TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL12880BC20-32F

31cm (12.1 Type)
WXGA
LVDS interface (1 port)

DATA SHEET

DOD-PP-3164 (1st edition)

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INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

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Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the **"Standard"** unless otherwise specified in this document.

CONTENTS

1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL12880BC20-32F is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

- For industrial use

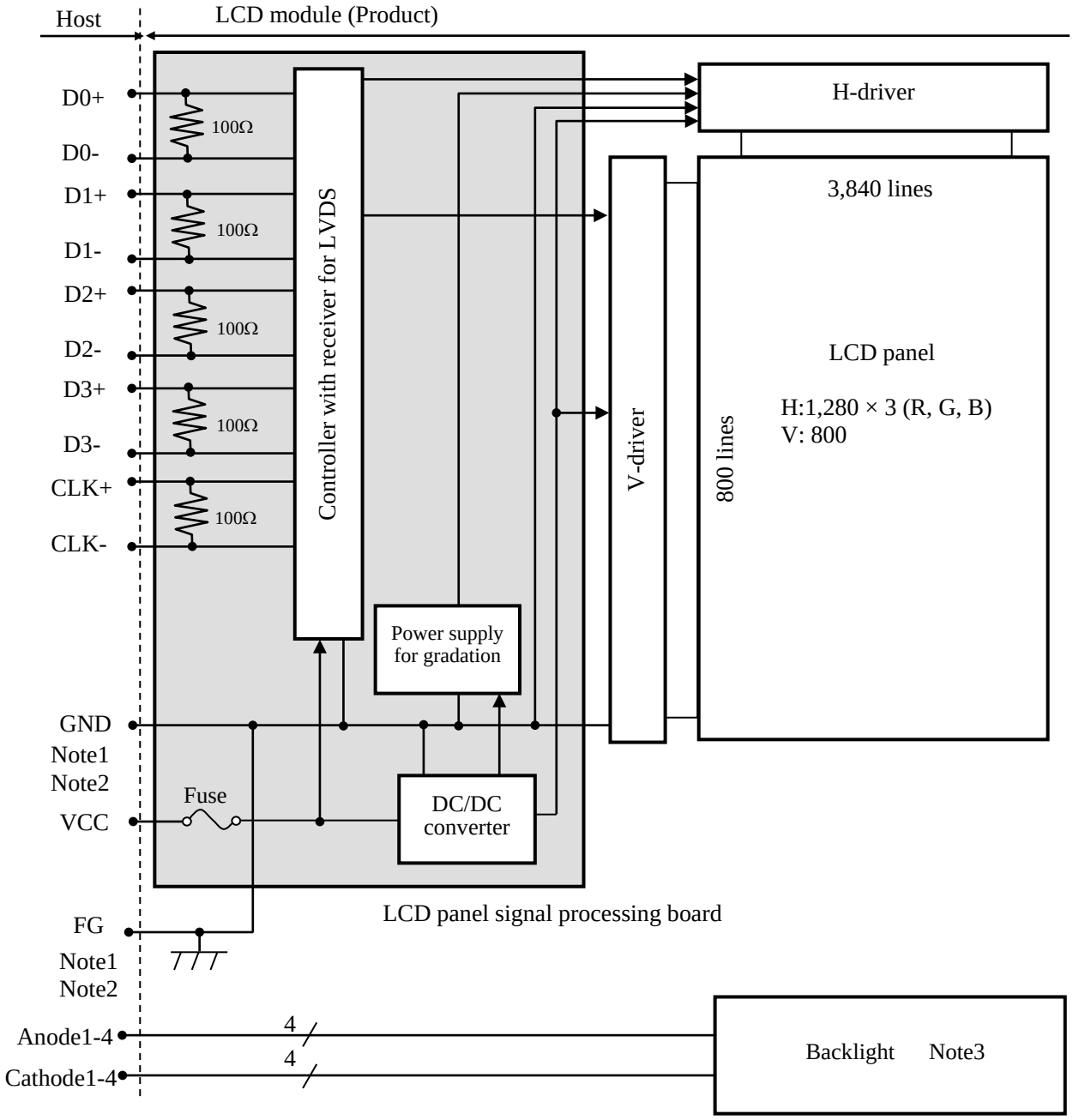
1.3 FEATURES

- Ultra-wide viewing angle (Super Fine TFT (SFT))
- Ultra high brightness
- High contrast
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- LED backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1 /CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E250878)
- Compliant with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU) and Delegated Directive (2015/863/EU, Amending Annex II of 2011/65/EU)

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	261.12 (H) × 163.2 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	31cm (12.1 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors
Pixel	1,280 (H) × 800 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.068 (H) × 0.204 (V) mm
Pixel pitch	0.204 (H) × 0.204 (V) mm
Module size	277.7 (W) × 180.6 (H) × 8.7 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	470 g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	1,000:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	*At the contrast ratio ≥10:1* • Horizontal: Right side 88° (typ.), Left side 88° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 88° (typ.), Down side 88° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	Viewing angle with optimum grayscale ($\gamma \fallingdotseq 2.2$): Normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Color gamut	*At LCD panel center* 40% (typ.), [against NTSC color space]
Response time	*Ton+Toff (10%←→90%)* 25ms (typ.)
Luminance	*At IL= 60 mA/One circuit* 1,100cd/m^2 (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS interface (1 port) [8-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V
Backlight	LED backlight
Power consumption	*At IL= 60 mA/One circuit, Checkered flag pattern* 8.5 W (typ.)

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM

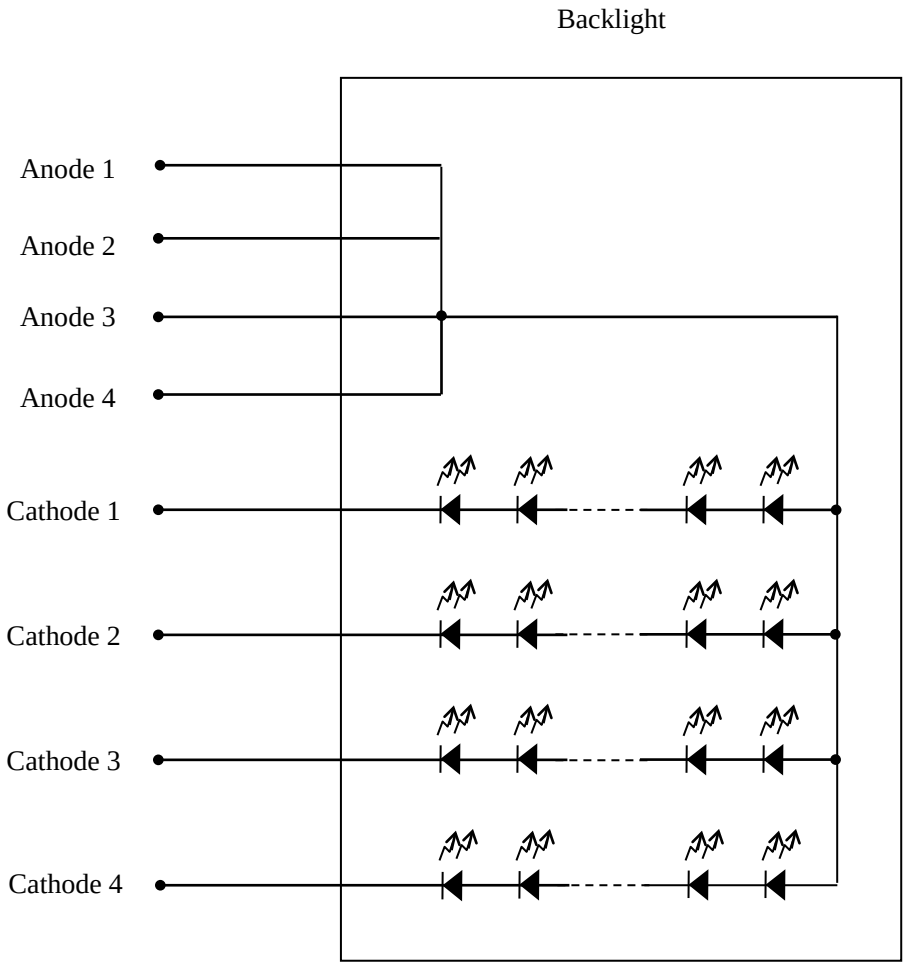


Note1: Relation between GND (Signal ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

GND - FG	Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Backlight in detail:



4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	277.7 ± 0.5 (W) × 180.6 ± 0.5 (H) × 8.7 ± 0.5 (D)	Note1	mm
Display area	261.12 (H) × 163.2 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	470 (typ.), 500 (max.)		g

Note1: See "**8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS**".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V	Ta= 25°C
Input voltage for signals	Display signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC	V	
Backlight	Forward current	IL	85	mA	per one circuit Ta= 25°C
Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Operating temperature	Front surface	TopF	-30 to +80	°C	Note2
	Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	°C	Note3
Relative humidity Note4		RH	≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
			≤ 85	%	40°C < Ta ≤ 50°C
			≤ 55	%	50°C < Ta ≤ 60°C
			≤ 36	%	60°C < Ta ≤ 70°C
			≤ 24	%	70°C < Ta ≤ 80°C
Absolute humidity Note4		AH	≤ 70 Note5	g/m^3	Ta= 80°C

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-
Note2: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)
Note3: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)
Note4: No condensation
Note5: Water amount at Ta= 80°C and RH= 24%

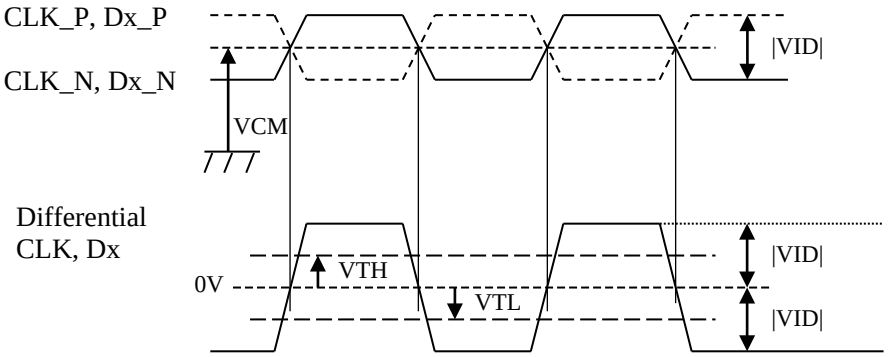
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

(Ta= 25°C, Note1)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	450 Note2	700 Note3	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRPC	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC Note4, Note5, Note6
Differential input threshold voltage	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V Note7, Note8
	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	
Input differential voltage		|VID|	100	-	600	mV	-
Differential input common mode voltage		VCM	0.7	-	1.6	V	
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.
Note2: Checkered flag pattern [by IEC 61747-6]
Note3: Pattern for maximum current
Note4: This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.
Note5: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.
Note6: The load variation influence does not include.
Note7: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver
Note8: DC characteristics (LVDS receiver part)



CLK_P, CLK_N
Dx_P, Dx_N: x = 0,1,2,3
|VID| = |**_P-**_N|
VCM = (**_P+**_N)/2
P: +, N: −
**: CLK or Dx

4.3.2 Backlight

(Ta= 25°C, Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	60	65	mA	-
Forward voltage	VL	26.2	29.2	33.2	V	Ta= +25°C at IL= 60 mA/One circuit
		25	-	-		Ta= +80°C at IL= 60 mA/One circuit
		-	-	35.2		Ta= -30°C at IL= 60 mA/One circuit
		-	-	35.4		Ta= -30°C at IL= 65 mA/One circuit

Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The above specifications are for one LED circuit of the backlight.

Note3: The luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 4 circuits. It is recommended that the current value difference among the circuits be less than 5%.

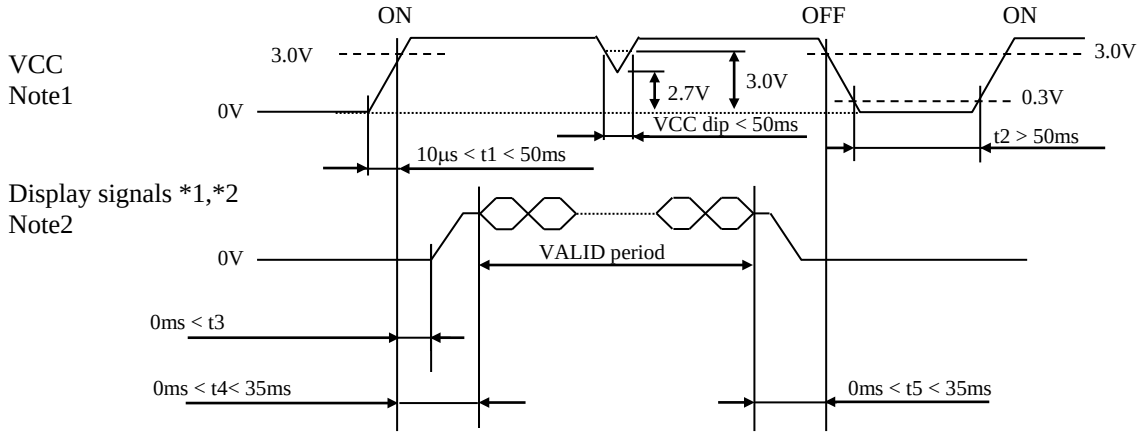
4.3.3 Fuse

Parameter	Fuse		Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
	Type	Supplier			
VCC	FCC16202AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC CO., LTD	2.0A 36V	4.0A 5seconds	Note1

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



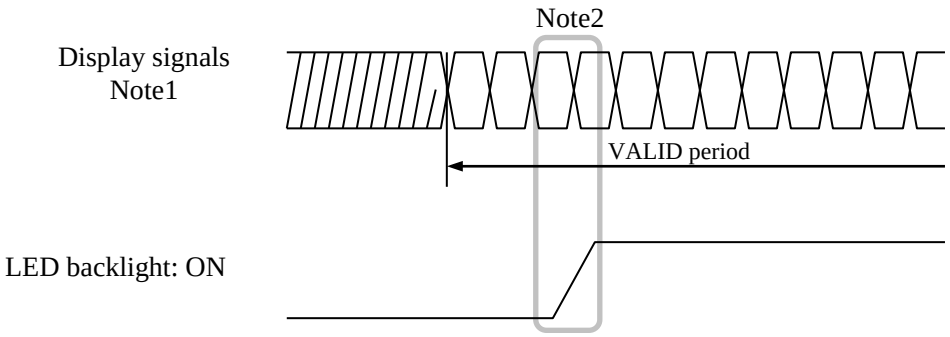
*1 D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

*2 These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.
If some of display signal of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display signals, VCC also must be shut down.

4.4.2 LED driver



Note1: These are the display signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the VALID period of display signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE)) or equivalent

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	D3+	Pixel data	Note1
2	D3-		
3	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
4	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
5	GND	Ground	Note2
6	CLK+	Pixel clock	Note1
7	CLK-		
8	GND	Ground	Note2
9	D2+	Pixel data	Note1
10	D2-		
11	GND	Ground	Note2
12	D1+	Pixel data	Note1
13	D1-		
14	GND	Ground	Note2
15	D0+	Pixel data	Note1
16	D0-		
17	GND	Ground	Note2
18	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
19	VCC	Power supply	Note2
20	VCC		

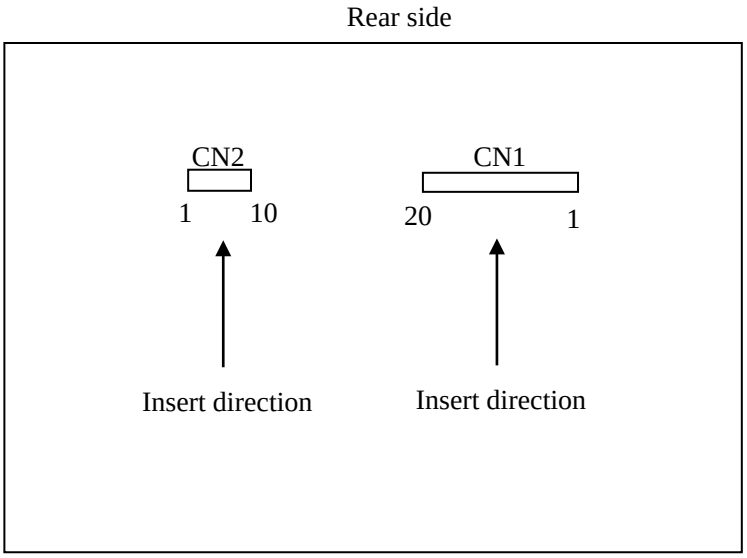
Note1: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
Note2: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

4.5.2 Backlight

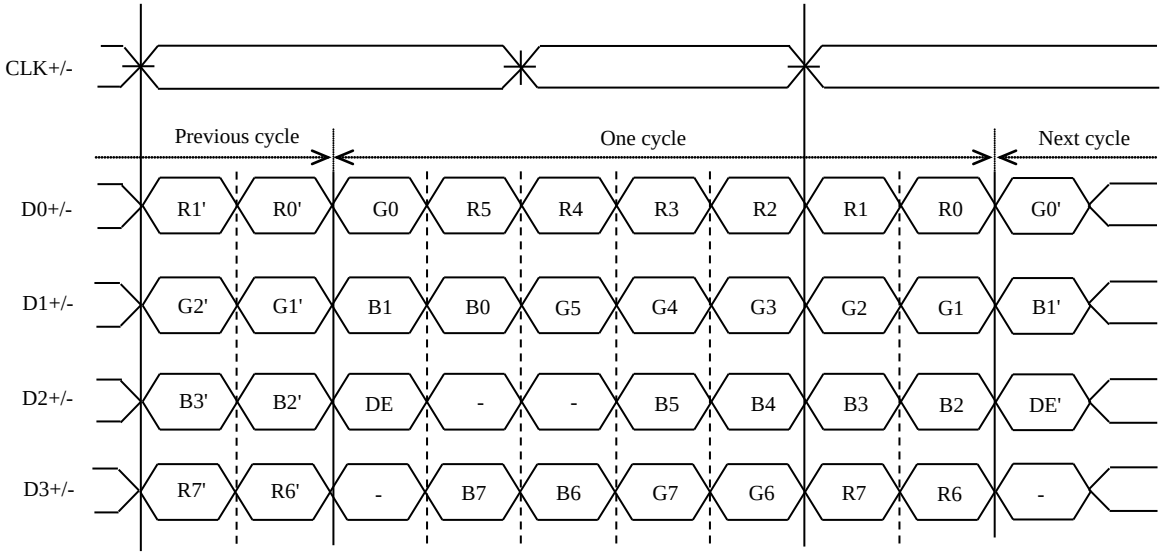
CN2 socket (LCD module side): SM10B-SHLS-TF (LF) (SN) (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable plug: SHLP-10V-S-B (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	A2	Anode2	-
3	A3	Anode3	-
4	A4	Anode4	-
5	N. C.	N. C.	Keep this pin Open.
6	N. C.	N. C.	Keep this pin Open.
7	K1	Cathode1	-
8	K2	Cathode2	-
9	K3	Cathode3	-
10	K4	Cathode4	-

4.5.3 Positions of socket



4.5.4 Input data mapping



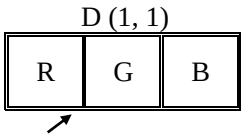
Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7
Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors with 256 gray scales.
Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display colors		Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High level)																							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Red gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑					:								:								:			
	↓					:								:								:			
	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	↑					:								:								:			
	↓					:								:								:			
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blue gray scale	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	↑					:								:								:			
	↓					:								:								:			
	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

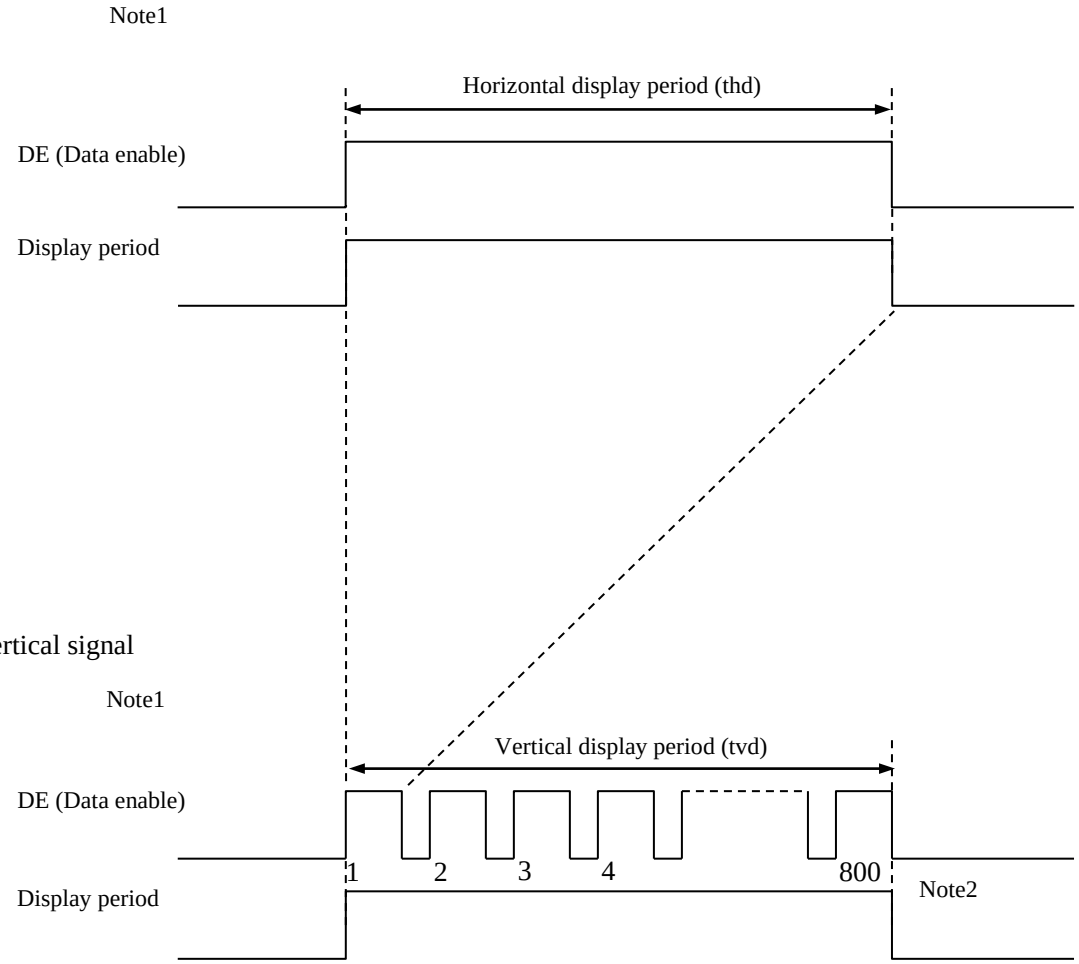


D(1, 1)	D(2, 1)	· · ·	D(X, 1)	· · ·	D(1279, 1)	D(1280, 1)
D(1, 2)	D(2, 2)	· · ·	D(X, 2)	· · ·	D(1279, 2)	D(1280, 2)
. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
D(1, Y)	D(2, Y)	· · ·	D(X, Y)	· · ·	D(1279, Y)	D(1280, Y)
. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .	. . .
D(1, 799)	D(2, 799)	· · ·	D(X, 799)	· · ·	D(1279, 799)	D(1280, 799)
D(1, 800)	D(2, 800)	· · ·	D(X, 800)	· · ·	D(1279, 800)	D(1280, 800)

4.8 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.8.1 Outline of input signal timings

- Horizontal signal



- Vertical signal

Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.
Note2: See "**4.8.3 Input signal timing chart**" for the pulse number.

4.8.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
CLK	Frequency		1/tc	67.0	71.0	75.0	MHz	14.085ns (typ.)
	Duty ratio		-	-			-	-
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-	-			ns	-
		Hold time	-				ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	
DE	Horizontal	Cycle	th	17.20	20.28	21.49	μs	49.306kHz (typ.)
				1,290	1,440	-	CLK	
		Display period	thd	1,280			CLK	-
	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	14.16	16.69	17.69	ms	59.91Hz (typ.)
				-	823	-	H	
		Display period	tvd	800			H	-
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-	-			ns	-
		Hold time	-				ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		-				ns	

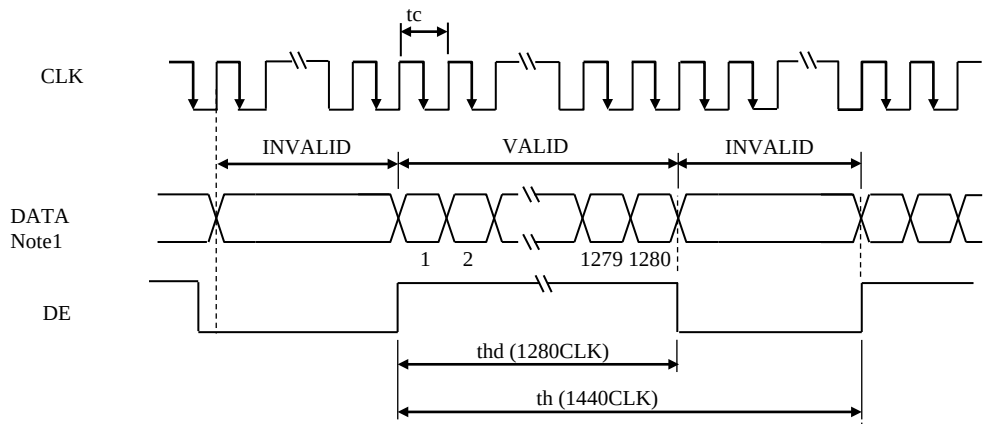
Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.
tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

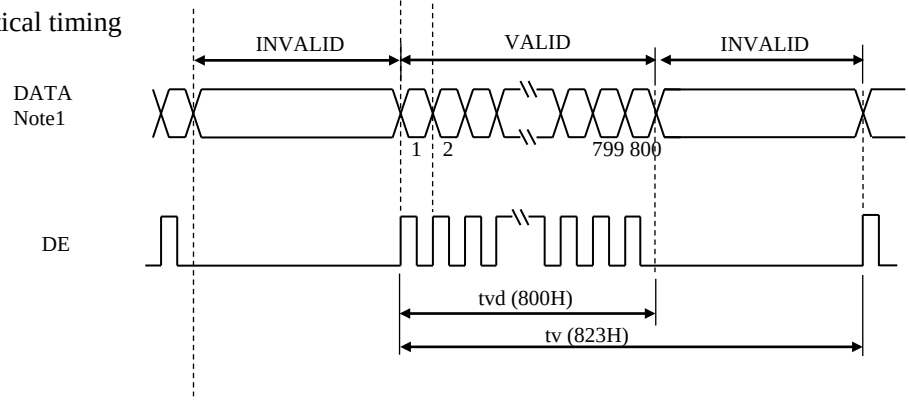
Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.8.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



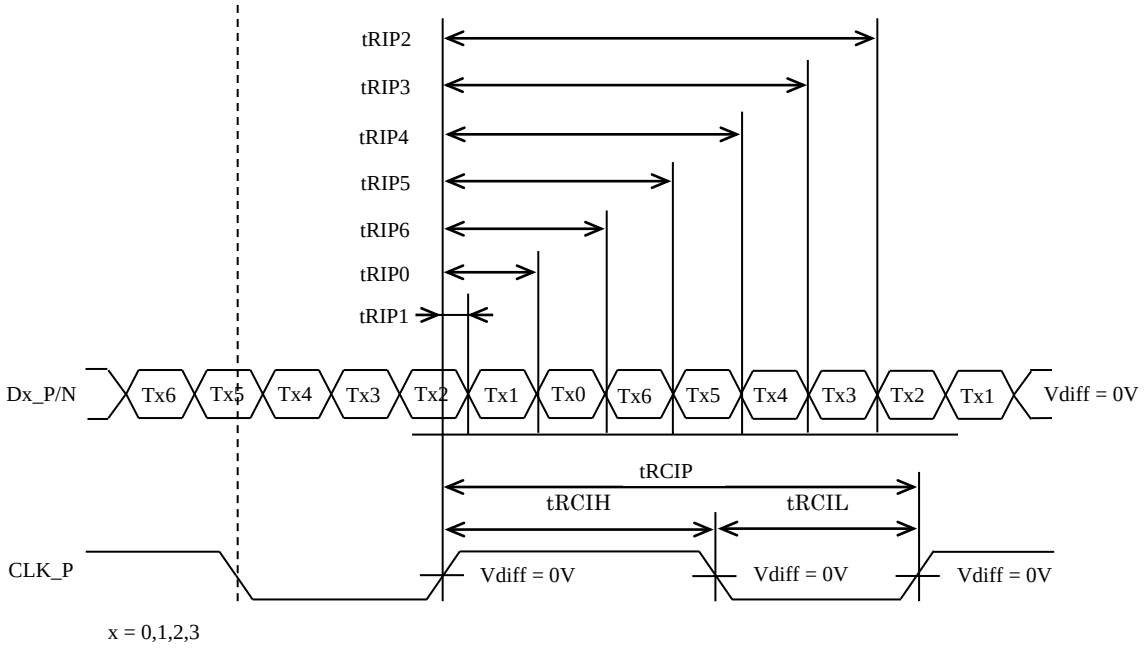
Vertical timing



Note1: DATA = R0-R7, G0-G7, B0-B7

4.9 LVDS Rx AC SPEC

Symbol	Parameter	min.	typ.	max.	Units
t_{RCIP}	CK_P Period	13.34	-	14.92	ns
t_{RCIH}	CK_P High pulse width	-	$\frac{4}{7}t_{RCIP}$	-	ns
t_{RCIL}	CK_P Low pulse width	-	$\frac{3}{7}t_{RCIP}$	-	ns
t_{RMG}	Receiver Data Input Margin	-0.4	-	0.4	ns
t_{RIP1}	Input Data Position 0	$-\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	0.0	$+\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	ns
t_{RIP0}	Input Data Position 1	$\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}-\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	$\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	$\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}+\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	ns
t_{RIP6}	Input Data Position 2	$2\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}-\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	$2\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	$2\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}+\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	ns
t_{RIP5}	Input Data Position 3	$3\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}-\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	$3\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	$3\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}+\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	ns
t_{RIP4}	Input Data Position 4	$4\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}-\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	$4\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	$4\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}+\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	ns
t_{RIP3}	Input Data Position 5	$5\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}-\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	$5\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	$5\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}+\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	ns
t_{RIP2}	Input Data Position 6	$6\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}-\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	$6\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}$	$6\frac{t_{RCIP}}{7}+\lvert t_{RMG}\rvert$	ns



x = 0,1,2,3

4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

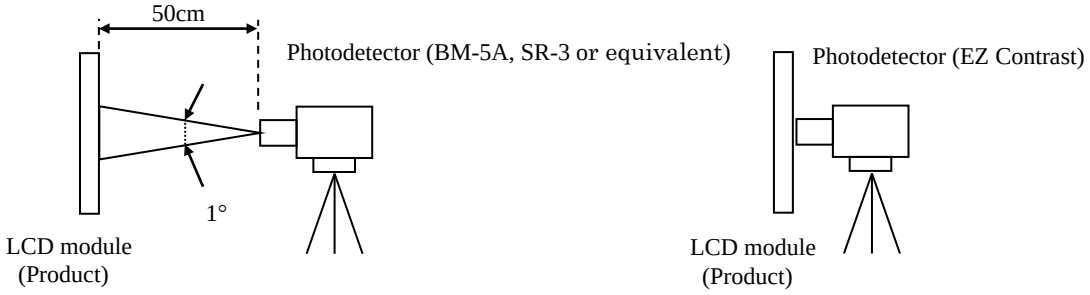
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0°	L	800	1,100	-	cd/m^2	BM-5A or equivalent	-
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0°	CR	700	1,000	-	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note3
Luminance uniformity		White θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0°	LU	-	1.25	1.4	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note4
Chromaticity	White	**x** coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-	SR-3 or equivalent	Note5
		y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	**x** coordinate	Rx	-	0.572	-	-		
		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.337	-	-		
	Green	**x** coordinate	Gx	-	0.342	-	-		
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.545	-	-		
	Blue	**x** coordinate	Bx	-	0.159	-	-		
		y coordinate	By	-	0.128	-	-		
Color gamut		θR= 0°, θL= 0°, θU= 0°, θD= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	C	35	40	-	%		
Response time		Black to White	Ton	-	12	20	ms	BM-5A or equivalent	Note6 Note7
		White to Black	Toff	-	13	20	ms		
Viewing angle	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	88	-	°	EZ Contrast	Note8
	Left	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θL	70	88	-	°		
	Up	θR= 0°, θL= 0°, CR≥ 10	θU	70	88	-	°		
	Down	θR= 0°, θL= 0°, CR≥ 10	θD	70	88	-	°		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IL= 60mA/One circuit,
Display mode: WXGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/49.306kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.91Hz

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "**4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio**".

Note4: See "**4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity**".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 31°C

Note7: See "**4.10.4 Definition of response times**".

Note8: See "**4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles**".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

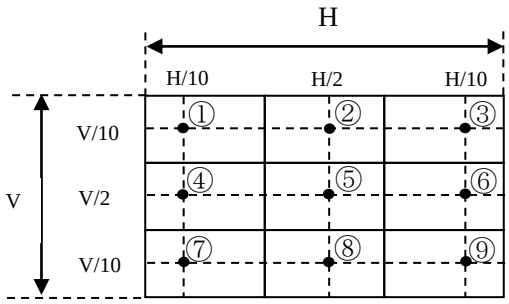
$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance of white screen}}{\text{Luminance of black screen}}$$

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

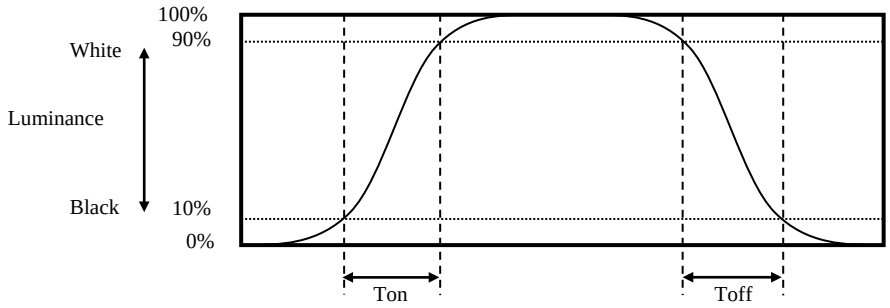
$$\text{Luminance uniformity (LU)} = \frac{\text{Maximum luminance from ① to ⑨}}{\text{Minimum luminance from ① to ⑨}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 9 points shown below.

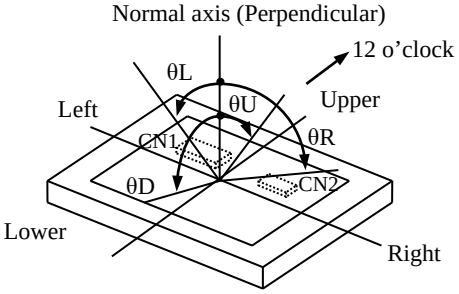


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "black" to "white", or "white" to "black" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

Condition		Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL= 60 mA/One circuit	50,000	h

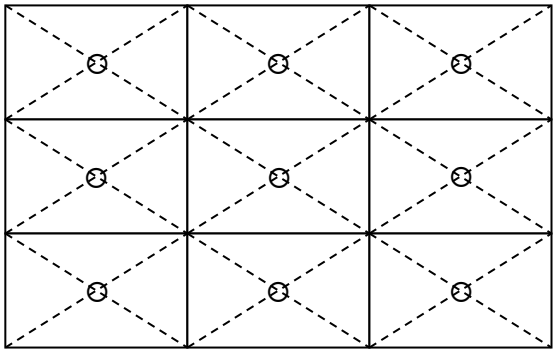
Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.
Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

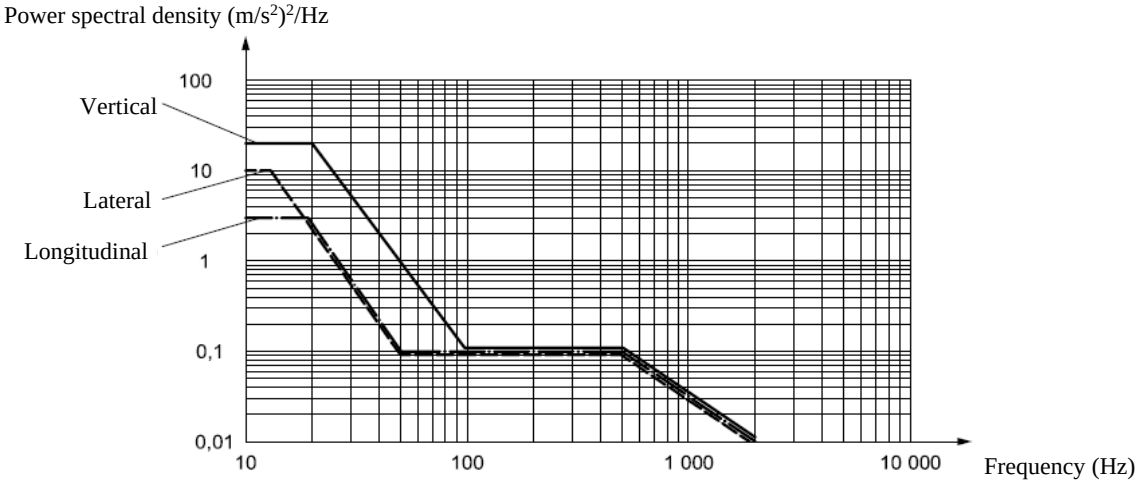
Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is white.	No display malfunctions
High temperature (Operation)	① 80 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is white.	
Heat cycle (Operation)	① -30 ± 3°C…1hour 80 ± 3°C…1hour ② 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle ③ Display data is white.	
Thermal shock (Non operation)	① -30 ± 3°C…30minutes 80 ± 3°C…30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.	
ESD (Operation)	① 150pF, 150Ω, ± 10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each place at 1 sec interval	
Vibration1 (Non operation) Note3 Note4	① Perform the test in accordance with IEC 60068-2-64, random vibration. ② 32 hours for each plane of the product ③ The angle between the product and platform is 45°.	No display malfunctions No physical damages
Vibration2 (Non operation) Note5	① 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s^2 ② 1 minute/cycle ③ X, Y, Z directions ④ 120 times each direction	
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	① 539m/s^2, 11ms ② ± X, ± Y, ± Z directions ③ 5 times each direction	

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

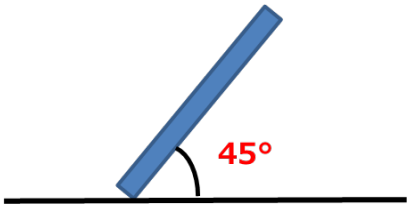
Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



Note3: Condition of vibration 1

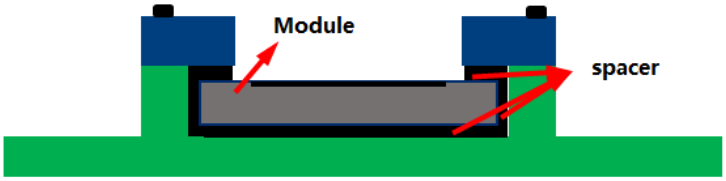


Frequency (Hz)	Power spectral density (m/s²)²/Hz		
	Vertical	Longitudinal	Lateral
10	20	3	10
13	-	-	10
19	-	3	-
20	20	-	-
50	-	0.1	0.1
100	0.1	-	-
500	0.1	0.1	0.1
2,000	0.01	0.01	0.01
r.m.s. acceleration value	21.3 m/s²	11.8 m/s²	13.1 m/s²



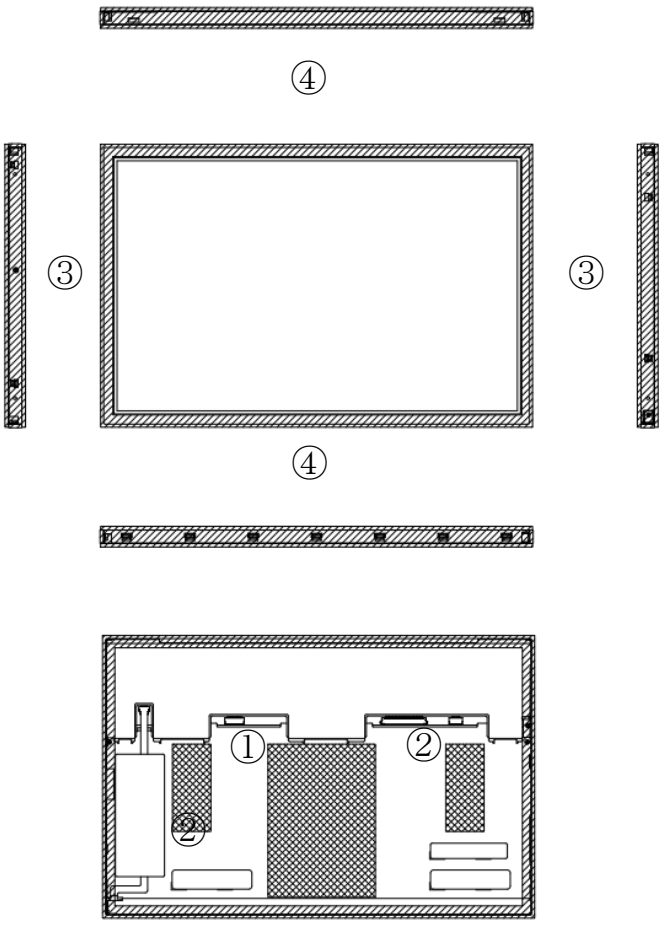
The angle between the product and the platform is 45°.

Note4: The product is held by pressing the hatching area with flat faces.
Below drawings are recommended method of product holding.



Spacer information
(1) Material
PSR (Compression fault 30%) + TESA4972
(2) Volume of deformation by pressing
①②: 5mm → 4.2mm
③④: 2.4mm → 2mm
(3) Spacer size
①: 100 (H)×70 (W)×5 (T) mm
②: 57 (H)×25 (W)×5 (T) mm
③: 2.4 (T) mm
④: 2.4 (T) mm

H: Height
W: Width
T: Thickness



Note5: The product is held by four mounting holes. (See "8.1 FRONT VIEW".)

7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!**

!	This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS

!

- **Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s^2 and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (ϕ16mm jig))**

7.3 ATTENTIONS !

7.3.1 Handling of the product

① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
③ When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
④ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.5mm.
⑥ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
⑦ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
⑧ Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
⑨ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

7.3.2 Environment

① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
④ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Others

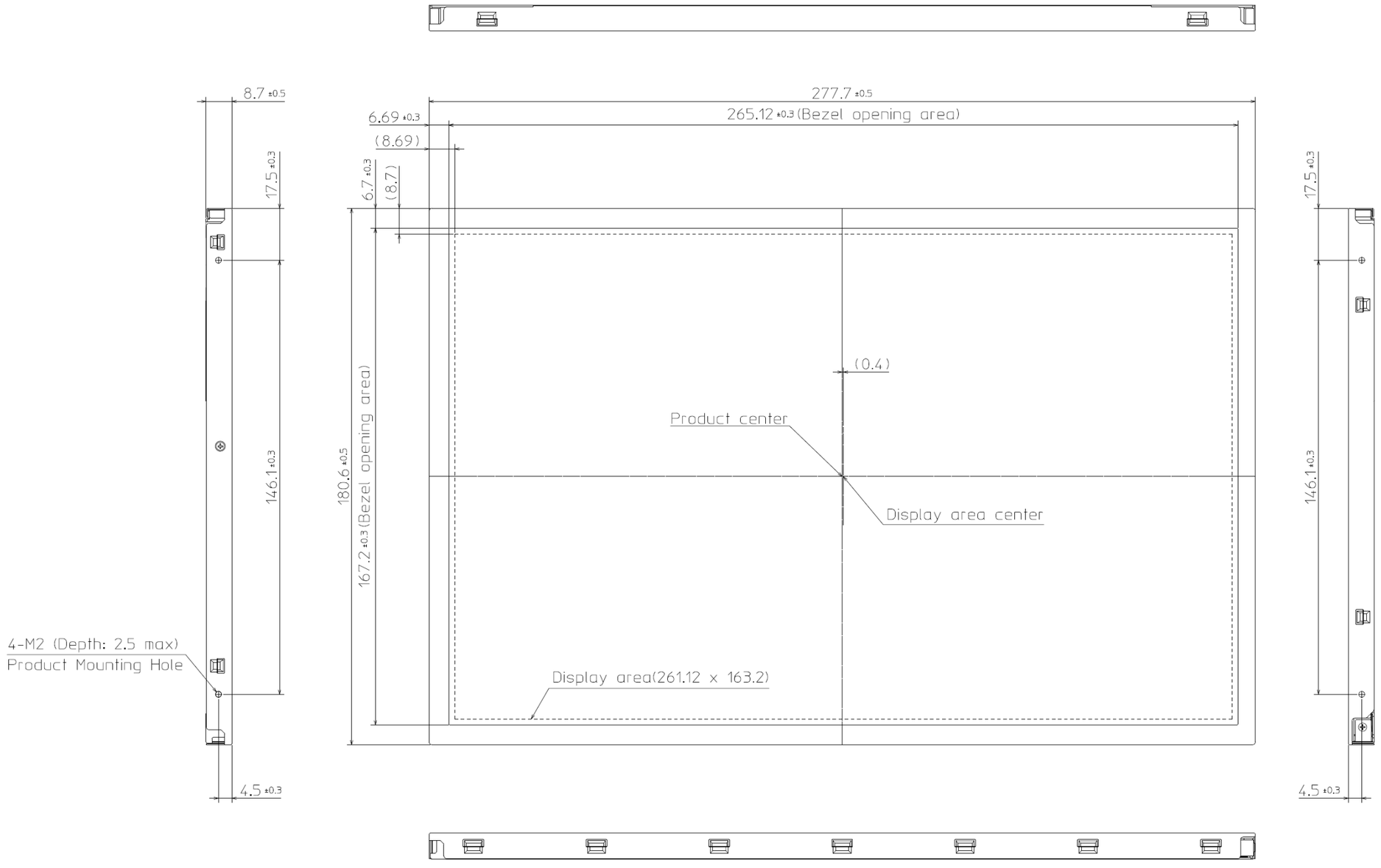
① All GND, and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
③ Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to TMJ.
④ The information of China RoHS (Ⅱ) six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

China RoHS (Ⅱ) six hazardous substances or elements					
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
×	○	○	○	○	○

Note1: ○: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.
×: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of S GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.

8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

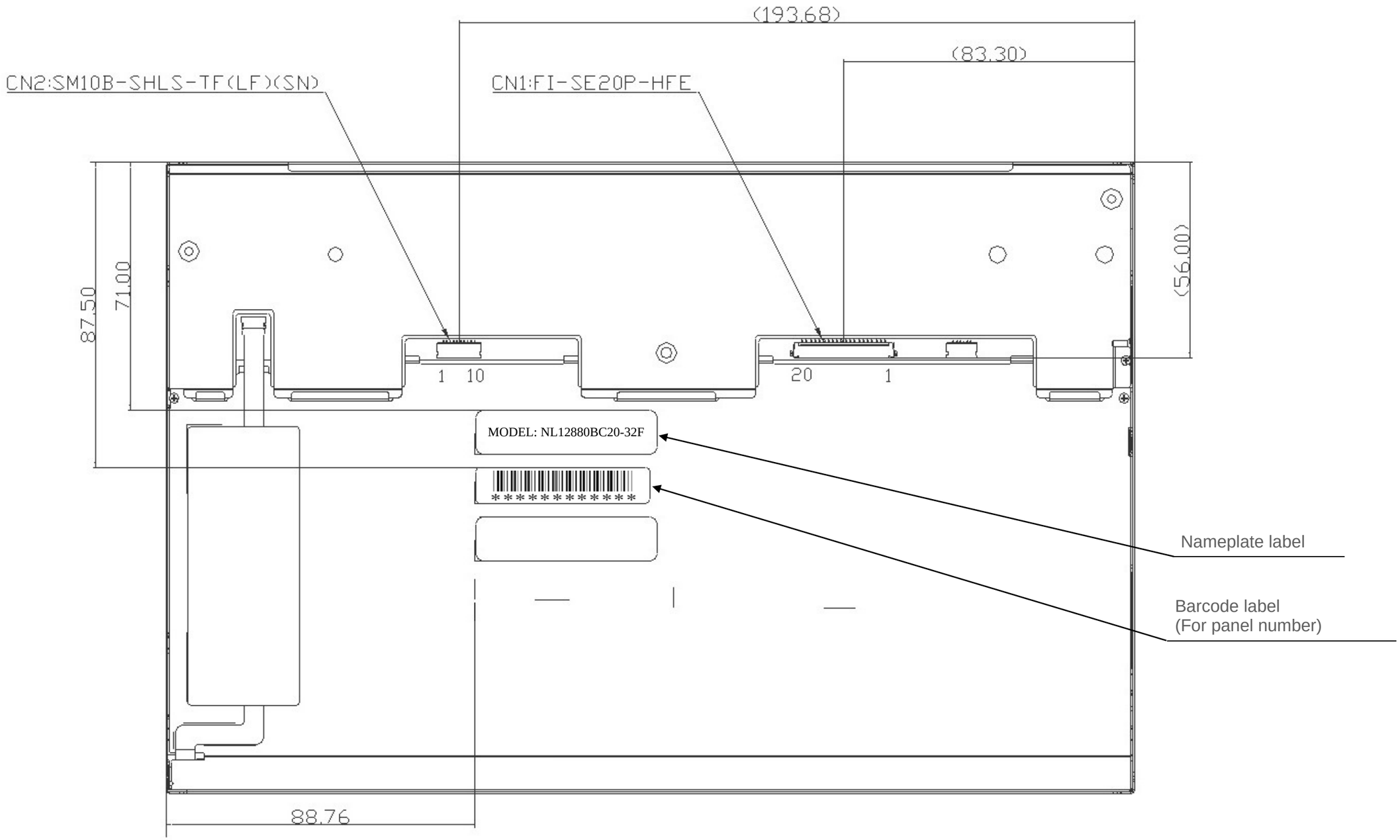
8.1 FRONT VIEW



Unit: mm

Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.
Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.230 N·m. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.5 mm.

8.2 REAR V



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Unit: mm