

# Model Name: P430HVN01.3

Issue Date: 2019/03/15

(\*)Preliminary Specifications

( )Final Specifications

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# **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2019/03/05		First Released
0.1	2019/03/15	19	Update Connector Pin Assignment
		23,24	Update front view and back view drawing
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## 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 43 inch Color TFT-LCD Module P430HVN01.3. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920 x 1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42.5 inch. This module supports 1920 x 1080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

P430HVN01.3 has been designed to apply the 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle.

#### \* General Information

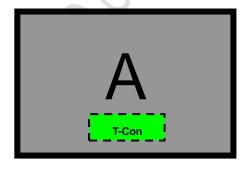
Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.5	inch	
Display Area	940.86(H) x 529.254(V)	mm	1/3
Outline Dimension	961.4 x 555.7x 22.7	mm	D: front bezel to T-con cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		·U,O,
Bezel Opening	961.4x555.7	mm	
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.49 (H) x 0.49 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%
Rotate Function	Unachievable		Note 1
Display Orientation Portrait/Landscape Enabled			Note 2

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate. This function does not work in this model.

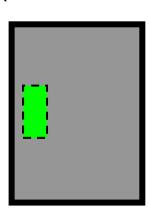
Note 2: Landscape Mode: The default placement is T-Con Side on the lower side and the image is shown upright via viewing from the front.

Portrait Mode: The default placement is that T-Con side has to be placed on the left side via viewing from the front.

## Landscape (Front view)



## **Portrait (Front view)**





# 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

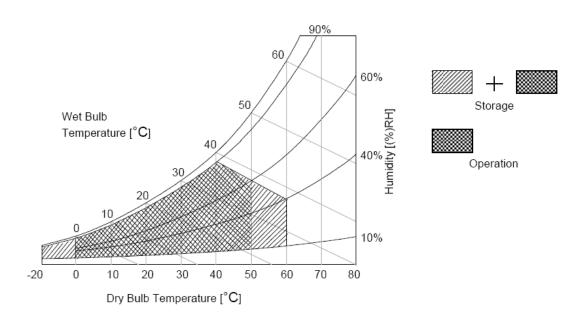
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	ТОР	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	НОР	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39 $^{\circ}$ C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of  $40^{\circ}$ C or less. At temperatures greater than  $40^{\circ}$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^{\circ}$ C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition

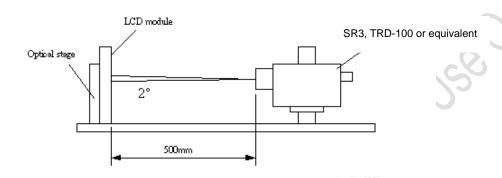




# 3. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 500 mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\varphi$  and  $\theta$  equal to  $0^\circ$ .

Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Dozo motor	Cranala al		Values		l lmit	Notes	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes	
Contrast Ratio	CR	3200	4000			1	
Surface Luminance (White)	L <sub>WH</sub>	360	450		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2	
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE(9P)</sub>	05		1.33		3	
Response Time (G to G)	Тү		8	16	ms	4	
Color Gamut	NTSC	•	72		%		
Color Coordinates	60.						
Red	R <sub>X</sub>		TBD				
	$R_Y$		TBD				
Green	G <sub>X</sub>	T 0.00	TBD				
3:10	$G_Y$		TBD	T 0.02			
Blue	B <sub>X</sub>	Тур0.03	TBD	Тур.+0.03			
c.9°	B <sub>Y</sub>		TBD				
White	W <sub>X</sub>		TBD				
	$W_{Y}$		TBD				
Viewing Angle						5	
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{\rm r}$		89		degree		
x axis, left(φ=180°)	$\theta_{l}$		89		degree		
y axis, up(φ=90°)	$\theta_{\text{u}}$		89		degree		
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{d}$		89		degree		

Note:



1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

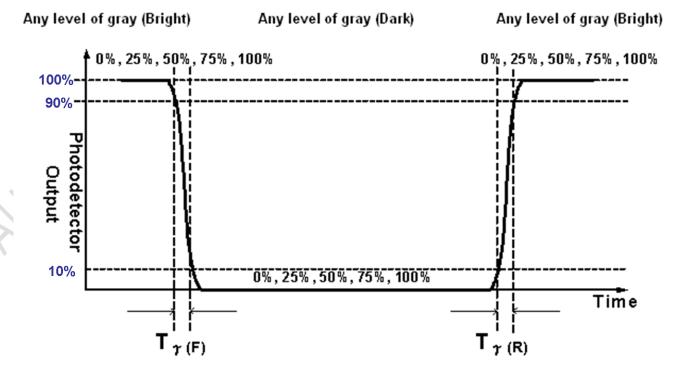
Contrast Ratio= 
$$\frac{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of L}_{\text{off5}}}$$

- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. LED current I<sub>F</sub> = typical value (without driver board), LED input VDDB =24V, I<sub>DDB</sub>. = Typical value (with driver board), L<sub>WH</sub>=Lon5 where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta\text{WHITE}$  is defined (center of Screen) as:
  - $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ..., L_{on9}) / Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, ... L_{on9})$
- 4. Response time  $T_Y$  is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on Frame rate = 60Hz to optimize.

Mea	asured	Target												
Respo	nse Time	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%								
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%								
	25%	<b>25%</b> 25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%								
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%								
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%								
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%									

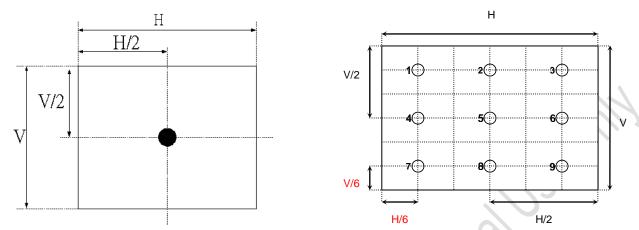
Ty is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated)

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".



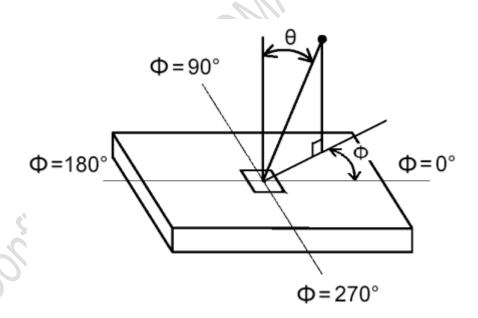


#### FIG. 2 Luminance



5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

## FIG.3 Viewing Angle





# 4. Interface Specification

### 4.1 Input power

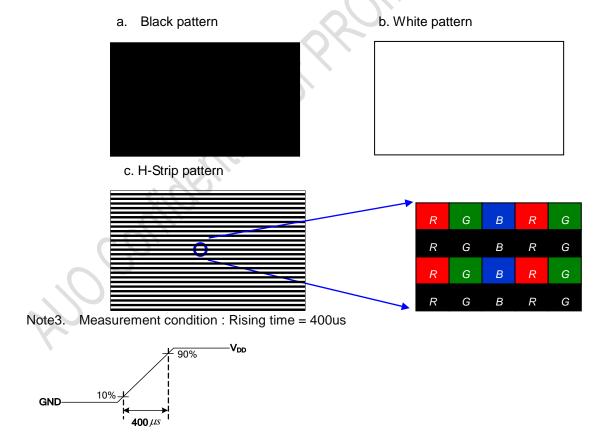
The P430HVN01.3 module requires power inputs which is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal.

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note	
Power Supply Input Voltage		$V_{DD}$	10.8	12	13.2	V	1	
Power Supply Input Current	Black pattern		-	0.42	0.5	А		
	White pattern	$I_{DD}$	-	0.42	0.5	A		
	H-strip pattern		-	0.65	0.78	А	2	
	Black pattern		-	5.04	6	Watt		
Power Consumption	White pattern	$P_{C}$	-	5.04	6	Watt		
	H-strip pattern		-	7.8	9.36	Watt		
Inrush Current		I <sub>RUSH</sub>		1-5	5	А	3	
LED lifetir	ne	LTLED	30000			hr	4	

Note1. The ripple voltage should be fewer than 5% of VDD.

#### Note2. Test Condition:

- (1)  $V_{DD}$  = 12.0V, (2) Fv = 60Hz, (3) Fclk= 74.25MHz, (4) Temperature = 25  $^{\circ}$ C
- (5) Power dissipation check pattern. (Only for power design)



Note4. The lifetime (MTTF) is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value. [Operating condition: Continuous operating at  $Ta = 25\pm2^{\circ}C$ , for single LED only]

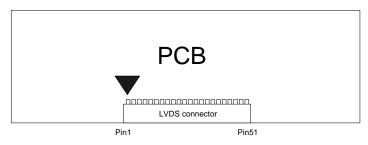


# **Input Connection**

■ LCD connector: 187059-5122 (P-two, LVDS connector) or compatible

PIN	Symbol	Description	Note	PIN	Symbol	Description	Note
1	N.C.	No connection	2	26	GND or N.C	Ground or No connection	7
2	N.C.	No connection	3,4	27	N.C.	No connection	2
3	N.C.	No connection	3,5	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-	
4	N.C.	No connection	3,4	29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+	
5	N.C.	No connection	2	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-	
6	N.C.	No connection		31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+	
		LVDS data format selection					
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	3,6	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-	
8	N.C.	No connection	2	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+	
9	N.C.	No connection	2	34	GND	Ground	
10	N.C.	No connection	2	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -	
11	GND	Ground		36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +	
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-		37	GND	Ground	
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+		38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-	
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	(	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+	
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+		40	N.C.	No connection	2
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	1	41	N.C.	No connection	2
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+		42	N.C.	No connection	
18	GND	Ground		43	N.C.	No connection	
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -		44	GND	Ground	
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +		45	GND	Ground	
21	GND	Ground		46	GND	Ground	
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-		47	N.C.	No connection	2
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+		48	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply Input Voltage	
24	N.C.	No connection	2	49	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply Input Voltage	
25	N.C.	No connection	2	50	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply Input Voltage	
				51	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply Input Voltage	

Note1. Pin number start from the left side as the following figure.





Note2. Please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

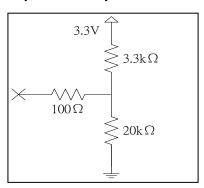
## Note3. Input control signal threshold voltage definition

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH	2.7	-	3.6	V
Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL	0	-	0.6	V

#### Note4. LVDS data format selection

LVDS_SEL	Mode
H or OPEN	NS
L	Jeida

## Input equivalent impedance of LVDE\_SEL pin

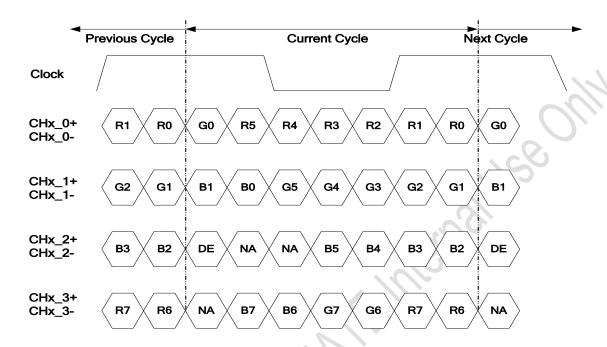




## 4.2 Input Data Format

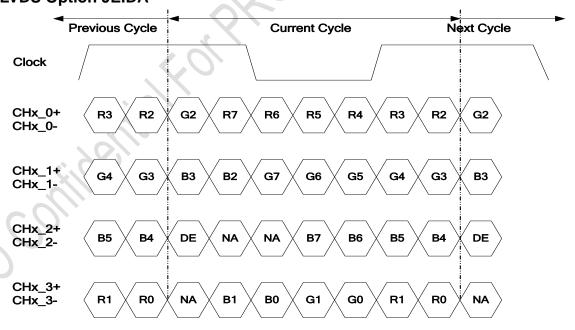
## 4.3.1 LVDS Data mapping

## ■ LVDS Option NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

## **■ LVDS Option JEIDA**



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...



# 4.3.2 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

## **COLOR DATA REFERENCE**

											I	npu	t Cc	olor	Data	ì									
	Color				RE	ΞD							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
	Ooloi	MSB					ı	LS	SB	MS	В		1	1	1	LS	В	MS	В		ı	ı	ı	LSB	
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R								N.	K	1															
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0 ٩	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																									
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



# 5. Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

## 5.1 Input Timing

### 5.1.1 Timing table

## **Timing Table (DE only Mode)**

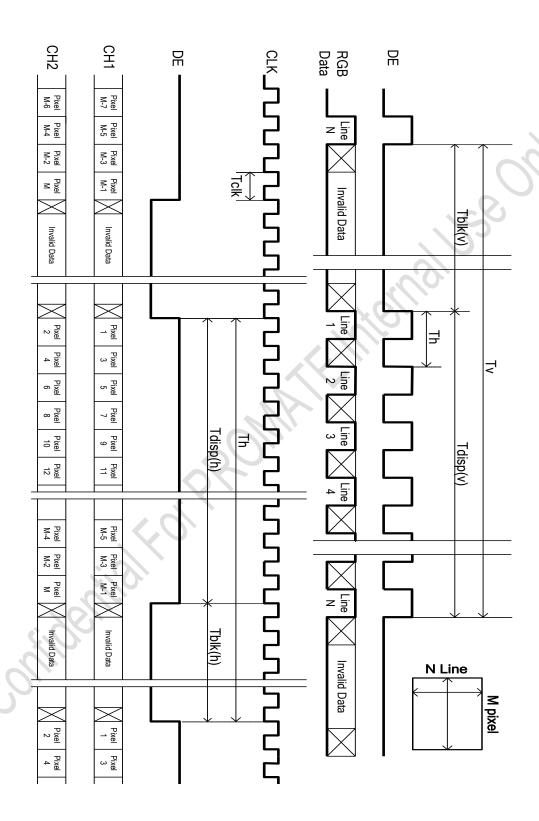
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Period	Tv	1100	1125	1480	Th
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080	(2)	
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	20	45	400	Th
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)	(	960		
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	53	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz

#### Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
  Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



# 5.1.2 Signal Timing Waveform



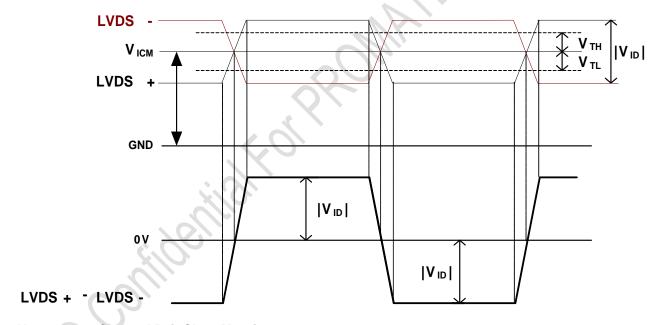


# 5.2 Input interface characteristics

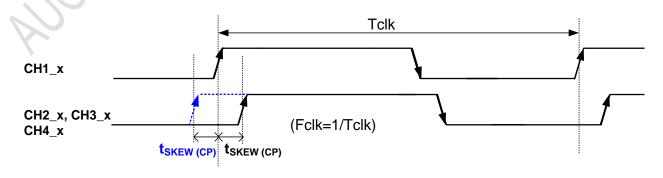
## 5.2.1 LVDS

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Falametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
	Input Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	400	600	$mV_{DC}$	1
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{TH}$	+100	-	+300	$mV_{DC}$	1
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TL</sub>	-300		-100	$mV_{DC}$	1
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	1.1	1.25	1.4	$V_{DC}$	1
LVDS	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	t <sub>SKEW (CP)</sub>	-500	-	+500	ps	2
Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum  Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	3
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30	a <sup>2</sup>	200	KHz	3
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5		0.4 0.5	ns	8

Note1. VICM = 1.25V

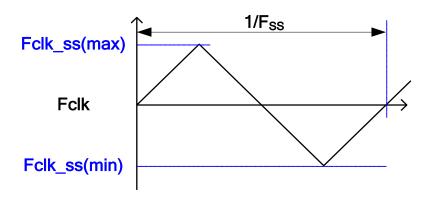


Note2. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



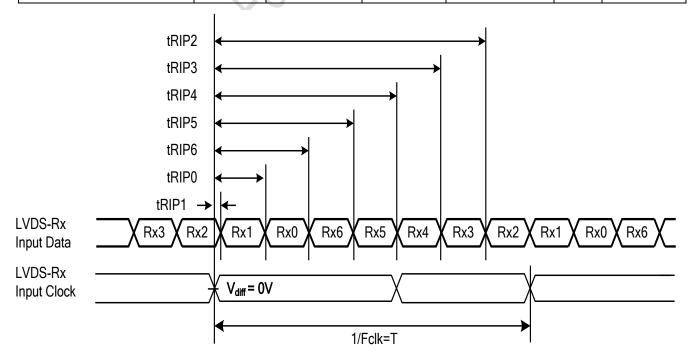


Note3. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



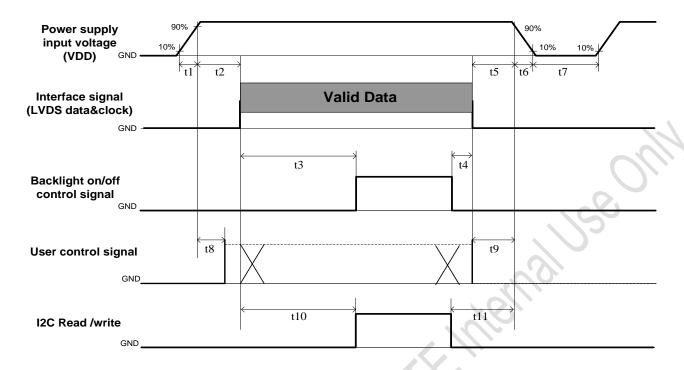
Note4. Receiver Data Input Margin

FCIK						1014
Fclk_ss(min)					68	
Note4. Receiver Data Input N	Margin			2	7	
Parameter	Symbol		Rating		Unit	Note
Faranteter	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Oilit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)	/	Fclk (max)	MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	





## 5.3 Power Sequence for LCD



Downstan		Values		l limit
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		50	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0*1			ms
t5	0			ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	20*3		50	ms
t9	0			ms
t10	450			ms
t11	150			ms

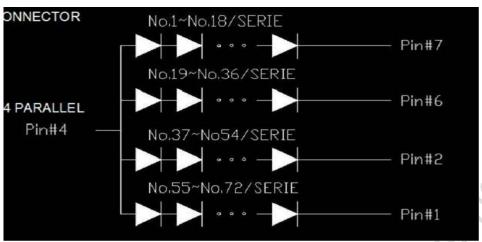
#### Note:

- (1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.
- (2) t6: voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)
- (3) When user control signal is N.C. (no connection), opened in Transmitted end, t8 timing spec can be negligible.



# 6. Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 144pcs LED. It includes two LED light bars and each light bar contains 72pcs LED. (8strings and 18pcs LED of each string)



## 6.1 Connector Pin Assignment (CN1 &CN2)

思索:2011	H-08A-N0HF
Pin	Electrode
Pin1	+
Pin2	NC
Pin3	-
Pin4	-
Pin5	-
Pin6	-
Pin7	NC
Pin8	NC



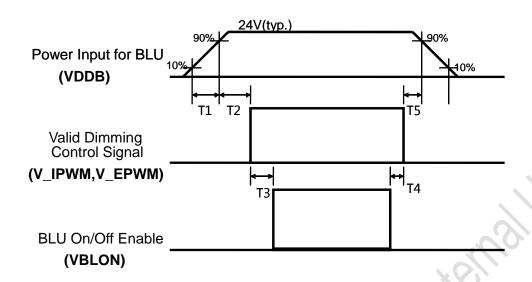
#### 6.1.1 LED BLU Characteristic

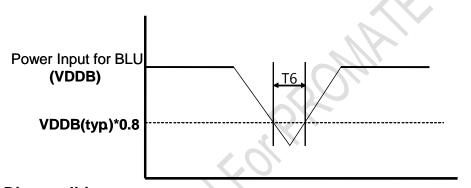
	SYMB	Min	Тур	Max	unit	Remark
LED Votage	Vf		3.2		V	
LED Q'ty	_		72		Pcs	
LED Q'ty /String	-		18		Pcs	
Per Lightbar Parallel Q'ty	-		4		String	Light bar Q'ty : 2

rer Lightbar Parallel Q ty  -		4		String	Light	oar Q ty . Z
	1_					
em	SYMB	Min	TYP	Max	Unit	Remark
DC/DC Constant Votage	Vout		54.4		VDC	
DC/DC Output Constant Current	lout		80mA		mA	Per string
C/DC Output Constant Current	lout		80mA		mA	Per string
				60		
				Ullo		
			11.			
			▼			
	1					
110	>					
e. Yo.						



# 6.2 Power Sequence for Backlight





## **Dip condition**

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	20	-	-	ms *1
T2	250	-	-	ms
T3	200			ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	0	-	-	ms
Т6		-	1000	ms <sup>*2</sup>

Note1. T6 describes VDDB dip condition and VDDB couldn't lower than 10% VDDB.



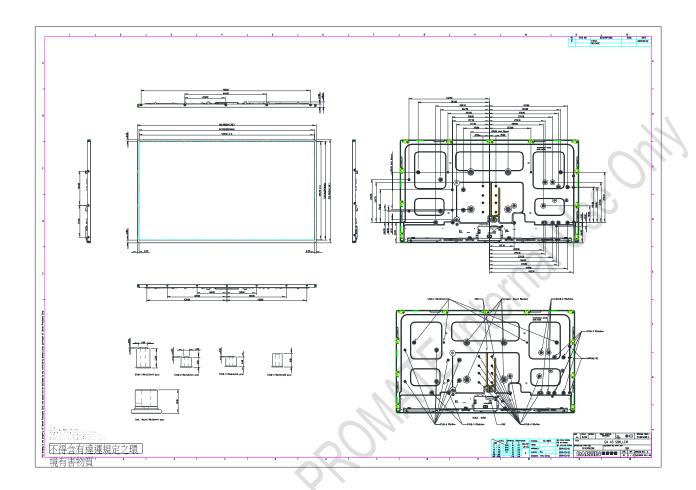
# 7. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model P430HVN01.3. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

ŀ	tem	Dimension	Unit	Note
	Horizontal	961.4	mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	555.7	mm	0,
	Depth (Dmin)	16.7	mm	5
Weight	20	)	Kg	1pcs

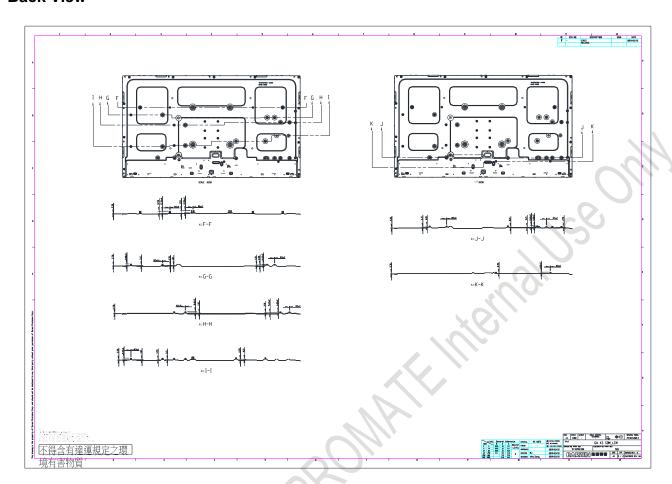


## **Front View**





## **Back View**





# 8. Reliability Test Items

1 High temperature storage test 2 Low temperature storage test 3 -20°C, 500hrs 3 High temperature operation test 4 Low temperature operation test 5 Vibration test (non-operation) 5 Vibration test (non-operation) 6 Shock test (non-operation) 7 Vibration test (With carton) 7 Vibration test (With carton) 8 Drop test (With carton) 9 Condition (ASTMD4169-I) 1 PKG 1 Condition (ASTMD4169-I) 2 Condition (ASTMD4169-I) 3 Condition (ASTMD4169-I) 3 Condition (ASTMD4169-I) 3 Condition (ASTMD4169-I) 4 Condition (ASTMD4169-I)	1	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
3 High temperature operation test  4 Low temperature operation test  3 -5°C, 500hrs  Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS  Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 10min per axes X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up  Shock level: 30G  Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction  Random wave (1.04Grms 2-200Hz) Duration: X,Y,Z 20min per axes  Height: 25.4 cm  Burround 4 flats, Bottom flat 2 times (ASTMD4169-I)		High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 500hrs
4 Low temperature operation test  3 -5°C, 500hrs  Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS  Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 10min per axes X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up  Shock level: 30G  Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction  Random wave (1.04Grms 2-200Hz) Duration: X,Y,Z 20min per axes  Height: 25.4 cm  Burround 4 flats, Bottom flat 2 times (ASTMD4169-I)	2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C, 500hrs
Wave form: random Vibration level: 1.0G RMS  5 Vibration test (non-operation)  3 Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 10min per axes X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up  Shock level: 30G  Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction  Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz)  Duration: X,Y,Z 20min per axes  Height: 25.4 cm  Surround 4 flats, Bottom flat 2 times (ASTMD4169-I)	3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃, 500hrs
Vibration level: 1.0G RMS  Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 10min per axes X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up  Shock level: 30G  Shock test (non-operation)  Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction  Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz) Duration: X,Y,Z 20min per axes  Height: 25.4 cm  Burpound 4 flats, Bottom flat 2 times (ASTMD4169-I)	4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 500hrs
Shock test (non-operation)  Waveform: half since wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction  Random wave (1.04Grms 2~200Hz) Duration: X,Y,Z 20min per axes  Height: 25.4 cm  PKG Surround 4 flats, Bottom flat 2 times (ASTMD4169-I)	5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Vibration level: 1.0G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz, Duration: X, Y, Z 10min per axes
7 Vibration test (With carton) 1 PKG Duration: X,Y,Z 20min per axes  Height: 25.4 cm 1 PKG Surround 4 flats, Bottom flat 2 times (ASTMD4169-I)	6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Waveform: half since wave, 11ms
8 Drop test (With carton)  1 PKG Surround 4 flats, Bottom flat 2 times (ASTMD4169-I)	7	Vibration test (With carton)	1 PKG	
HIGH HIGH	8	Drop test (With carton)	1 PKG	Surround 4 flats, Bottom flat 2 times



## 9. International Standard

## 9.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950-1; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 9.2 EMC

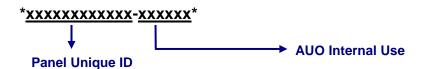
- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

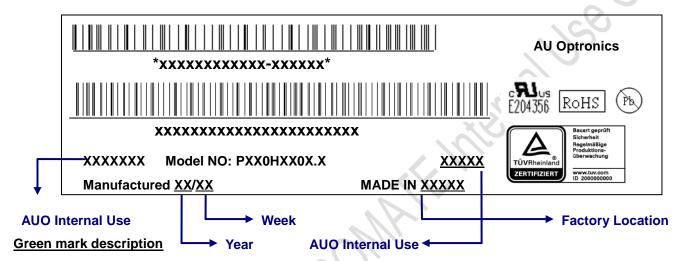


## 10. Packing

10.1 Definition of Label

#### A. Panel Label:





- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add Pb for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add RoHS for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

#### **B. Carton Label:**



Oconfidential Fort ROMATE Internal Use Only 10.2 Packing Methods (TBD)



### 10.3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	I Itom		Specification		D I ! D
	Item	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	Packing Remark
4	Dooking BOY	6pcs/box	TDD	TDD	TBD
1	Packing BOX	брсу/вох	TBD	TBD	TBD
2	Pallet	1	TBD	TBD	Ph
3	Boxes per Pallet		TBD		
4	Panels per Pallet		TBD	T .	
	Pallet after packing	TBD	TBD	TBD	95
			ONALE		



## 11. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 11.1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

## 11.2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it may become lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic



interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

(7) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

## 11.3. Operating Condition for Public Information Display

The device listed in the product specification is designed and manufactured for PID (Public Information Display) application. To optimize module's lifetime and function, below operating usages are required.

- (1) Normal operating condition
  - A. Operating temperature: 0~50°C
  - B. Operating humidity: 10~90%
  - C. Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display).Note) Long-term static display would cause image sticking.
- (2) Operation usage to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display.
  - A. Suitable operating time: under 24 hours a day(\* The moving picture can be allowed for 24 hours a day)
  - B. Liquid Crystal refresh time is required. Cycling display between 5 minutes' information (static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
  - C. Periodically change background and character (image) color.
  - D. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- (3) Periodically adopt one of the following actions after long time display.
  - A. Running the screen saver (motion picture or black pattern)
  - B. Power off the system for a while
- (4) LCD system is required to place in well-ventilated environment. Adapting active cooling system is highly recommended.
- (5) Product reliability and functions are only guaranteed when the product is used under right operation usages. If product will be used in extreme conditions, such as high temperature/ humidity, display stationary patterns, or long operation time etc..., it is strongly recommended to contact AUO for filed application engineering advice. Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed. Extreme conditions are commonly found at airports, transit stations, banks, stock market and controlling systems.

## 11.4. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

## 11.5. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure



- (1) Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.
- (2) To keep display function well as a digital signage application, especially the component of TFT is very sensitive to sunlight, it is necessary to set up blocking device protecting panel from radiation of ambient environment.

#### 11.6. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

### 11.7. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

#### 11.8. Dust Resistance

- (1) AUO module dust test is conducted with marked holes (see Figure 1) sealed to comply with JIS D0207.
- (2) Module users should design set with these holes used/sealed(if not used) or covered by set mechanism to prevent dust from entering. The AUO testing procedure cannot replicate all different real world scenarios, module users should apply set dust resistance solution to meet users' requirement.



Figure 1 (此圖為 OM R&D 提供系統孔位圖範例)

