

# **SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL**

(	Preliminary	<b>Specification</b>
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### ( ● ) Final Specification

BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.	
*MODEL	LD320DPY	
SUFFIX	SKA1	

	APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE			
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**SIGNATURE APPROVED BY DATE** Sungjun Lee/ Team Leader **REVIEWED BY** Dongsan Kim/ Project Leader PREPARED BY Youngjoo Hong / Engineer TV Product Development Dept. LG Display Co., Ltd.

your signature and comments.

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with

Ver. 1.2 0/34

# **CONTENTS**

Number	ITEM					
	COVER	0				
	CONTENTS	1				
	RECORD OF REVISIONS	2				
1	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	3				
2	ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	4				
3	ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS	5				
3-1	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	5				
3-2	INTERFACE CONNECTIONS	6				
3-3	SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS	7				
3-4	LVDS SIGNAL SPECIFICATIONS	9				
3-5	INTRA INTERFACE SIGNAL SPECIFICATION	12				
3-6	COLOR DATA REFERENCE	13				
3-7	POWER SEQUENCE	14				
4	OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	15				
5	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	18				
6	MECHANICAL DIMENSION	19				
6-1	BOARD ASSEMBLY DIMENSION	19				
6-2	CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY DIMMENSION	20				
7	RELIABILITY	21				
8	INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS	22				
8-1	SAFETY	22				
8-2	ENVIRONMENT	22				
9	PACKING	23				
9-1	PACKING FORM	23				
10	PRECAUTIONS	24				
10-1	HANDLING PRECAUTIONS	24				
10-2	OPERATING PRECAUTIONS	24				
10-3	PROTECTION FILM	25				
10-4	STORAGE PRECAUTIONS	25				
10-5	PACKING PRECAUTIONS	25				

Ver. 1.2 1/34

# **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.1	Apr. 30, 2016	-	Preliminary Specification(First Draft)
0.2	May. 11, 2016	6	Update MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION
		19	Update Control Board Assembly Dimension
		Appendix-I	Update Pallet Ass'y & Control PCB Packing Ass'y
0.3	Jul. 20. 2016	3, 6	Update MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION
1.0	Aug.09.2016	3	Weight, Surface Treatment (Top) Update
		5	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Update
		12	3-5-1. EPI Signal Specification Measure point Update
		15,16	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS Update
		18	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS Update
		28	APPENDIX- II-1 Control PCB Label Update
		33	APPENDIX- V-1 Update
1.1	Aug.31.2016	15	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS Update
1.2	Sep.06.2016	15,16	OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS Update

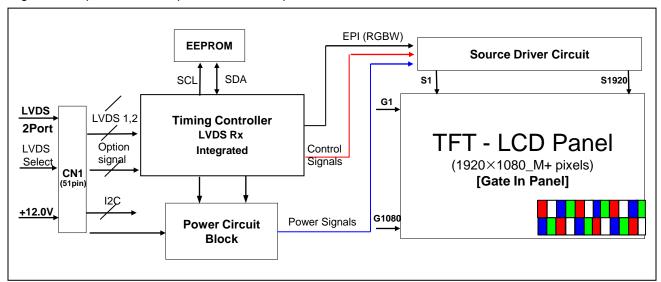
Ver. 1.2 2 /34

### 1. General Description

The LD320DPY is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral the Source PCB and Gate implanted on Panel (GIP). The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 31.5inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green, Blue and White sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 16.7M(True) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



# **General Features**

Active Screen Size	31.55 inches(801.31 mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	714.0(H) × 411.0(V) X 1.4(D) [mm]
Pixel Pitch	0.36375[mm]  imes 0.36375[mm]
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGBW stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8bit, 16.7 Million colors
Drive IC Data Interface	Source D-IC: 8-bit EPI, gamma reference voltage, and control signals Gate D-IC: Gate In Panel
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free ( R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Weight	0.88Kg (Typ.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment (Top)	Hard coating(2H), Anti-reflection treatment of the front polarizer (Reflectance < 2%)

Ver. 1.2 3 /34

## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

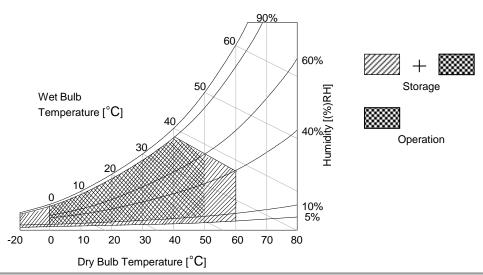
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or permanent damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Para	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
Fala	Symbol	Min	Max	Oill	Note	
Power Input Voltage	LCD Circuit	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	1
T-Con Option Selection	VLOGIC	-0.3	+4.0	VDC		
Operating Temperature	Operating Temperature			+50	°C	2.2
Storage Temperature(wi	Тѕт	-20	+60	°C	2,3	
Panel Front Temperatur	Tsur	-	+68	°C	4	
Operating Ambient Hum	Нор	10	90	%RH	0.0	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	5	90	%RH	2,3	

Note1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta =  $25 \pm 2$  °C)

- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.
- 3. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40°C condition.
- 4. The maximum operating temperatures is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 68°C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 68°C. The range of operating temperature may be degraded in case of improper thermal management in final product design.



Ver. 1.2 4 /34

# 3. Electrical Specifications

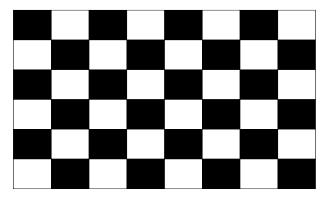
### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Falai	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max		Note	
Circuit :							
Power Input Voltage		VLCD	10.8	12.0	14.0	VDC	5
Power Input Current	Power Input Current			467	607	mA	1
- Tower impact Garrent	•	ILCD	-	639	831	mA	2
T-CON Option	Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.7	-	3.6	VDC	
Selection Voltage	Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.7	VDC	
Power Consumption		PLCD	-	5.6	7.3	Watt	1
Rush current		IRUSH	-	-	5.0	А	3

- Note 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the  $V_{LCD}$ =12.0V, Ta=25  $\pm$  2°C,  $f_V$ =60Hz condition, and mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and  $f_V$  is the frame frequency.
  - 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
  - 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).
  - 4. Ripple voltage level is recommended under  $\pm 5\%$  of typical voltage
  - 5. Maximum of Power Input Voltage is included with ripple.

White: 255 Gray Black: 0 Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

Ver. 1.2 5 /34

#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics.

#### 3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RXE51S-HF (manufactured by JAE) or compatible

Table 3. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC(Reverse)	No Connection or Ground	27	NC	No Connection (8bit only)
2	NC	No Connection	28	R2AN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
3	NC	No Connection	29	R2AP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
4	NC	No Connection	30	R2BN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
5	NC	No Connection	31	R2BP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
6	NC	No Connection	32	R2CN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or Open = VESA	33	R2CP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
8	NC	No Connection	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection	35	R2CLKN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
10	NC	No Connection	36	R2CLKP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	R1AN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	38	R2DN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
13	R1AP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	39	R2DP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
14	R1BN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	40	NC	No Connection
15	R1BP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	41	NC	No Connection
16	R1CN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	42	GND	Ground
17	R1CP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	43	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	44	AGP or NSB	'H' or Open= AGP, 'L'= NSB(No signal Black)
19	R1CLKN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	45	GND	Ground
20	R1CLKP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	R1DN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	R1DP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	NC	No Connection	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	NC	No Connection	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	GND	Ground	-	-	-

#### Note

- 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.
- 4. #1~#6 & #8~#10 NC (No Connection): These pins are used only for LGD (Do not connect)
- 5. Specific pin No. **#44** is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

# 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 4 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 4. TIMING TABLE for NTSC & PAL (DE Only Mode)

ITEM		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes
	Display Period	tн∨	960	960	960	tCLK	1920 / 2
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	100	140	240	tCLK	1
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tCLK	
	Display Period	tvv	1080	1080	1080	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	tvв	20	45	300	Lines	1
	Total	tvp	1100	1125	1380	Lines	

ITE	М	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes
	DCLK	fcLK	60.00	74.25	78.00	MHz	
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	57.3	67.5	70	KHz	2
	Vertical	fv	47	60	63	Hz	2

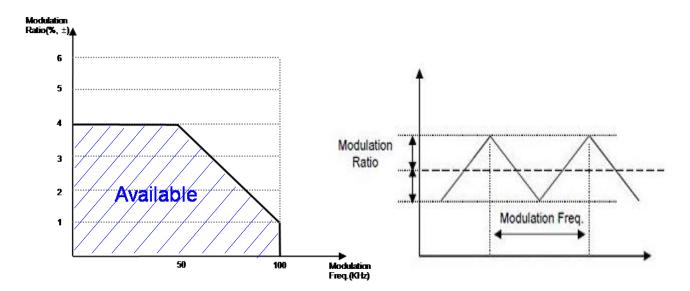
notes: 1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation (DE Only Mode).

If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.

- 2. The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
- Spread Spectrum Rate (SSR) for 50KHz ~ 100kHz Modulation Frequency(FMOD) is calculated by (7 – 0.06\*Fmod), where Modulation Frequency (FMOD) unit is KHz.
   LVDS Receiver Spread spectrum Clock is defined as below figure

Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

Ver. 1.2 7 /34

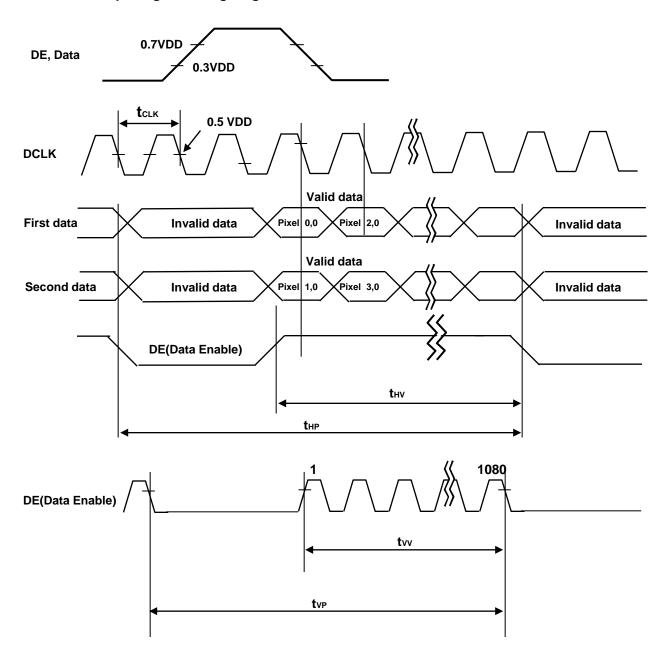


- \*\* Please pay attention to the followings when you set Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency(FMOD)
- 1. Please set proper Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency (FMOD) of TV system LVDS output.
- 2. Please check FOS after you set Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency(FMOD) to avoid abnormal display. Especially, harmonic noise can appear when you use Spread Spectrum under FMOD 30 KHz.

Ver. 1.2 8 /34

# 3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

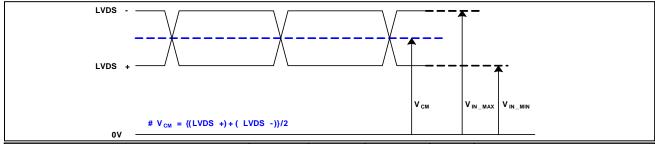
# 3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram



Ver. 1.2 9 /34

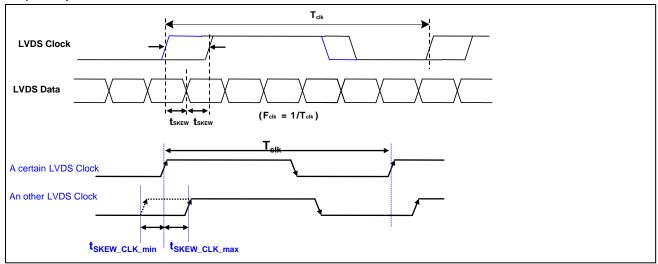
## 3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

## 1) DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	notes
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	1.0	1.5	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	0.7	1.8	V	-
Change in common mode Voltage	ΔVCM	-	250	mV	-

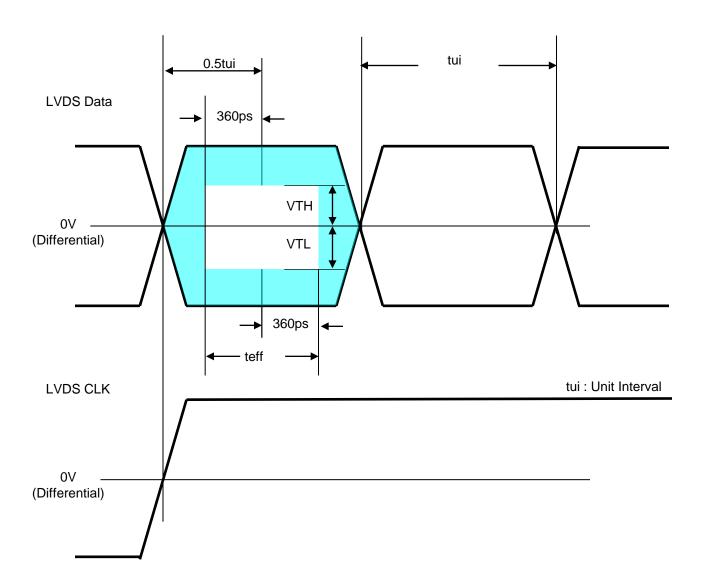
# 2) AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	$V_{TH}$	100	600	mV	Tested with Differential Probe
LVDS Differential Voltage	V <sub>TL</sub>	-600	-100	mV	2
LVDS Clock to Data Skew	t <sub>SKEW</sub>	-	(0.2*T <sub>clk</sub> )/7	ps	-
Effective time of LVDS	t <sub>eff</sub>	±360	-	ps	-
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew (Each other)	t <sub>SKEW_CLK</sub>	-	1/7* T <sub>clk</sub>	ps	-

## notes 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within  $t_{\rm eff}$ 



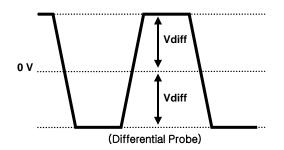
<sup>\*</sup> This accumulated waveform is tested with differential probe

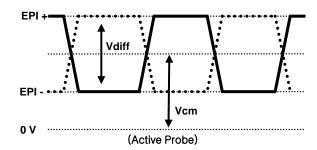
# 3-5. Intra interface Signal Specification

# 3-5-1. EPI Signal Specification

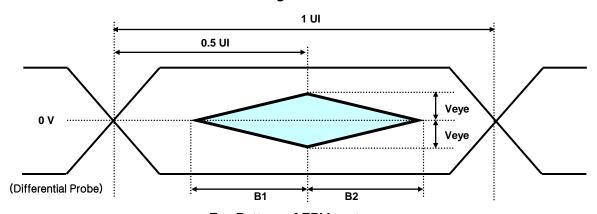
Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	notes
Logic & EPI Power Voltage	VCC	-	1.62	1.8	1.98	VDC	
EPI input common voltage	VCM	LVDS Type	0.8	VCC/2	1.3	V	
EPI input differential voltage	Vdiff	-	150	-	500	mV	
EPI Input eye diagram	Veye	-	90	-	-	mV	
Effective Veye width time	B1&B2		0.25	-	-	UI	





**EPI Differential signal characteristics** 



**Eye Pattern of EPI Input** 



FIG. 3 Measure point

Ver. 1.2 12 /34

### 3-6. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 10bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 6 provides a reference for color versus data input.

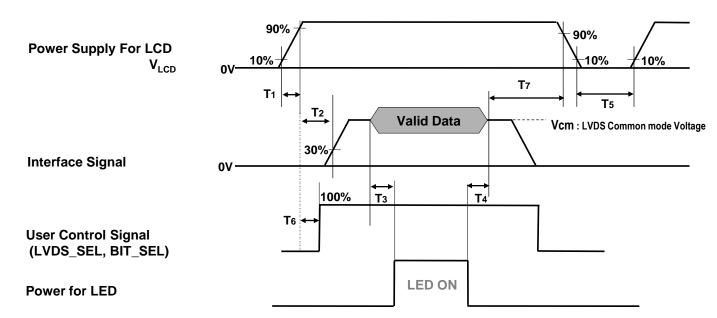
Table 6. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

[8bit input]

							Inp	ut C	olor	Data	a										
	Color	MSB R7 R	6 R5 R	RED	R2 R1	LSB I R0	MSB G7			REI		2 <b>G</b> 1	LSB I G0		7 B6	B5	BL B4		B2		LSB B0
	Black	0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)		 1 1	 1 1	1 1	1	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	1	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED									• • • •						• • • •				• • • •		
	RED (254)	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	1	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN									• • •										• • •		
	GREEN (254)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	(	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE									• • • •						•••						
	BLUE (254)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0		1 1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0 0 (	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0		1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1

### 3-7. Power Sequence

#### 3-7-1. LCD Driving circuit



**Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE** 

Devenuetes		l lmit	Nata		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	1
T2	0	-	-	ms	2
Т3	400	-	-	ms	3
T4	100	-	-	ms	3
T5	1.0	-	-	s	4
T6	0	-	T2	ms	5
<b>T</b> 7	0	-	-	ms	6

#### Note:

- 1. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.
- 2. If T2 is satisfied with specification after removing LVDS Cable, there is no problem.
- 3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. T5 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- 5. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power (V<sub>LCD</sub>), it will be happened abnormal display. When T6 is NC status, T6 doesn't need to be measured.
- 6. It is recommendation specification that T7 has to be 0ms as a minimum value.
- \* Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.

# 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °. FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

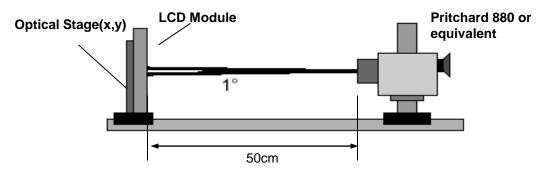


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Ta=  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>LCD</sub>=12.0V, fV=60Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz, Light Source : D65 Standard

**Table 8. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Dow		Symbol		Value		I Imit	Nata
Para	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	850	1200	-		1
Response Time	Gray to Gray	G to G вw		9	13	ms	2
Transmittance	•	Т	7.77	8.63		%	3
	DED	Rx		0.655			
	RED	Ry		0.328			
Color Coordinates	GREEN	Gx	Тур	0.281	Тур		4
[CIE1931]		Gy	-0.03	0.581	+0.03		4
	BLUE	Bx	1	0.134	1		
		Ву	1	0.135			
Viewing Angle (CF	R>10)						
x axi	s, right(φ=0°)	θr	89	-	-		
x axi	s, left (φ=180°)	θΙ	89	-	-	1.	5
y axi	s, up (φ=90°)	θи	89	-	-	degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)		θd	89	-	-	1	
Gray Scale			-	-	-		6

Ver. 1.2 15 /34

Note: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio =

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

It is measured at center 1-point.

The contrast ratio is valued with operating condition of LGD's standard BLU

2. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from any gray to white (Rise Time, TrR) and from any gray to black (Decay time, TrD). For additional information see the FIG. 3.

※ G to G Spec stands for average value of all measured points.

Photo Detector: RD-80S / Field: 2°

The response time is valued with operating condition of LGD's standard BLU

- 3. The value of transmittance should be extracted using the standard light source of D65
- 4. The value of color coordinates should be extracted using the standard light source of D65
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification
  Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 9.

**Table 9. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION** 

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)
L0	0.083
L15	0.27
L31	1.04
L47	2.49
L63	4.68
L79	7.66
L95	11.5
L111	16.1
L127	21.6
L143	28.1
L159	35.4
L175	43.7
L191	53.0
L207	63.2
L223	74.5
L239	86.7
L255	100

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Black or White".

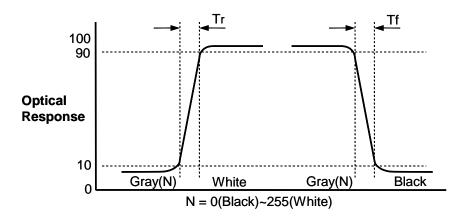


FIG. 3 Response Time

### Dimension of viewing angle range

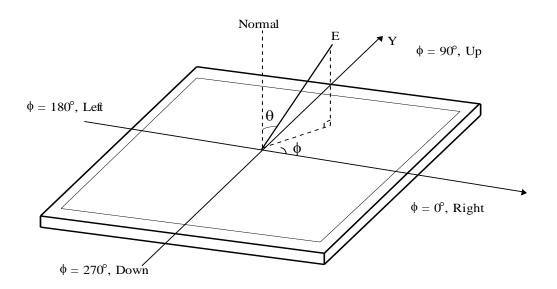


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

Ver. 1.2 17 /34

# 5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 10 provides general mechanical characteristics.

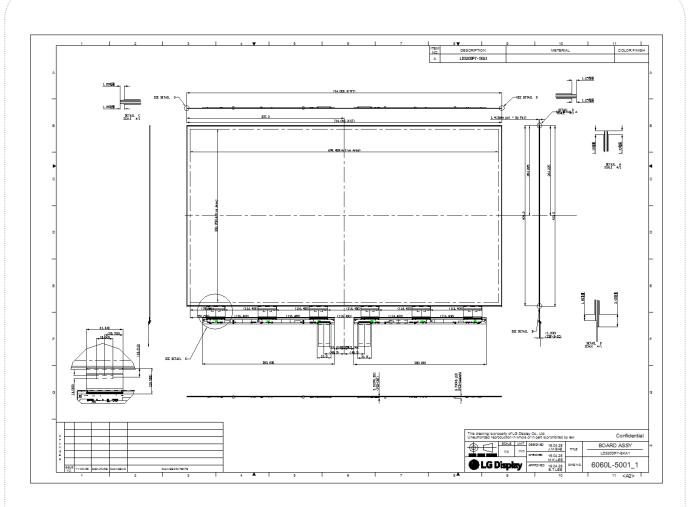
Table 10. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Valu	е		
	Horizontal	714.0mm		
Outline Dimension (Only Glass)	Vertical	411.0mm		
(3 , 2 222,	Thickness	1.4mm		
Active Diepley Area	Horizontal	698.4mm		
Active Display Area	Vertical	392.9mm		
Weight	0.88kg (Typ.)			
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(2H), Anti-glare low reflection treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 3%(Typ))			

Note: Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

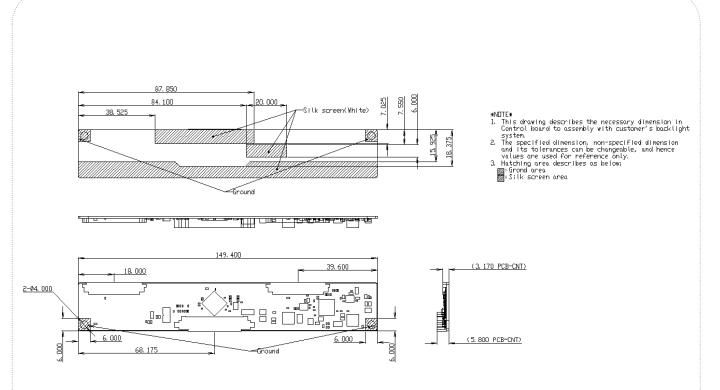
# 6. Mechanical Dimension

# 6-1. Board Assembly Dimension



Date	Version
16.04.28	1.0

# 6-2. Control Board Assembly Dimension



Date	Version
16. 05. 11	1.0

Ver. 1.2 20 /34

# 7. Reliability

**Table 11. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION** 

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 90% 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 500h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 500h
5	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH
6	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 16,400 ft 0 - 40,000 ft

Note: Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

Ver. 1.2 21 /34

### 8. International Standards

# 8-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
   Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60065:03, Canadian Standards Association.

  Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- c) IEC 60065, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

  Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.

### 8-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011

Ver. 1.2 22 /34

# 9. Packing

# 9-1. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one Pallet: 306 pcs

b) Pallet Size: 1140 mm(L) X 990 mm(W) X 1230 mm(H)

Ver. 1.2 23 /34

#### 10. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

## 10-1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Please attach the surface transparent protective film to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (2) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (3) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (4) After removing the protective film, when the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine.
  - Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (5) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (6) Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly. Panel ground path should be connected to metal ground.
- (7) Please make sure to avoid external forces applied to the Source PCB and D-IC during the process of handling or assembling the TV set. If not, It causes panel damage or malfunction.
- (8) Panel and BLU should be protected from the static electricity. If not, it causes IC damage.
- (9) Do not pull or fold the source D-IC which connect the source PCB and the panel.
- (10) Panel(board ass'y) should be put on the BLU structure precisely to avoid mechanical impact.
- (11) FFC Cable should be connected between System board and Source PCB correctly.
- (12) Mechanical structure for backlight system should be designed for sustaining board ass'y safely.
- (13) Surface temperature of the Source D-IC should be controlled under 100°C with TV Set status. If not, problems such as IC damage or decrease of lifetime could occur.

# 10-2. Operating Precautions

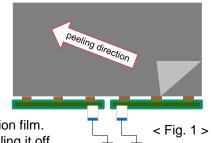
- (1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (2) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)

  And in lower temperature, Stable time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (4) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.

Ver. 1.2 24 /34

### 10-3. Protection Film

- (1) Please keep attaching the protection film before assembly.
- (2) Please peel off the protection film slowly.
- (3) Please peel off the protection film just like shown in the Fig.1
- (4) Ionized air should be blown over during the peeling.
- (5) Source PCB should be connected to the ground when peel off the protection film.
- (6) The protection film should not be contacted to the source D-IC during peeling it off.



# 10-4. Storage Precautions

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

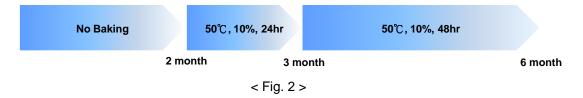
(1) Temperature :  $5 \sim 40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (2) Humidity :  $35 \sim 75 \,^{\circ}\text{RH}$ 

(3) Period: 6 months

(4) Control of ventilation and temperature is necessary.

(5) Please make sure to protect the product from strong light exposure, water or moisture. Be careful for condensation.

(6) Please keep the modules at a circumstance shown below Fig. 2



# 10-5. Packing Precautions

Product assembled into module should be stored in the Al-bag(cover case).

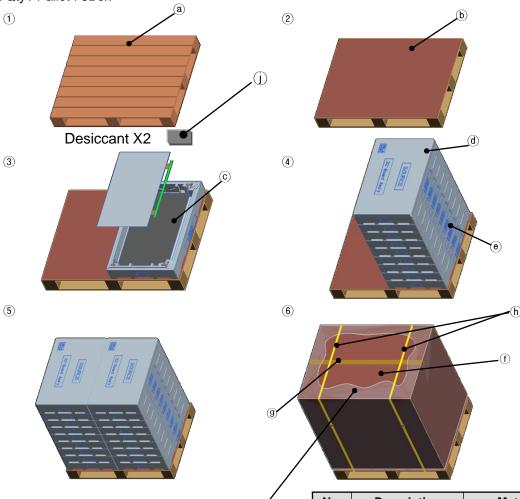
Ver. 1.2 25 /34

# # APPENDIX-I-1

# ■ Pallet Ass'y

a) B/Ass'y Qty + PE Sheet / Box : 17pcs + 18pcs b) B/Ass'y Qty / Pallet : 306pcs





No.	Description	Material
(a)	Pallet	Plywood
<b>(b)</b>	Carton Plate	Single Wall
©	PE Sheet	LDPE
<b>(d)</b>	Top Packing	EPS
(0)	Bottom Packing	EPS
(f)	Angle Packing	Single Wall
9	Tape	OPP
h	Band	PP
(i)	Wrap	L-LDPE
(j)	Desiccant	Power Dry

Ver. 1.2 26/34

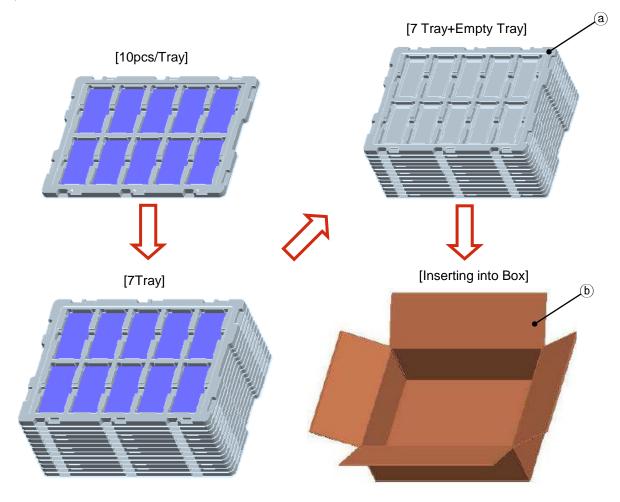
## # APPENDIX-I-2

# ■ Control PCB Packing Ass'y

a) Control PCB Qty / Box : 70 pcs

b) Tray Qty / Box: 8Tray (Upperst Tray Is empty)

c) Tray Size: 466 X 353 X 16 d) Box size: 468 X 355 X 98

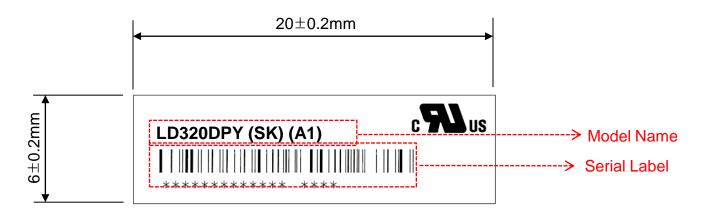


No.	Description	Material
(a)	Tray	PET
(b)	Вох	Paper(SW)

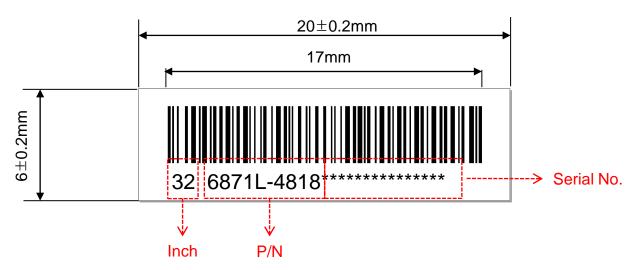
Ver. 1.2 27 /34

## # APPENDIX- II-1

# ■ Serial Label



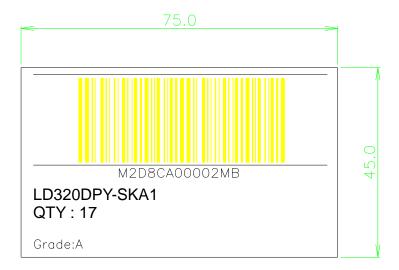
# ■ Control PCB Label



Ver. 1.2 28 /34

### # APPENDIX- II-2

## ■ BOX Label



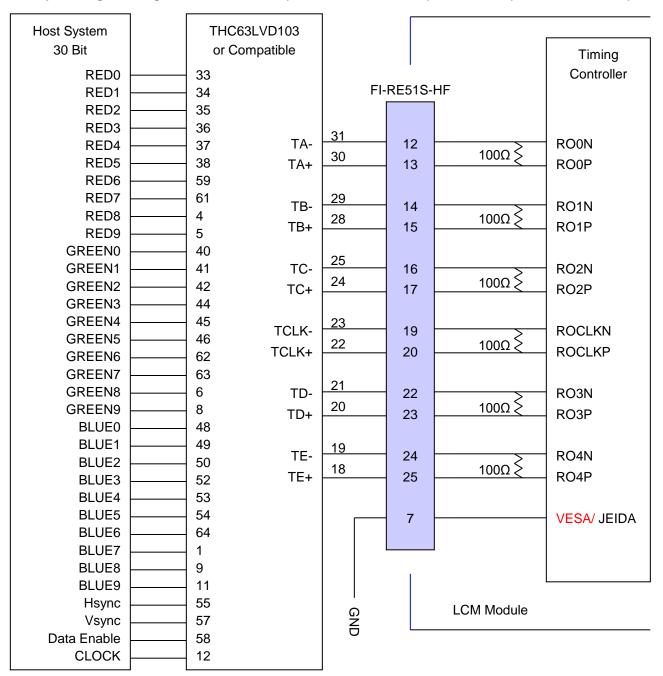
### ■ Pallet Label



Ver. 1.2 29 /34

### # APPENDIX- III-1

### ■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7= "L" or "NC")

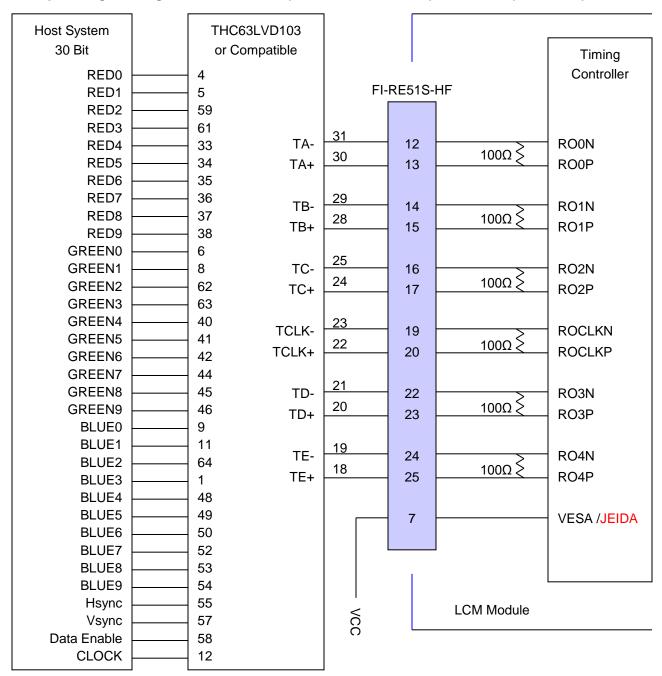


Note: 1. The LCD module uses a 100  $Ohm[\Omega]$  resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

### # APPENDIX- III-2

### ■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7= "H")



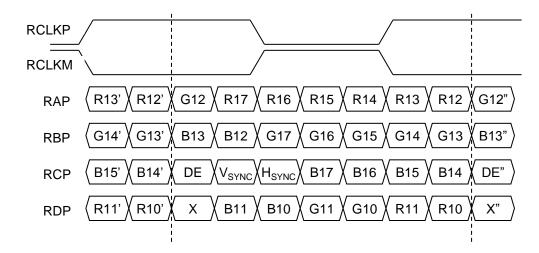
Note :1. The LCD module uses a 100  $Ohm[\Omega]$  resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

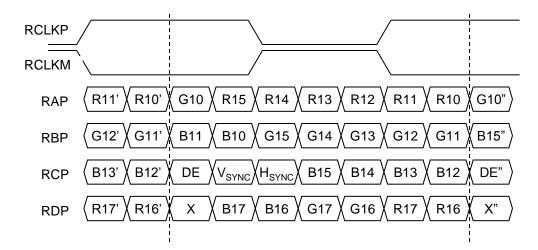
### # APPENDIX- IV-2

# ■ LVDS Data-Mapping Information (8 Bit)

1) LVDS Select: "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



2) LVDS Select: "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)

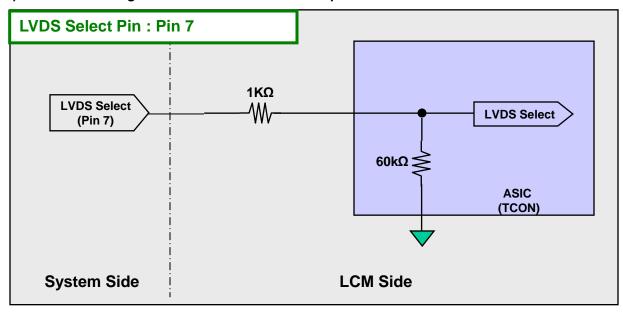


Ver. 1.2 32 /34

## # APPENDIX- V-1

# ■ Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram

1) Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



Ver. 1.2 33 /34

# # APPENDIX-VIII

■ The reference method of BL dimming

It is recommended to use synchronous V-sync frequency to prevent waterfall (Vsync  $^*$  2 =P-Dim Frequency)

Ver. 1.2 34 /34