

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL12880AC20-14D

31cm (12.1 Type) WXGA LVDS interface (1port)



DOD-PP-3076 (2nd edition)

This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-2486(1)

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INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

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Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.



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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL12880AC20-14D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

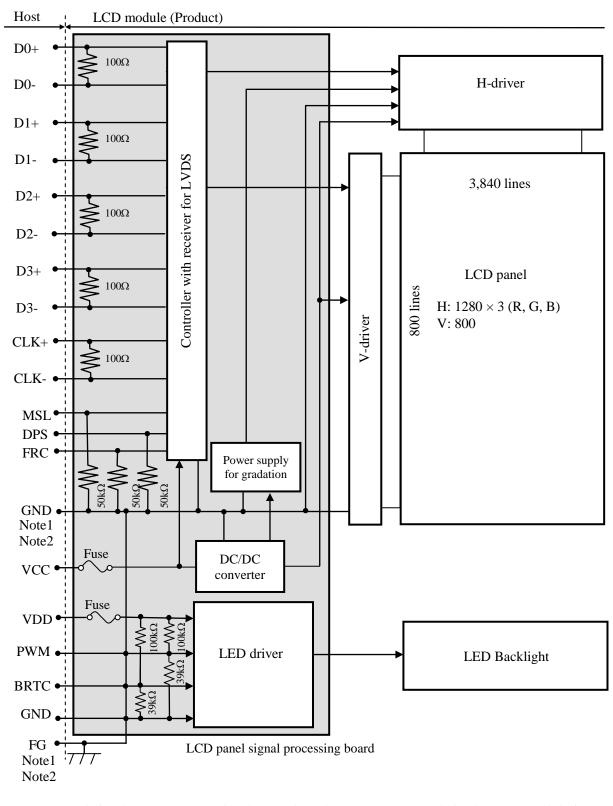
1.3 FEATURES

- High contrast
- ColorXcell technology (Color Enhancement)
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8-bit or 6-bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Narrow border
- Long life LED backlight built in LED driver
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliance with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU)

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	261.12 (H) × 163.2 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	31cm (12.1 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)
Pixel	1,280 (H) × 800 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	$0.068 (H) \times 0.204 (V) mm$
Pixel pitch	$0.204 (H) \times 0.204 (V) mm$
Module size	277.7 (W) × 180.6 (H) × 8.7 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	470g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	800:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	 At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ = 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%)$ 15ms (typ.)
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 450 cd/m ² (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS interface (1port)
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V LED driver: 12.0V
Backlight	LED backlight: (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: 121LHS204
Power consumption	At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern 5.6 W (typ.)

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relation between GND (Signal ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

	GND- FG	Connected	
Note2:	GND and FG must be connected to cur	stomer equipment's ground, and it is re	commended that
	these grounds to be connected together	in customer equipment.	

4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit	
Module size	$277.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 180.6 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 8.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	261.12 (H) × 163.2 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	470 (typ.), 500 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	
voltage	LED	lriver	VDD	-0.3 to +15.0	V	
	Display No		VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	T- 25°C
Input voltage	Function No		VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	v	Ta= 25°C
for signals	Ennetien einnele	fan LED driver	PWM	-0.3 to +5.5	V	
	Function signals for LED driver		BRTC	-0.3 to +VDD+0.1	V	
	Storage temperature			-30 to +80	°C	-
		Front surface	TopF	-30 to +80	°C	Note3
Operating	temperature	Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	°C	Note4
				≤ 95	%	$Ta \leq 40^{\circ}C$
				≤ 85	%	$40^{\circ}\mathrm{C} < \mathrm{Ta} \leq 50^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
	Relative humidity Note5		RH	≤ 55	%	$50^{\circ}C < Ta \le 60^{\circ}C$
				≤ 36	%	$60^{\circ}\mathrm{C} < \mathrm{Ta} \leq 70^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
				≤ 24	%	$70^{\circ}C < Ta \leq 80^{\circ}C$
	Absolute humidity Note5	AH	≤70 Note6	g/m ³	$Ta = 80^{\circ}C$	

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC, MSL

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 80° C and RH= 24%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

						($Ta=25^{\circ}C, Note1)$
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	400 Note2	820 Note3	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC Note4, Note5, Note6
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM=1.2V
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note4
Input differential voltage		VID	100	400	600	mV	
Differential input common voltage	Differential input common mode voltage		0	-	2.4	V	Note7,8
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for DPS	High	VFH1	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
signal	Low	VFL1	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
Input voltage for FRC	High	VFH2	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
signal	Low	VFL2	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CMOS level
Input voltage for MSL	High	VFH3	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
signal	Low	VFL3	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
Input current for DPS	High	IFH1	-	-	300	μA	
signal	Low	IFL1	-300	-	-	μA	
Input current for FRC	High	IFH2	-	-	300	μΑ	
signal	Low	IFL2	-300	-	-	μΑ	-
Input current for MSL	High	IFH3	-	-	300	μA	
signal	Low	IFL3	-300	-	-	μA	

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: Checkered flag pattern [by IEC 61747-6]

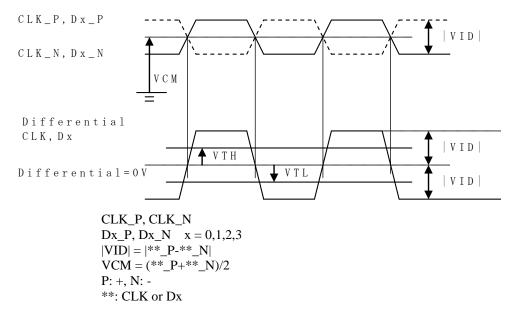
Note3: Pattern for maximum current

- Note4: This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.
- Note5: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

Note6: The load variation influence does not include.

Note7: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

Note8: DC characteristics (LVDS receiver part)



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 (T_{a}) 250C)

4.3.2 LED driver

							$(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	e	VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	Note1
Power supply current		IDD	-	355	450 Note2	mA	At the maximum luminance control
Permissible ripple vo	ltage	VRPD	-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD Note3 Note4, Note5
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	2.0	-	5.3	V	
PWM signal	Low	VDFL1	-	-	0.8	V	
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	2.0	-	VDD	V	
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	-	-	0.8	V	Nata
Input current for	High	IDFH1	-	-	300	μΑ	Note6
PWM signal	Low	IDFL1	-300	-	-	μΑ	
Input current for	High	IDFH2	-	-	500	μΑ	
BRTC signal	Low	IDFL2	-500	-	-	μΑ	
PWM frequency		f _{PWM}	200	-	20k	Hz	Note7, Note8
PWM duty ratio		DR _{PWM}	1	-	100	%	N-4-0 N-4-10
PWM pulse width		tPWH	5	-	-	μs	Note9, Note10

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note3: This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.

- Note4: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.
- Note5: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on.

Note6: See "3. BLOCK DIAGRAM".

Note7: A recommended f_{PWM} value is as follows.

$$f_{_{PWM}} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

- Note8: Depending on the frequency used, some noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.
- Note9: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than minimum value. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.
- Note10:Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.

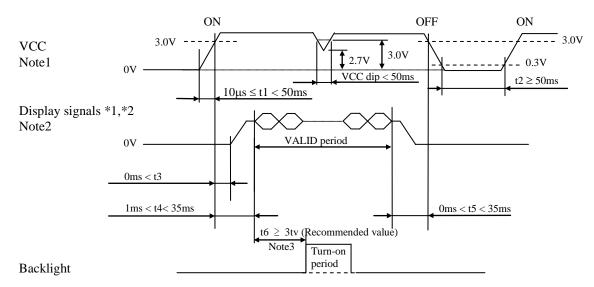
4.3.3	8 Fuse

	Fu	ise		р: <i>(</i>		
Parameter	Туре	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
VCC	VCC FCC16202AB	KAMAYA	2.0A	4.0A	Nota1	
VLL		ELECTRIC Co., Ltd	36.0V	4.0A		
VDD	DD FCC16152AB KAMAYA		1.5A	3.0A	Note1	
VDD	FCC10132AD	ELECTRIC Co., Ltd	36.0V	5.0A		

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



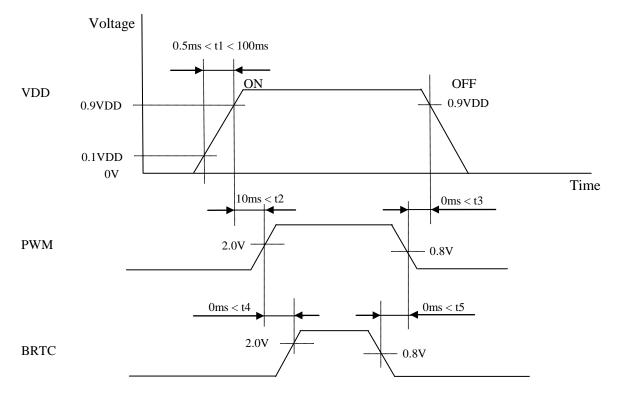
- *1 D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-
- *2 These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.
- Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.
- Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage. If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the

even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

Note3: In order to avoid unstable data display, the backlight is recommended to turn on within the VALID period of display and function signals. Recommended value: t6 ≥ 3tv

(tv is vertical cycle (Please refer to 4.9.2 Timing characteristics))

4.4.2 LED driver



Note1: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)) Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

110	աթա	ible plug:	•	· 1	in Aviation Electroni	es maastry Linnee	(JIL))	
Pin No. Symbol		Symbol	Signal	Input data s	signal: 8-bit	Input data signal:	Remarks	
1 111	110.	Symbol	Signal	MAP A MAP B		6-bit	Remarka	
1	А	D3+	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1 R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7		-	Note1 Note2	
	В	GND	Ground		-	Ground	Note3	
2	А	D3-	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1 Note2	
	В	GND	Ground		Ground	Note3		
3	3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High : Low or Open :	Reverse scan Normal scan		Note4	
4	Ļ	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	gh	Low or Open	Note1 Note5	
5	5	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
6	5	CLK+	Pixel clock		Pixel clock		Note2	
7	,	CLK-	T INCI CIOCK		Therefore			
8	8 GND		Ground	Ground				
9)	D2+ Pixel data		B4-B7,DE B2-B5,DE		5 DE	Note2	
1	0	D2-	T INOT data					
1	1	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
1	2	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5	B0-B1	Note2	
1	3	D1-	T INOT dulu	00 07,02 00		,50 51	110102	
1	4	GND	Ground		Ground		Note3	
1	5	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7,G2	R0-R	5 G0	Note2	
1	6	D0-		N2-N7,02		110102		
1	7	GND	Ground	Ground				
1	8	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low or Open High Low or Open				
1	9	VCC	Power supply		Power supply		Note3	
2	0	VCC						

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note4: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

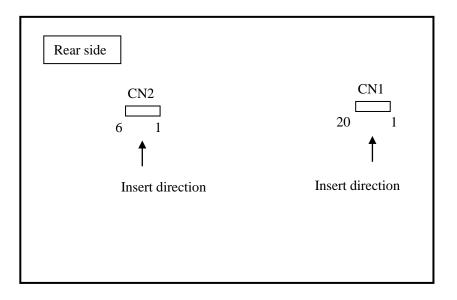
4.5.2 LED driver

CN2 socket (LCD module side): FI-S6P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)) Adaptable plug: FI-S6S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

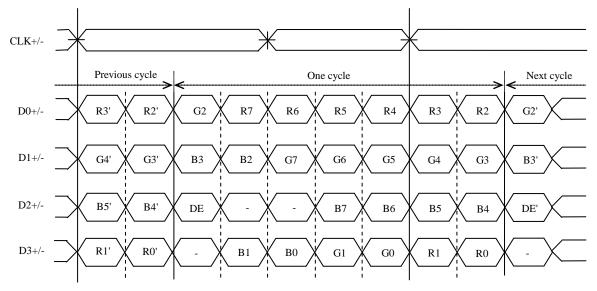
riauptaolo plag.		11000 (tupuilit)				
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remarks			
1	VDD	Power supply				
2	VDD	Power supply	Note1			
3	GND	Ground	Note1			
4	GND	Ground				
5	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF control	High or Open:Backlight ONLow:Backlight OFF			
6	PWM	Luminance control terminal by PWM Dimming	High or Open: 100% (Max. Luminance)			

Note1: All GND and VDD terminals must be connected to appropriate terminals.

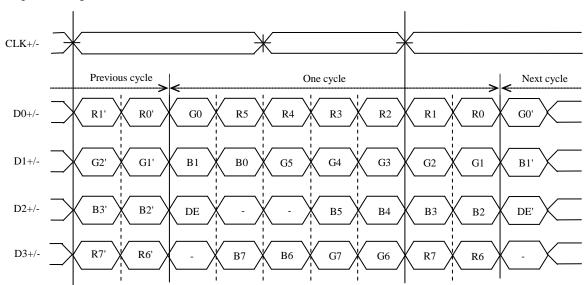
4.5.3 Position of socket



- 4.5.4 Input data mapping
- (1) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP A



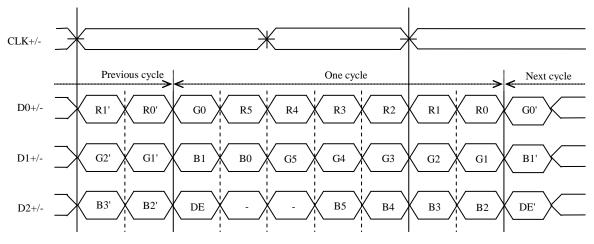
Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7
Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω(Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.



(2) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP B

Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7
 Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω(Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

(3) Input data signal: 6-bit



Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5
 Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω(Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors and 262,144 colors by combination of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input Data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8-bit	MAP A	D3+/-	High	Low or Open	16,777,216	Note1
2	8-bit	MAP B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6-bit	-	GND	Low or Open	Low or Open	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors".

Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors with 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②.(See "**4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

D: 1									Da	ta sig	gnal	(0: I	LOW	leve	el, 1:	Hig	h le	vel)							
Displ	ay colors	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R 1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic Colors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray													:												
Red gray scale	↓ 1:1-4	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	0
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e	Diavit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	\uparrow				:	:							:									:			
Green gray scale	\downarrow				:	:							:									:			
iree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	Ϋ́ Υ				:								:												
le g	↓ 	0	0	0		:	Δ	0	0	0	0	0	:	0	Δ	Δ	0	1	1	1	1	:	1	0	1
Blı	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	0 1
	Diue	U	U	U	U	U	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signal** ".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Dian	lay colors						Da	ta sigr	nal (0:	Low	level	, 1: H	igh le	vel)					
Dispi	lay colors	R 5	R4	R 3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G 5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 5	B 4	B 3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
asic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	↑ ↓			:															
Red gray scale	-	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	0	:	0	0
Re	bright	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	0 1	1 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	DIACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
cale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	tuark ↑	Ŭ	0			Ū	0	Ŭ	0	Ŭ		1	0	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ū,		0	Ŭ
Green gray scale	\downarrow																		
reer	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ū	U	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
a		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Blue gray scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ay s	\uparrow			:	:						:						:		
e gr	\downarrow			:							:						:		
Зlue	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
H		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

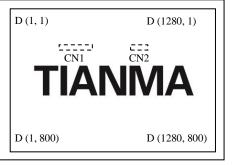
4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

D (1,	1)					
R G	В					
D(1, 1)	D(2, 1)	• • •	D(X, 1)	• • •	D (1279, 1)	D(1280, 1)
D(1, 2)	D (2, 2)	• • •	D (X, 2)	• • •	D (1279, 2)	D(1280, 2)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
D(1, Y)	D(2, Y)	• • •	D (X, Y)	• • •	D (1279, Y)	D(1280, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
D(1,799)	D (2, 799)	• • •	D (X, 799)	• • •	D (1279, 799)	D(1280, 799)
D(1,800)	D (2,800)	• • •	D (X, 800)	• • •	D (1279, 800)	D(1280, 800)

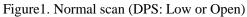
Note1: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.



Note1



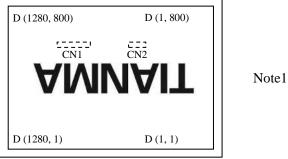


Figure2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

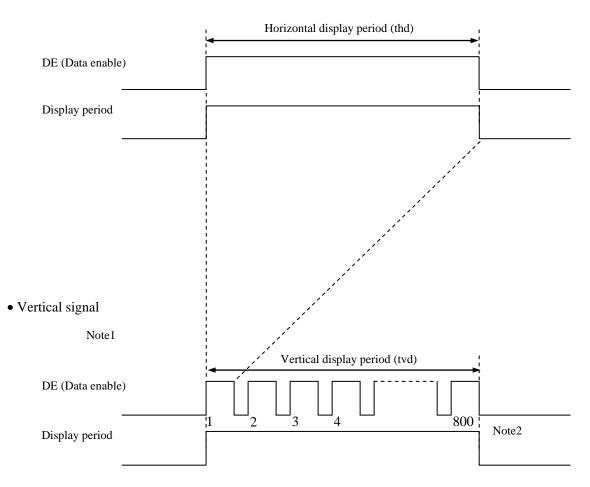
D (X, Y): Input data signals for LCD panel signal processing board

Note1: Meaning of D (X, Y)

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

- 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings
 - Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

.2 Thing	endraeteristics	,					(Note	e1, Note2, Note3)
	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
	Fre	1/tc	67.0	71.0	75.0	MHz	14.085 ns (typ.)	
CLK	Du	ty ratio	-				-	
	Rise tim	-		-		ns	-	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns	
	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-	-		ns	-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-		-		ns	
		Cycle	th	17.20	20.28	21.49	μs	49.306 kHz (typ.)
	Horizontal	Cycle	ui	1,290	1,440	-	CLK	49.500 KHZ (typ.)
		Display period	thd		1,280		CLK	-
	N7 (* 1	Cycle	tv	14.16	16.69	17.69	ms	59.91 Hz (typ.)
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	-	823	-	Н	59.91 Hz (typ.)
	(010 114110)	Display period	tvd		800		Н	-
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns	
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-] -			ns	-
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

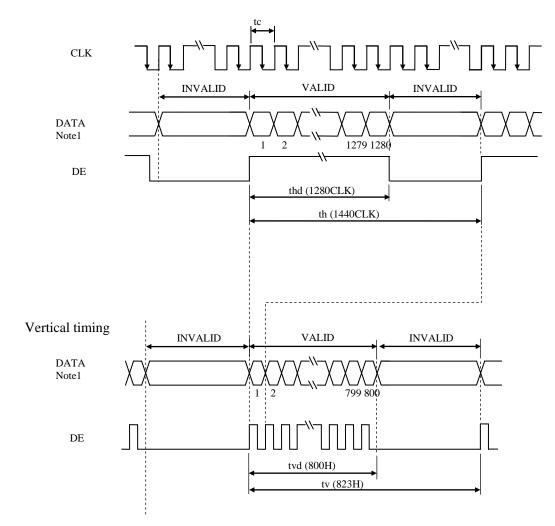
Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).



4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing

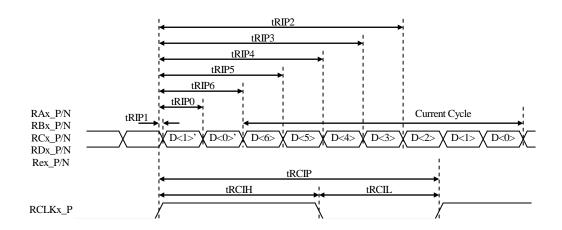


Note1: DATA = R0-R7, G0-G7, B0-B7 or R0-R5, G0-G5, B0-B5

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4.10 LVDS Rx AC SPEC

Symbol	Parameter	min.	typ.	max.	Units
t _{RCIP}	CKy_+ Period	13.34	-	14.92	ns
t _{RCIH}	CKy_+ High pulse width	-	$\frac{4}{7}t_{\text{RCIP}}$	-	ns
t _{RCIL}	CKy_+ Low pulse width	-	$\frac{3}{7}t_{\text{RCIP}}$	-	ns
t _{RMG}	Receiver Data Input Margin	-0.4	-	0.4	ns
t _{RIP1}	Input Data Position0	- t _{RMG}	0.0	$+ t_{RMG} $	ns
t _{RIP0}	Input Data Position 1	$\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7}$ - trmg	$rac{ ext{trcip}}{7}$	$\frac{\text{trcip}}{7}$ + trmg	ns
t _{RIP6}	Input Data Position2	$2\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7}$ - trmg	$2\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7}$	$2\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$ + t_{\rm RMG}	ns
t _{RIP5}	Input Data Position3	$3\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7}$ - trmg	$3\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$	$3\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$ + t_{\rm RMG}	ns
t _{RIP4}	Input Data Position4	$4\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7} - \mathrm{trmg} $	$4\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$	$4\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$ + t_{\rm RMG}	ns
t _{RIP3}	Input Data Position5	$5\frac{\mathrm{trcip}}{7}$ - $ \mathrm{trmg} $	$5\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$	$5\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$ + t_{\rm RMG}	ns
t _{RIP2}	Input Data Position6	$6\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$ - t_{\rm RMG}	$6\frac{\text{trcip}}{7}$	$6\frac{t_{\rm RCIP}}{7}$ + t_{\rm RMG}	ns



4.11 OPTICS

4.11.1 Optical characteristics

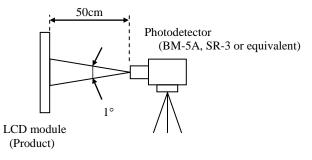
		racteristics						(Note1, N	Note2)
Paramete	er	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	L	300	450	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A or equivalent	-
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	CR	500	800	-	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	white	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	D 1	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.549	49			
C1 (* *	Red	y coordinate	Ry	-	0.340	-	-		
Chromaticity	C	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.330	-	-	SR-3 or	Note5
	Green	y coordinate	Gy	-	0.527	-	-	equivalent	notes
	ы	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.152	-	-		
	Blue	y coordinate	By	-	0.096	-	-		
Color gamut		$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	35	40	-	%		
D ()		White to Black	Ton	-	3	5	ms	BM-5A or	Note6
Response time		Black to White	Toff	-	12	16	ms	equivalent	Note7
	Right	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θR	70	80	-	0		
Viewing angle	Left	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θL	70	80	-	0	EZ	Note8
v lewing aligie	Up	$\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	noteo
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	70	80	-	0		

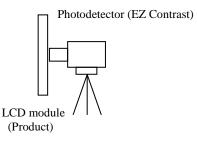
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, VDD= 12.0V, PWM duty ratio: 100%, Display mode: WXGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/49.306kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.91Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.





Note3: See "4.11.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

- Note4: See "4.11.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".
- Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.
- Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 31°C
- Note7: See "4.11.4 Definition of response times".
- Note8: See "4.11.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.11.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance of white screen Luminance of black screen

4.11.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

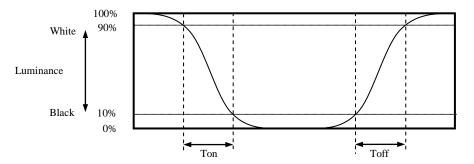
 $Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Maximum luminance from (1) to (5)}{Minimum luminance from (1) to (5)}$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

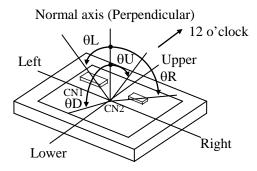
	213	640	1067
133	1		2
400		3	
667	4		5

4.11.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% up to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% down to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.11.5 Definition of viewing angles



5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Condition	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit
LED	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	100,000	h
elementary substance	80°C (Temperature of LCD panel surface and LCD module's rear shield surface) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	70,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

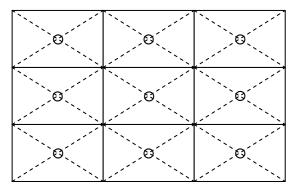
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours Display data is black. 	
High temperature (Operation)	 ③ 80 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is black. 	
Heat cycle (Operation)	 (1) -30 ± 3°C1hour 80 ± 3°C1hour (2) 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle (3) Display data is black. 	
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 2 100cycles, 1hour/cycle 3 Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions
ESD (Operation)	 ① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each place at 1 sec interval 	
Dust (Operation)	 Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) 15 seconds stir 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 	
Vibration (Non operation)	 ① 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z directions ④ 120 times each direction 	No display malfunctions
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 (1) 539m/s², 11ms (2) ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions (3) 5 times each direction 	- No physical damages

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read ''7.2 CAUTIONS'' and ''7.3 ATTENTIONS''!**



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.

This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\ophi16mm jig)\$)



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ③ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- (4) The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230N m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.5 mm.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑥ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface.
- ⑦ When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- (a) Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- ③ When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ① Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- (4) The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- ④ Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to TMJ.
- ⑤ The information of China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

	China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements										
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)						
×	0	0	0	0	0						

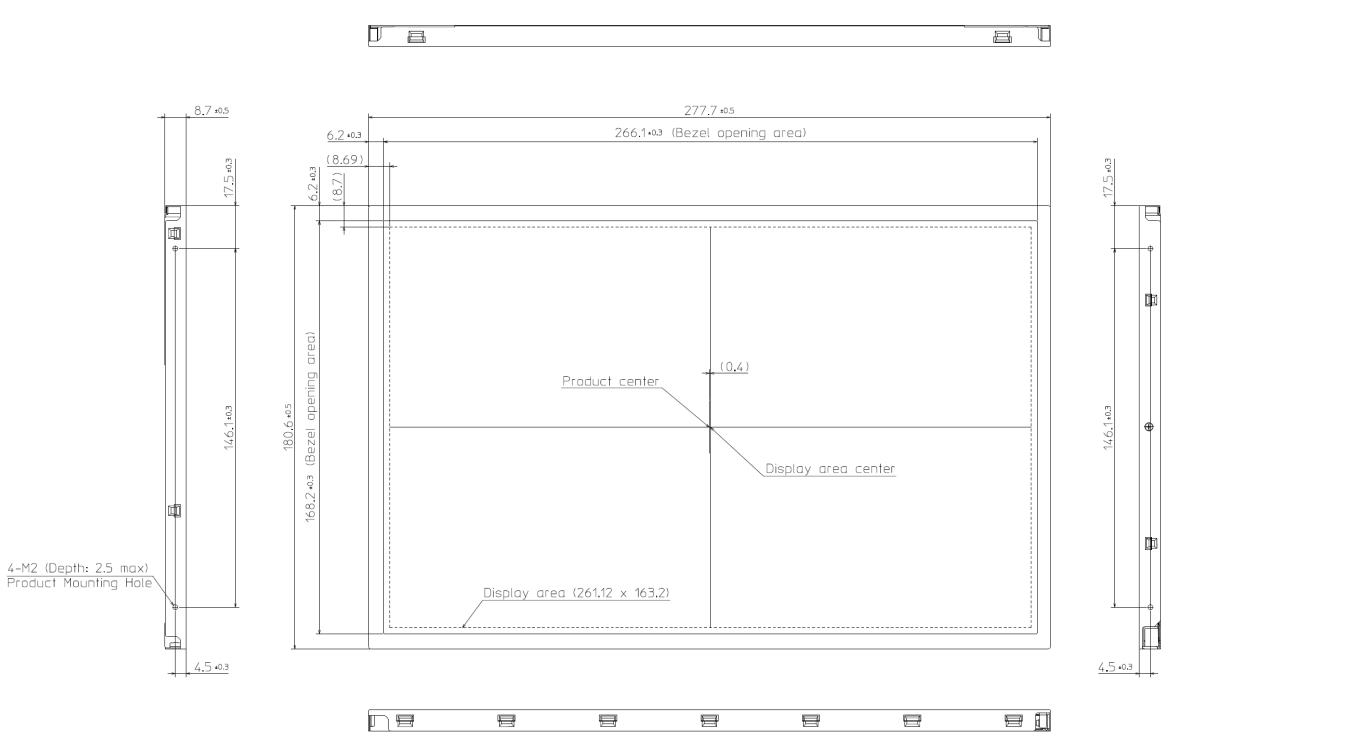
Note1: O: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.

 \times : This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.

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8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

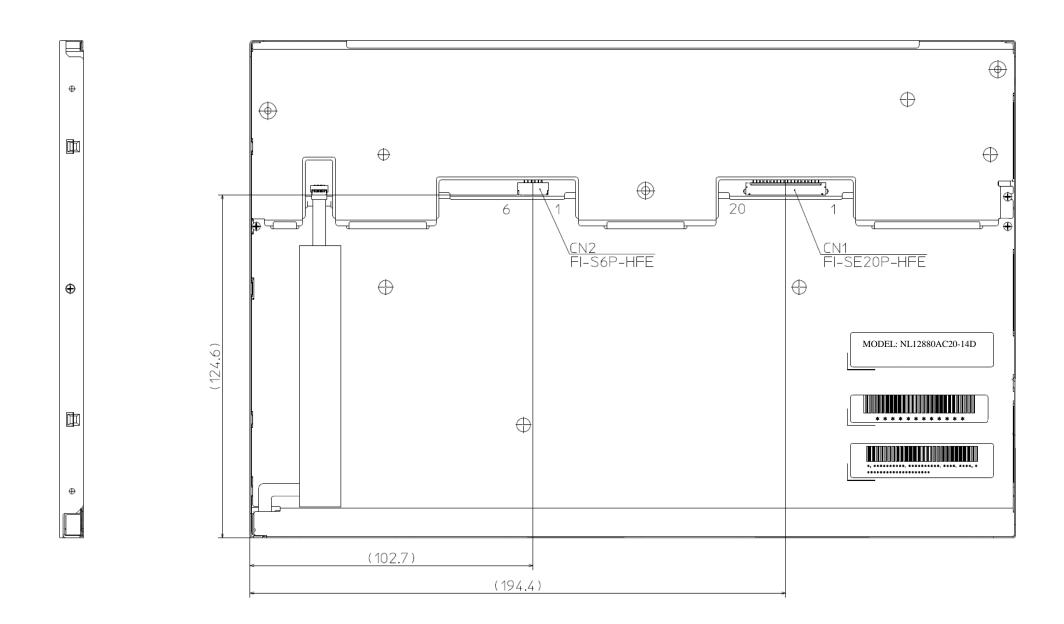
Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230 N·m. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.5 mm.



Unit: mm

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8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.



Unit: mm