



Doo	c. Number :
	Tentative Specification
	Preliminary Specification
	Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: G154ICE SUFFIX: LH1

Customer:	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
Name / Title Note	
Please return 1 copy for you signature and comments.	ur confirmation with your

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
		許秝茵
		计

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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	Oct.3, 2022		Spec Ver.0.0 was first issued.

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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

G154ICE-LH1 is a 15.4" TFT Liquid Crystal Display IAV module with LED Backlight units and 30 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1280 x 800 WXGA mode and can display 16.2M/262k colors.

The PSWG is to establish a set of displays with standard mechanical dimensions and select electrical interface requirements for an industry standard 15.4" WXGA LCD panel and the LED driving device for Backlight is built in PCBA.

1.2 FEATURE

- WXGA (1280 x 80- pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only modeW
- LVDS Interface with 1pixel/clock
- PSWG (Panel Standardization Working Group)
- Wide operating temperature.
- RoHS compliance

1.3 APPLICATION

- -TFT LCD Monitor
- Factory Application
- Amusement

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	331.2(H) x 207.0(V) (15.4" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1280 x R.G.B x 800	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.25875(H) x 0.25875(W)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical Stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.2M / 262K	color	-
Display Mode	Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating (3H), Anti-Glare	-	-
Module Power Consumption	TBD	W	Тур.



1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Horizontal(H)	351.5	352	352.5	mm	(1)	Horizontal(H)
Vertical(V)	229.5	230	230.5	mm	mm	Vertical(V)
Depth(D)	8.5	9	9.5	mm	mm	Depth(D)
Donal Area	Horizontal	334.2	334.5	334.8	mm	Bezel Area
Bezel Area	Vertical	210	210.3	210.6	mm	
Active Area	Horizontal		331.2		mm	Active Area
Active Area	Vertical		207		mm	
We	Weight				g	

Note (1)Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

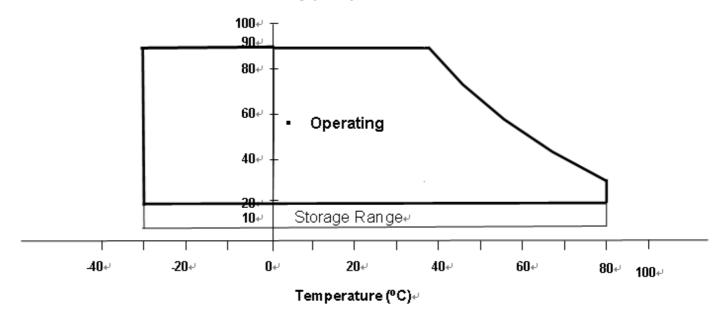
ltom	Cumbal	Va	lue	Lloit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit		
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	-30	+80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(4)(2)	
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-30	+80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(1)(2)	

Note (1)

- (a) 90 %RH Max.
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) Panel surface temperature should be $0^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ min. and $80^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ max under Vcc=3.3V, fr =60Hz, typical LED string current, $25^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ ambient temperature, and no humidity control . Any condition of ambient operating temperature ,the surface of active area should be keeping not higher than $80^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$.







2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	4	V	(1)	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	Value		Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Converter Voltage	Vi	-0.3	18	V	(1), (2)	
Enable Voltage	EN		5.5	V		
Backlight Adjust	Dimming		5.5	V		

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for LED (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



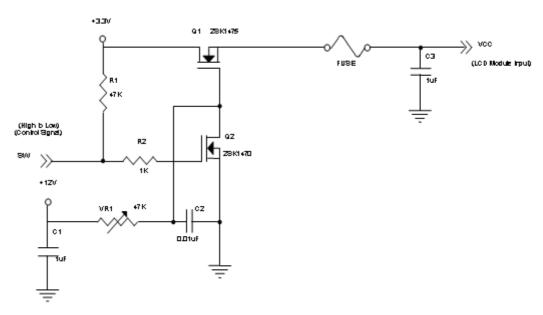
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

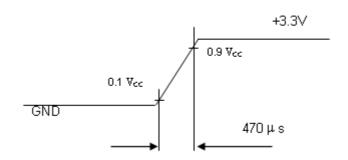
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Parameter	Cumbal	Value			Unit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	Note	
Power Supply Vo	ltage	V _{cc}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Ripple Voltage	е	V_{RP}	ı	-	100	mVp-p	
Inrush Current		I _{INRUSH}	ı	-	2.0	Α	(2)
Dower Cupply Current	White	lcc	ı	(800)	(960)	mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black		-	(670)	(800)	mA	(3)b
LVDS differential inpu	t voltage	V_{id}	200	-	600	mV	
LVDS common input	voltage	V_{ic}	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
Differential Input Voltage for	"H" Level	V_{IH}	ı	-	100	mV	-
LVDS Receiver Threshold	"L" Level	V_{IL}	-100	-	-	mV	-
Terminating Resi	istor	R _T	-	100	-	Ohm	-

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2)Measurement Conditions:

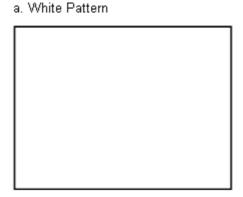




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Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at V_{DD} =3.3V, Ta = 25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C, DC Current and f_v = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Active Area

b. Black Pattern



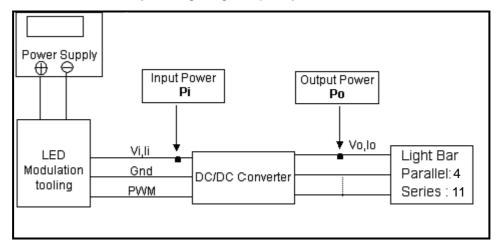
Active Area

3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Param	otor	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
Falaiii	letei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Converter Inp	out Voltage	V_{i}	10.8	12.0	13.2	V_{DC}	(Duty 100%)
Converter Input I	Ripple Voltage	V_{iRP}	-	-	500	mV	
Converter Inp	out Current	I _i	0.6	0.8	1.0	A _{DC}	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)
Converter Inru	ush Current	I _{iRUSH}	-	-	3.0	А	@ Vi rising time=10ms (Vi=12V)
Input Power C	P_{i}	-	9.6	12	W	(1)	
EN Control Lovel	Backlight on	ENLED	2.0	3.3	5.0	V	
EN Control Level	Backlight off	(BLON)	0	-	0.3	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	Dimming	2.0	-	5.0	V	
PWW Control Level	PWM Low Level	(E_PWM)	0	-	0.15	V	
PWN Nois	e Range	VNoise	-	-	0.1	V	
PWM Control	Frequency	f_{PWM}	190	200	20k	Hz	(2)
DWM Dimming Co	entral Duty Datio		5	-	100	%	(2), @ 190Hz <f<sub>PWM<1kHz</f<sub>
PWM Dimming Co	orition Duty Ratio	-	20	-	100	%	(2), @ 1kHz≦f _{PWM} <20kHz
LED Life	Time	L_LED	50,000		-	Hrs	(3)



Note (1)LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:

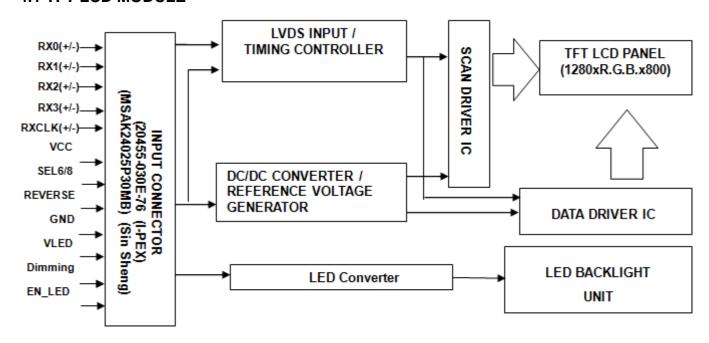


- Note (2) At 190 ~1kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 5% to 100%.1K ~20kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 20% to 100%. If PWM control frequency is applied in the range from 1KHz to 20KHZ, The "non-linear" phenomenon on the Backlight Unit may be found. So It's a suggestion that PWM control frequency should be less than 1KHz.
- Note (3) The lifetime of LED is estimated data and defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C and Duty 100% until the brightness becomes \leq 50% of its original value. Operating LED at high temperature condition will reduce life time and lead to color shift.



4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE







5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

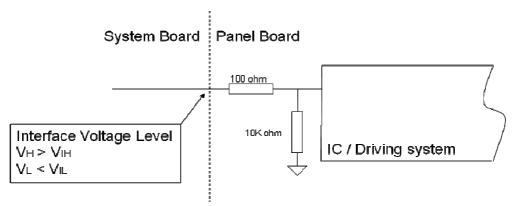
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Polarity	Note
1	12V	LED Power supply		LED converter
				power
2	12V	LED Power supply		
3	12V	LED Power supply		
4	12V	LED Power supply		
5	ENLED	Enable Pin		
6	Dimming	Backlight Adjust		
7	GND	Ground		
8	GND	Ground		
9	VCC	Power supply +3.3V		System power
10	VCC	Power supply +3.3V		System power
11	GND	Ground		
12	GND	Ground		
13	RX0-	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Negative)	Negative	
14	RX0+	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Positive)	Positive	
15	GND	Ground		
16	RX1-	Differential Data Input, CH1 (Negative)	Negative	
17	RX1+	Differential Data Input , CH1 (Positive)	Positive	
18	GND	Ground		
19	RX2-	Differential Data Input , CH2 (Negative)	Negative	
20	RX2+	Differential Data Input , CH2 (Positive)	Positive	
21	GND	Ground		
22	RXCLK-	Differential Clock Input (Negative)	Negative	
23	RXCLK+	Differential Clock Input (Positive)	Positive	
24	GND	Ground		
25	RX3-	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Negative)	Negative	
26	RX3+	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Positive)	Positive	
27	GND	Ground		
		LVDS 6/8 bit select function control,		
28	SEL6/8	Low or NC → 6 bit Input Mode		(2)
		High →8 bit Input Mode		
		Scanning direction control		(2)
29	Reverse	Low or NC → normal display (default)		
		High → display with 180 degree rotation		
30	GND	Ground		
		TVDE-(OTM_MOAKO 400ED00MD)//LDEV_004		

Note (1).LVDS CONNECTOR TYPE:(STM_MSAK24025P30MB)/(I-PEX_20455-030E-76) or equivalent.Current Rating: AC/DC 100V 0.8A(AWG#36)

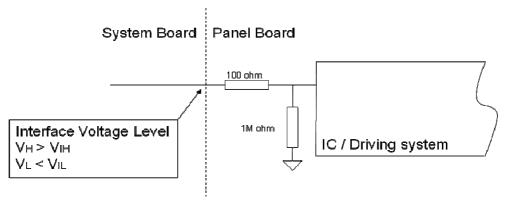
Note (2) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V. "NC" stands for "No Connected".

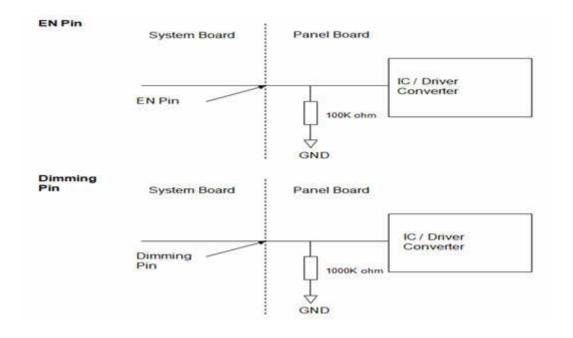


REVERSE



SEL6/8







5.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

5.2.1 For 6-Bits

										ata :	Signa	al							
	Color			Re	ed					Gre	en					Bl	ue		
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0
Of	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



5.2.2 For 8-Bits

												D	ata	Sig	nal										
	Color				Re								Gre	een							BI				
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	ő	Ö	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	0	1	0	Ö	0	Ö	Ö	0	0	Ö	0	ő	0	0	Ö	Ö	0	Ö
Gray	Red(2)	ō	ō	Ö	Ō	ō	ō	1	Ó	Ō	ō	Ō	ō	Ō	0	Ō	ō	ō	ō	Ō	ō	ō	ō	Ō	Ō
Scale	:	l :	l :	:	:	l :	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Of	:	l :	l :	:	:	l :	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Of	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	0	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	0	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	;
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

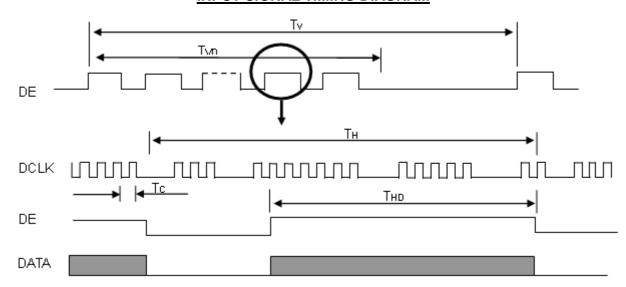
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Frequency	Fr	66	71.1	84	MHz	-	
	Period	T _c	13.41	14.08	14.82	ns		
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T _{rcl}			200	ns	(a)	
LVDS Clock	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-0.02*T _c	-	$0.02*T_{c}$	ps	(b)	
	Spread spectrum modulation range	F _{clkin_mod}	-	-	1.02*F _c	MHz	(6)	
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F _{SSM}	-	-	200	KHz	(c)	
	Frame Rate	F _r		60		Hz	$Tv=T_{vd}+T_{vb}$	
Vertical Display	Total	T_v	810	823	1000	T_h	ı	
Term	Active Display	T_{vd}	800	800	800	T_h	ı	
	Blank	T _{vb}	T_v - T_{vd}	23	T_v - T_{vd}	T _h	-	
III. S. and IB's als	Total	T _h	1360	1440	1600	T _c	$T_h = T_{hd} + T_{hb}$	
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	T _{hd}	1280	1280	1280	T _c	=	
161111	Blank	T _{hb}	T_h - T_{hd}	160	T_h - T_{hd}	T _c	-	

Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

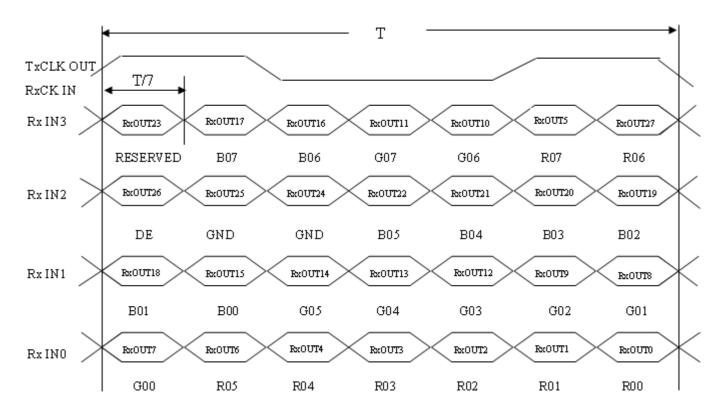
Note (2) The Tv(Tvd+Tvb) must be integer, otherwise, the module would operate abnormally.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM

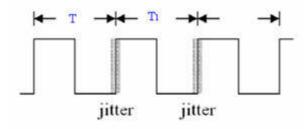




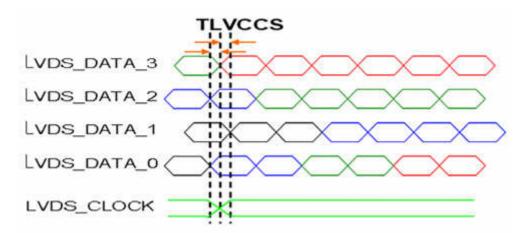
TIMING DIAGRAM of LVDS



Note (a) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. $T_{rcl} = I T1 - TI$

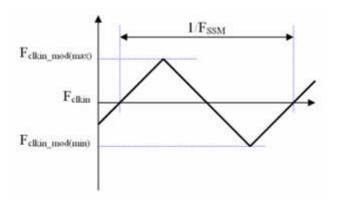


Note (b) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.



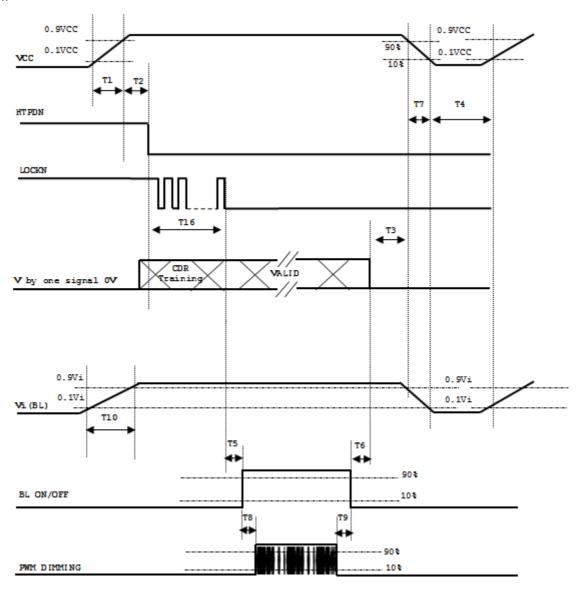


Note (c) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.





Doromotor			Units	
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0	-	50	ms
T3	0	-	50	ms
T4	500	-	-	ms
T5	450	-	-	ms
T6	200	-	-	ms
Т7	10	-	100	ms
Т8	10	-	-	ms
Т9	10	-	-	ms
T10	20	-	50	ms

- Note(1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- Note (6) INX won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- Note (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "T7 spec"





6.3 SCANNING DIRECTION

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.

Fig.1 Normal Scan



Fig.2 Reverse Scan



PCBA on the XXX side

PCBA on the XXX side

- Fig. 1 Normal scan (pin 4, REVERSE = LOW or NC)
- Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 4, REVERSE = HIGH)



7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit					
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	оС					
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH					
Supply Voltage	According to typical value and tolerance in							
Input Signal	"ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"							
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%					

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown here and all items are measured at the center point of screen unless otherwise noted. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described above and stable conditions shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Red	Rx		0.597	0.647	0.697			
	Red	Ry		0.290	0.340	0.390			
	Green	Gx		0.271	0.321	0.371			
Color	Green	Gy		0.557	0.607	0.657		(1) (E)	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	0.102	0.152	0.202	-	(1), (5)	
	blue	Ву	Grayscale Maximum	0.000	0.050	0.100			
	White	Wx		0.263	0.313	0.363			
	vviile	Wy		0.279	0.329	0.379			
Center Lumina	nce of White	LC		350	450			(4), (5)	
Contrast	Ratio	CR		500	700			(2), (5)	
Pagnana	o Timo	TR	0V 00 0V 00	-	13	18	-	(2)	
Respons	e rime	TF	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	-	12	17	-	(3)	
White Va	riation	δW	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	70	80	-	%	(5), (6)	
	Horizontal	θX+		80	89	-			
Minusian Angle	Honzontai	θX-	CR≧10	80	89	-	Dog	(1) (5)	
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θΥ+	ON≦ IU	80	89	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
	vertical	θΥ-		80	89	-			

Definition:

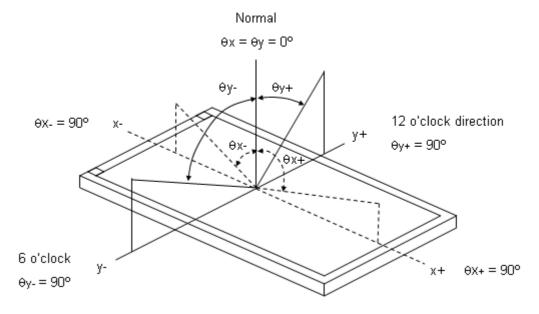
Grayscale Maximum: Grayscale 255 (10 bits: grayscale 1023; 8 bits: grayscale 255; 6 bits: grayscale 63)

White: Luminance of Grayscale Maximum (All R,G,B)

Black: Luminance of grayscale 0 (All R,G,B)



Note (1)Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):

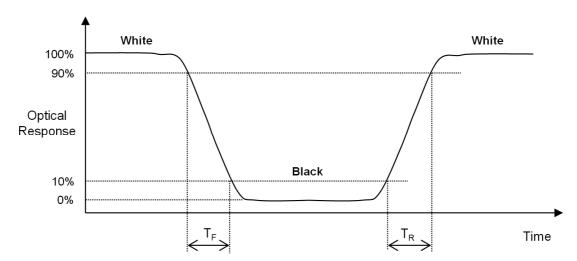


Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression at center point.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = White / Black

Note (3)Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F) :





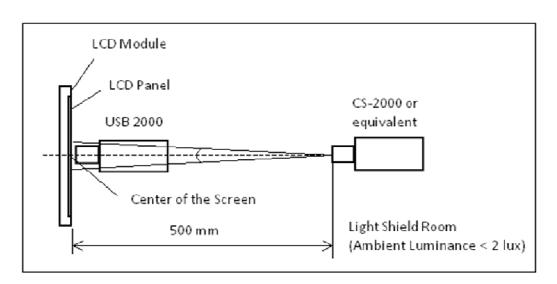


Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

Measure the luminance of White at center point.

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room. The measurement placement of module should be in accordance with module drawing.



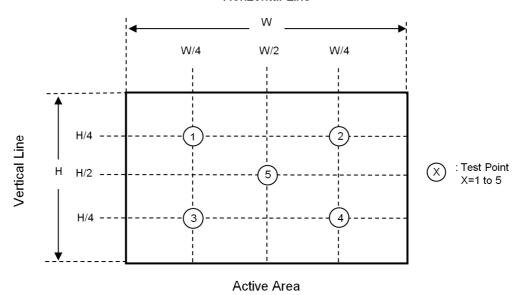
Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of White at 5 points.

Luminance of White: L(X), where X is from 1 to 5.

$$\delta W = \frac{\text{Minimum } [L(1) \text{ to } L(5)]}{\text{Maximum } [L(1) \text{ to } L(5)]} \times 100\%$$

Horizontal Line





8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

Test Item	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature Storage Test	80℃, 240 hours	
Low Temperature Storage Test	-30°C, 240 hours	
Thermal Shock Storage Test	-30°C, 0.5 hour ←→70°C, 0.5 hour; 100cycles, 1 hour/cycle)	(1),(2)
High Temperature Operation Test	80℃, 240 hours	(4),(5)
Low Temperature Operation Test	-30°C, 240 hours	(),()
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	60℃, RH 90%, 240 hours	
	150pF, 330 Ω , 1 sec/cycle	
ESD Test (Operation)	Condition 1 : panel contact, ±8 KV	(1), (4)
	Condition 2 : panel non-contact ±15 KV	
Shock (Non-Operating)	50G, 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z direction	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz sine wave, 10 min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z direction	(2), (3)

- Note (1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test,
- Note (2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 80°C Max.
- Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note (4) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.
- Note (5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.



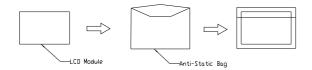


9. PACKAGING

9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 13pcs LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 465(L) X 362 (W) X 314 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 11 Kg (13 modules per box)

9.2 PACKING METHOD



- (1) Carton Dimensions: 465(L)x362(W)x314(H)mm
- (2) 13pcs Modules/Carton

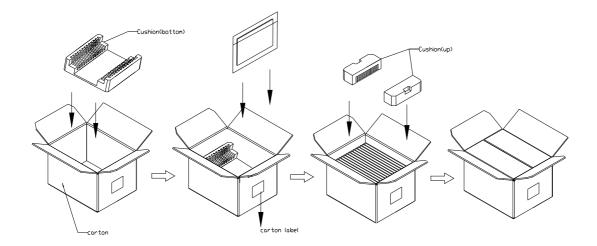


Figure. 9-1 Packing method



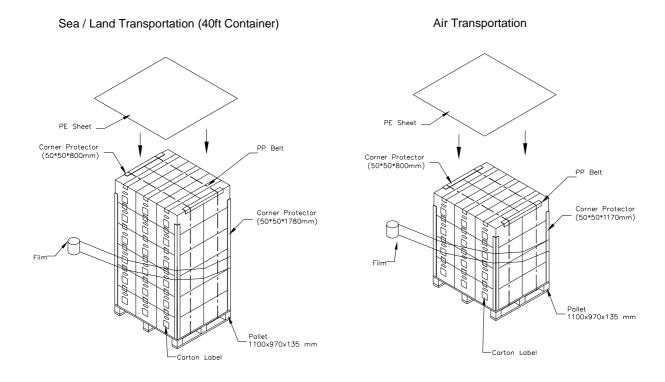


Figure. 9-2 Packing method

9.3 UN-PACKING METHOD

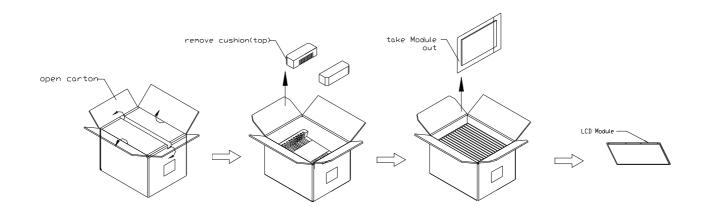


Figure. 9-3 UN-Packing method



10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

10.1 INX MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.





Note (1) Safety Compliance(UL logo) will open after C1 version.

(a) Model Name: G154ICE-LH1

(b) * * * * : Factory ID

(c) Serial ID: X X X X X X X Y M D X N N N N

Serial

INX Internal Use
Year, Month, Date
INX Internal Use
Revision
INX Internal Use

Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2021~2029

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O and U

(b)Revision Code: cover all the change

(c)Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product



11. PRECAUTIONS

11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

11.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1) When storing for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.
 - (a)Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 30°C at humidity 50+-10%RH.
 - (b) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
 - (c) It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
 - (d) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
 - (e)The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition
- (2) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (3) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (4) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

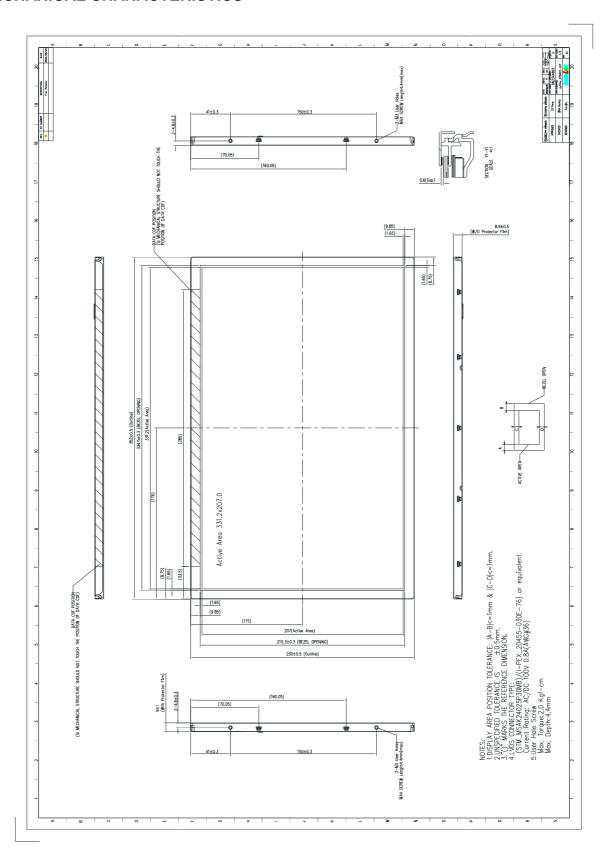


11.3 OTHER PRECAUTIONS

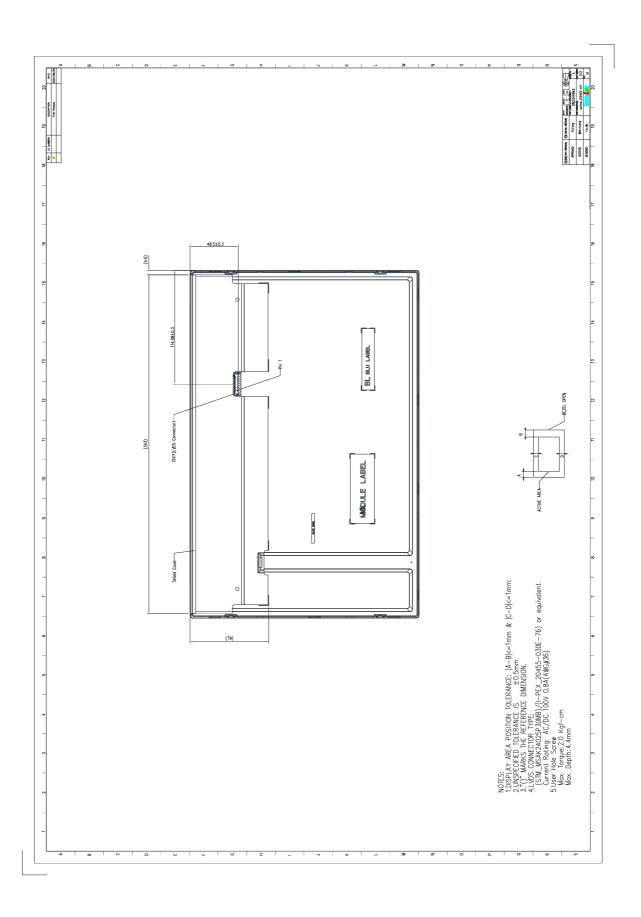
- (1) Normal operating condition
 - (a) Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)
 - (Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- (2) Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
 - (a) Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- (3) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.



12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

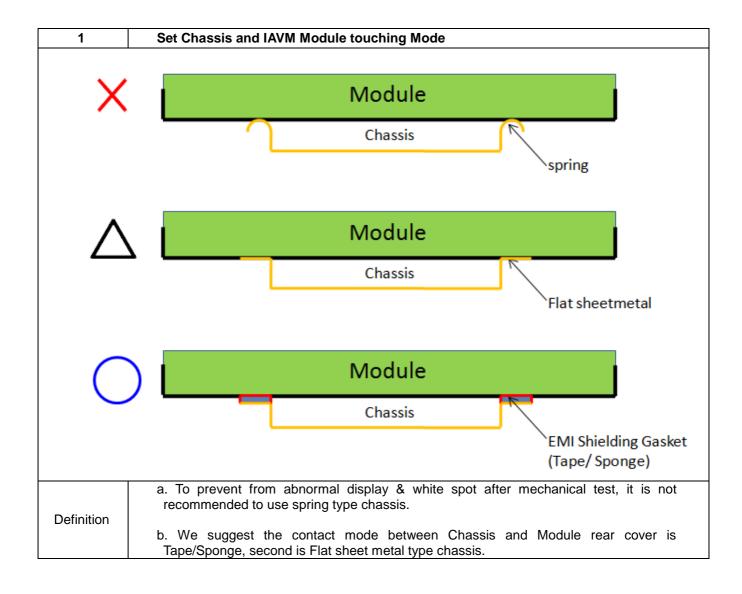




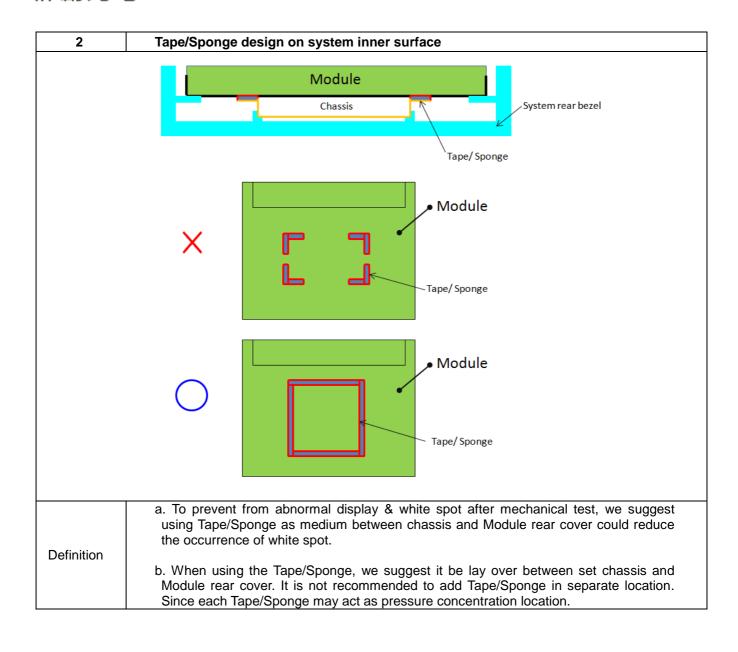




Appendix. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE

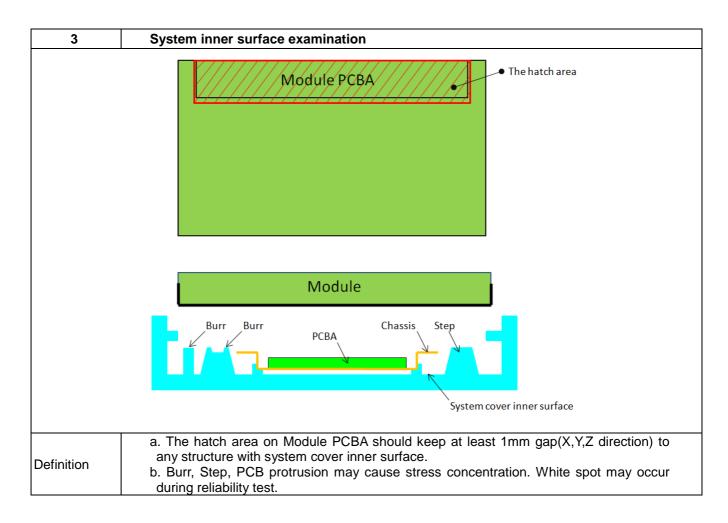


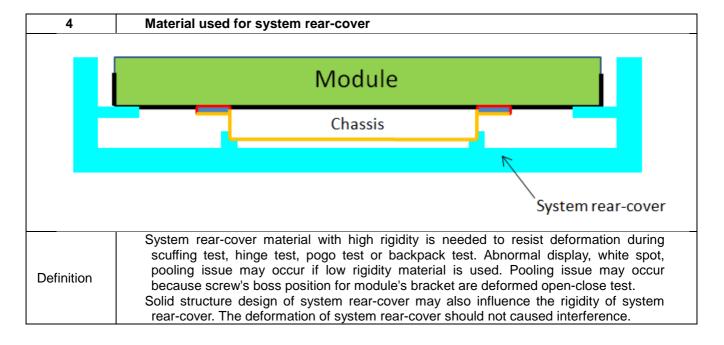




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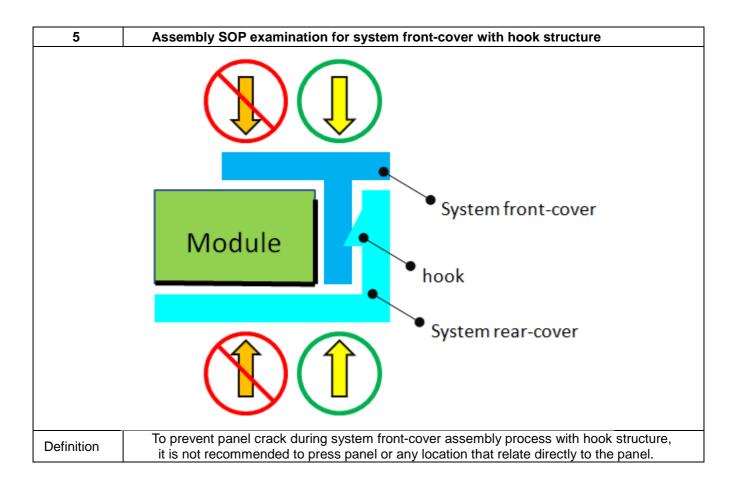






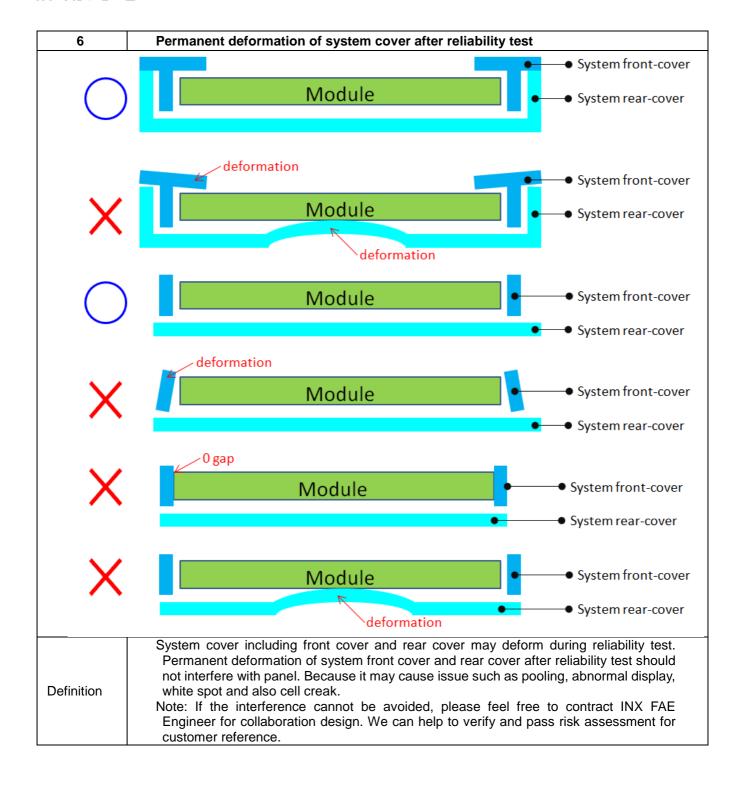
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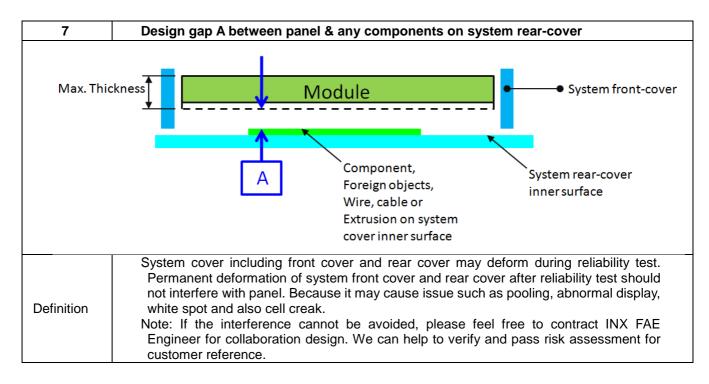
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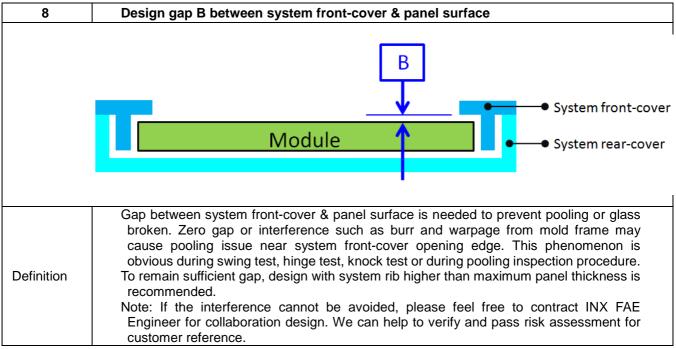




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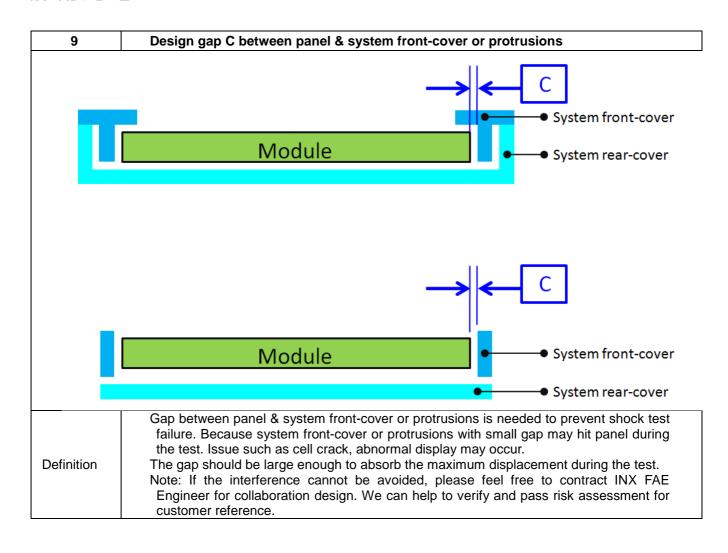






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