8.25 (D) mm (typ.)						
Weight	160g (typ.)						
Contrast ratio	800:1 (typ.)						
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 70° (typ.), Left side 70° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 70° (typ.), Down side 70° (typ.)						
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular) 						
Polarizer surface	Clear						
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]						
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 60% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]						
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 18ms (typ.)						
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 300cd/m² (typ.)						
Signal system	LVDS interface (1port) (Receiver: SN65LVDS86A-Q1 (Texas Instruments Inc.) or equivalent) 6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)						
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V LED driver: 5.0 to 12.0V						
	LED backlight built in LED driver						
Backlight	Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: 70LHS201						



3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND- FG	Connected
---------	-----------

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.

4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit	
Module size	$170.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 111.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 8.25 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	152.4 (H) × 91.44 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	160 (typ.), 175 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks		
Power supply	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to 3.96	V			
voltage	LED o	driver	VDD	-0.3 to 17.5	V			
	Display No		VD	-0.5 to VCC+0.5	V	T. 250C		
Input voltage for	Function Not	-	VF	-0.5 to 4.6	V	Ta= 25°C		
signals	Experien signal	for LED driver	PWM	-0.3 to 17.5	V			
	Function signal	IOI LED driver	BRTC	-0.5 to 17.5	V			
:	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-		
Operating	comporaturo	Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note3		
Operating (emperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note4		
Relative humidity Note5			RH	≤ 90	%	Ta ≤ 40°C		
			КΠ	≤ 80	%	40°C < Ta ≤ 50°C		
	Absolute humidity Note5	АН	≤ 70	g/m ³	Ta > 50°C			

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/- and CLK+/-

Note2: DPS

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	160 Note1	250 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRPC	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 2.1 V
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance	Terminating resistance		-	100	-	Ω	-
In must an alternate from DDC minutely	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
Input voltage for DPS signal	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	-
Input current for DPS signal	High	IFH	1,000	-	-	μΑ	
	Low	IFL	-1,000	-	-	μΑ	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

4.3.2 LED driver

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	:	VDD	4.5	-	12.6	V	Note1
Power supply current		IDD	-	240	270 Note3	mA	at VDD= 5.0V Note4
	Note2	IDD	1	100	110 Note3	mA	at VDD= 12.0V Note4
Permissible ripple vo	Permissible ripple voltage		-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	2.0	-	VDD	V	
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	0	-	0.8	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	2.0	-	VDD	V	
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	0	-	0.8	V	-
PWM frequency		f_{PWM}	100	-	1k	Hz	Note5, Note6
PWM duty ratio		DR_{PWM}	1	-	100	%	Note7 Note9
PWM pulse width		tPWH	10	-	-	μs	Note7, Note8

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on. Put a capacitor between the power supply lines (VDD and GND) to reduce the noise if necessary.

Note3: These values exclude peak current such as overshoot current.

Note4: At the maximum luminance control

Note5: A recommended f_{PWM} value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

Note6: Depending on the frequency used, some noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.

Note7: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than 10µs. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.

Note8: Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following

table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VDD	5.0 to 12.0 V	≤ 200	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

4.3.4 Fuse

Donomoton		Fuse	Datin -	Essina summer	Dl	
Parameter	Type	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
NCC	ECC1C152AD	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	2.04		
VCC	FCC16152AB	CO.,LTD	36V	3.0A	Note 1	
VDD FCC1.(152.4)		KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	2.04	Note1	
VDD	FCC16152AB	CO.,LTD	36V	3.0A		

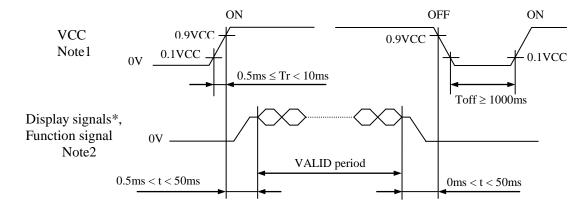
Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.





4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



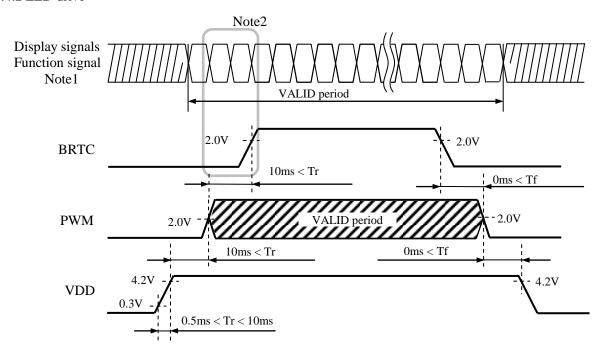
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, and CLK+/-) and function signal (DPS) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

4.4.2 LED drive



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks					
1	GND	Ground	Note1					
2	GND	Ground	110101					
3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High: Reverse scan Low or Open: Normal scan Note2					
4	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open					
5	GND	Ground	Note1					
6	CLK+	Pixel clock	Note3					
7	CLK-	1 IACI CIOCK	Notes					
8	GND	Ground	Note1					
9	D2+	Pixel data (B2-B5,DE)	Note3, Note4					
10	D2-	Tixel data (B2-B3,DE)						
11	GND	Ground	Note1					
12	D1+	Pixel data (G1-G5,B0-B1)	Note3, Note4					
13	D1-	Tixer data (G1-G3,B0-B1)	Notes, Note4					
14	GND	Ground	Note1					
15	D0+	Pixel data (R0-R5,G0)	Note3, Note4					
16	D0-	Fixel data (KU-KJ,GU)	Notes, Note4					
17	GND	Ground	Note1					
18	GND	Ground	INOIE1					
19	VCC	Downer summer	Note1					
20	VCC	Power supply	Note1					

Note1: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

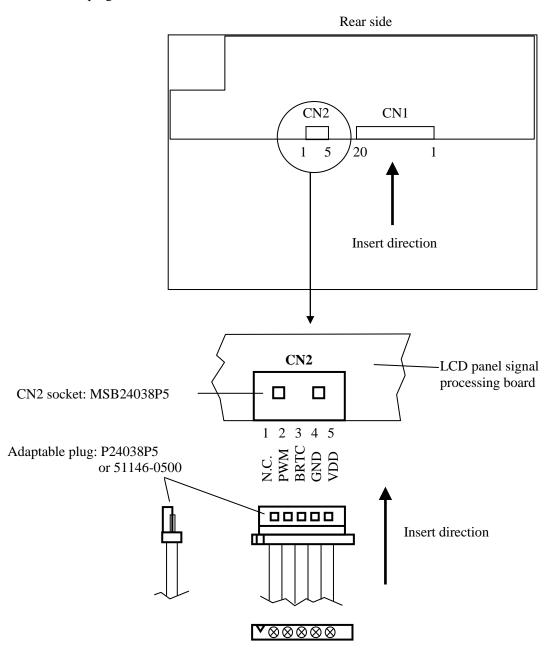
4.5.2 LED driver

CN2 socket (LCD module side): MSB24038P5 (STM)

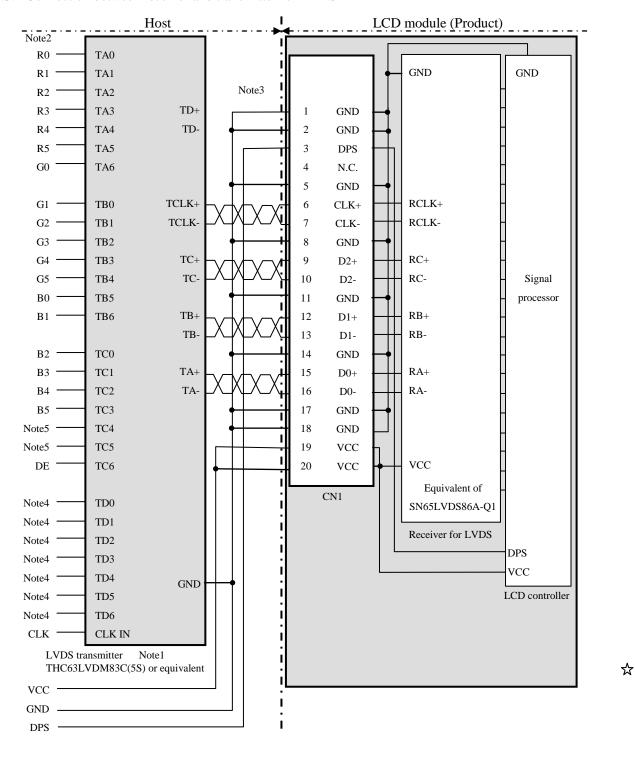
Adaptable plug: P24038P5 (STM) or 51146-0500 (Molex)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	N. C.	Non connection	Keep this pin Open.
2	PWM	Luminance control	PWM Dimming
3	BRTC	Back light ON/OFF control	High: ON / Low: OFF
4	GND	Ground	-
5	VDD	Power supply	-

4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS



Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

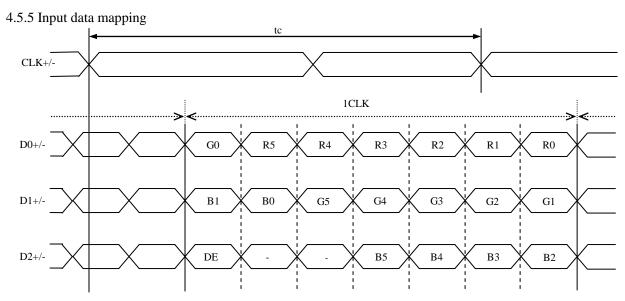
Note4: Input signals to TD0-6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.

Note5: Keep TC4 and TC5 High level.

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4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Dienl	lay colors						Data		al (0:	Low	level	, 1: H	igh le	vel)					
Dispi	lay colors	R 5	R4	R3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\mathbf{B}_{\hat{s}}$	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	↑			:	:						:						:		
Red gray scale	↓			:	:						:						:		
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
scs	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ŗray	<u> </u>				:														
Green gray scale	↓										•						•		
Jre6	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	<u> </u>				:						:						:		
e 6	\downarrow				:						:						:		
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0) B G R							☆
C(0, 0)	C(1, 0)	• • •	C(X, 0)	• • •	C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)	
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)		C(X, 1)		C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)	
	•			•	•		
		• • •	•				
	•	•	•	•	•	•	
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(X, Y)	• • •	C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)	
•		•	•	•	•	•	
		•	•	•	•	•	
C(0, 478)	C(1, 478)		C(X, 478)		C(798, 478)	C(799, 478)	
C(0, 479)	C(1, 479)	•••	C(X, 479)		C(798, 479)	C(799, 479)	

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.

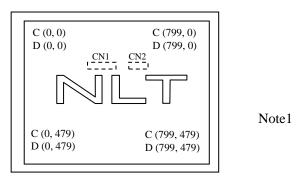


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

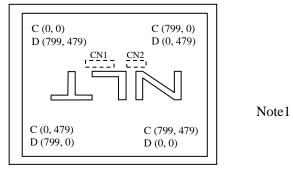


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

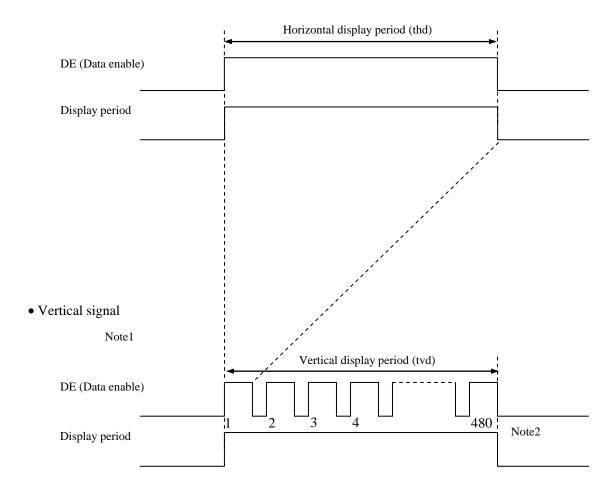
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks			
	Frequency		1/tc	28.0	32.256	36.0	MHz	31.002ns (typ.)		
CLK	Duty ratio		-				1			
	Rise tir	Rise time, Fall time		_			ns	-		
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-	-			ns			
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-				ns	-		
	Rise tir	ne, Fall time	-				ns			
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	28.44	31.746	36.57	μs	21.5kHz (tvp.)		
		Сусіе	ui	889	1,024	1,143	CLK	31.5kHz (typ.)		
		Display period	thd		800		CLK	-		
	Vertical (One frame)			Cvala	tv	14.931	16.667	19.19	ms	
DE				513	525	767	Н	60.0Hz (typ.)		
	(one name)	Display period	tvd	480			Н			
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-		•	•	ns			
		Hold time	-		-		ns	-		
Rise time, Fall time		me, Fall time	-				ns			

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

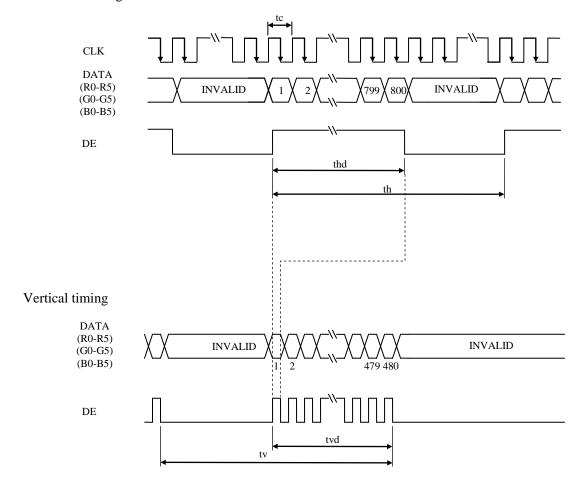
tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$	L	210	300	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$	CR	480	800	-	-	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uniformity		White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	willte	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		Note5
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.613	-	-	SR-3	
Chamamatiaity		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.347	-	-		
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.316	-	-		
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.609	-	-		
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.151	-	-		
Blue		y coordinate	By	-	0.087	-	-		
Color gamut		θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	С	55	60	1	%		
Response time		White to Black	Ton	-	3	5	ms	BM-5A	Note6
		Black to White	Toff	-	15	21	ms	-10000	Note7
Viewing angle	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	60	70	-	0		
	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θL	60	70	-	0	EZ	NI-4-0
	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	60	70	-	0	Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R=0^{\circ}, \theta L=0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θD	60	70	-	0		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

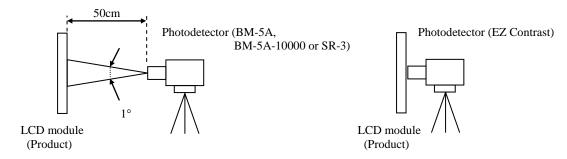
Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, VDD= 12.0V, PWM duty ratio: 100%,

Display mode: WVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/31.5kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/60.0Hz,

DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 25°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

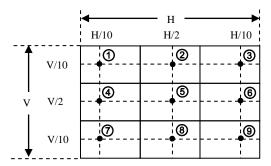
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

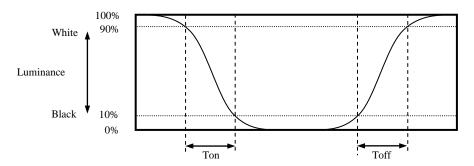
$$Luminance\ uniformity\ (LU) = \frac{Maximum\ luminance\ from\ \textcircled{1}\ to\ \textcircled{9}}{Minimum\ luminance\ from\ \textcircled{1}\ to\ \textcircled{9}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 9 points shown below.

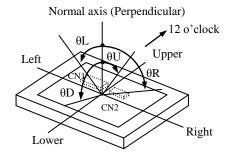


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white " to " black ", or " black " to " white " on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	30,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

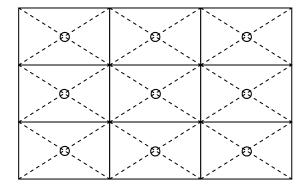
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment	Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours Display data is black. 		
High temperature (Operation)	 70 ± 3°C, 240hours Display data is black. 		
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 -20 ± 3°C30minutes 60 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions	
ESD (Operation)	Contact Discharge ① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval		
Vibration (Non operation)	 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z directions 120 times each directions 	No display malfunctions No physical damages	
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 539m/s², 11ms ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions 5 times each directions 	To physical damages	

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!**



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\phi16mm jig))

7.3 ATTENTIONS



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- 3 When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 4 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230 N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be \leq 2.0 mm.
- (§) The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ① Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the panel surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- 3 Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NLT.
- 4 The information of China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

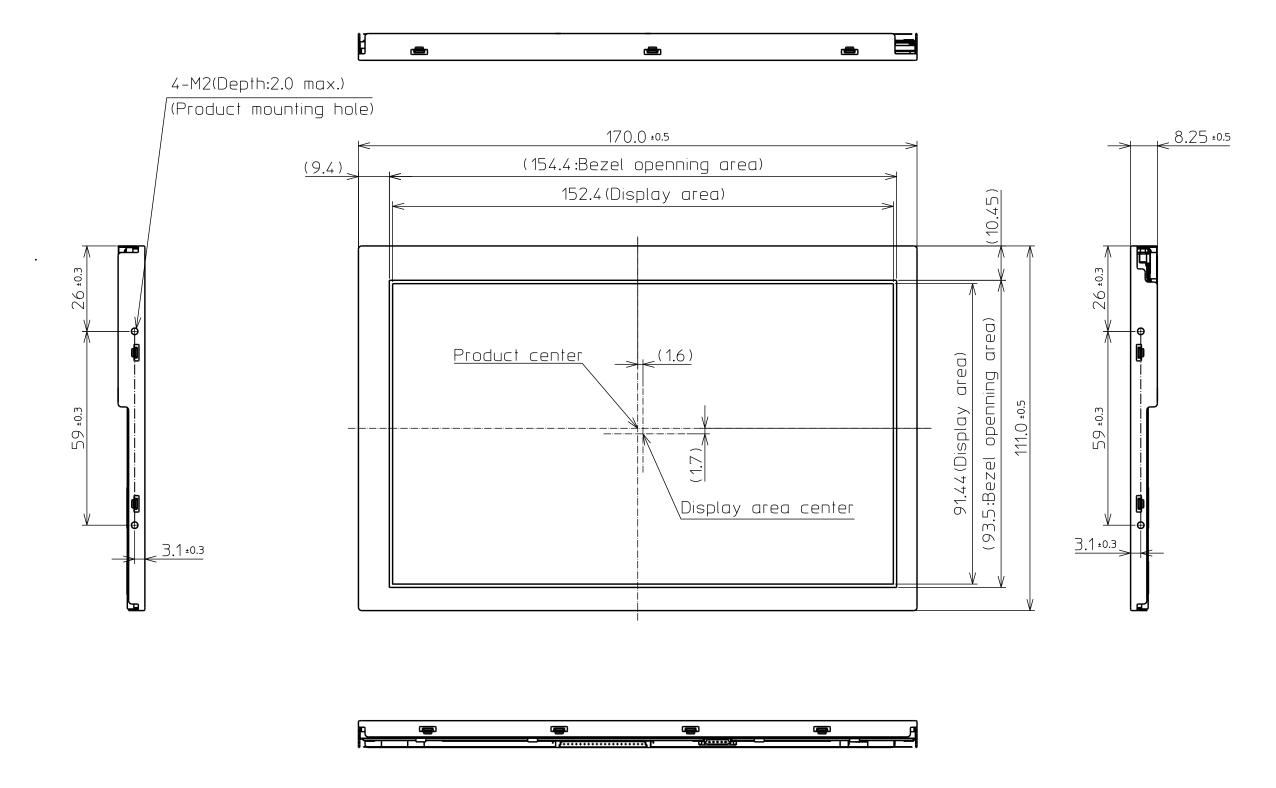
China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements								
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)			
×	0	0	0	0	0			

- Note1: (): This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.
 - X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

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8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



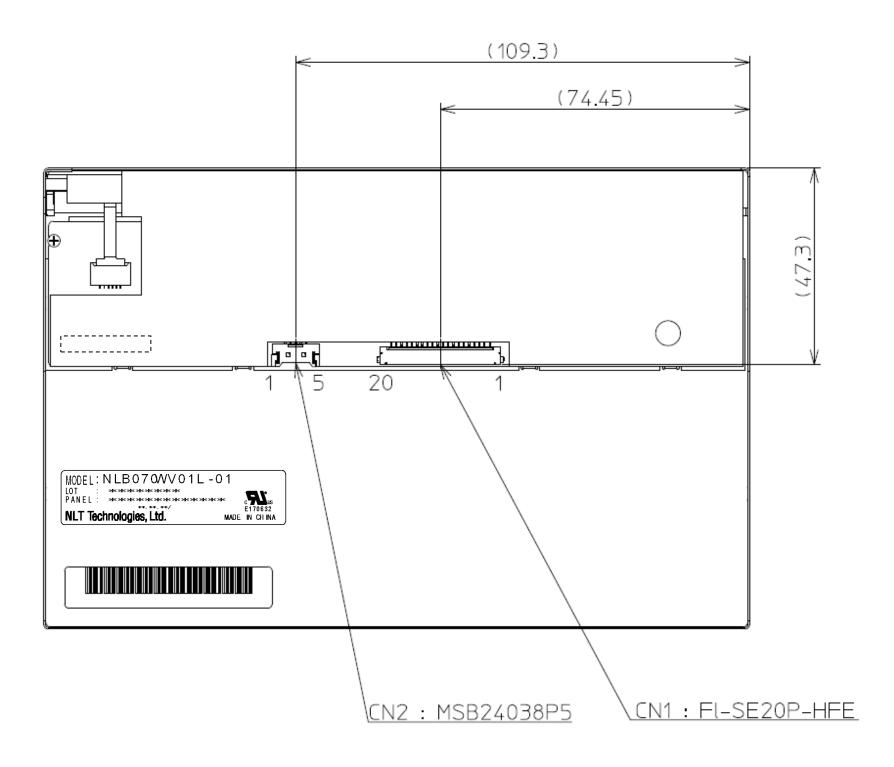
Unit: mm

Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230 N·m. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.0 mm.

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8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230 N·m. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.0 mm.

Unit: mm